

# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1909.

Vol. XXXI, No. 8.

## WEAR "WARD" MADE CLOTHES



ARE you interested in Fine Order. ed Clothes? We would like to convince you that for fit, style and finish the Ward made Suit is second to none, and your best proof would be to leave your order now. \$1500 different patterns in Suits to choose from. Prices, \$12.00 to \$25.00. **TOOKE SHIRTS**—You know what that means if you ever wore one. **New lines in Neckwear, Hosiery, Gloves and Mitts.**

Then we have the

## "WARD" BRAND OF READY-TO-WEAR SUITS

If you have not time to leave your order. They are alright for Style, Fit and Finish.

Come and take a look at our

**LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S FURS**

## WORKINGMEN'S WANTS

Are looked after here. Overalls, Smocks, Jackets, Working Pants.

When in doubt where to go, call at

## FRED T. WARD'S

Specialist in Men's Wear

## COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

## Just Arrived This Week:

Another shipment of the very latest Fall Coats at exceptionally low prices. A large range of all the leading shades to choose from. We invite inspection, whether you wish to buy or not. We also guarantee every Coat in our store to be this season's latest style—no old stock. Prices, lowest. Our \$10.00 Coat cannot be beaten. Regular \$12.50 value. 3 only, Fall Jackets to clear at slaughter prices.

## READY-MADE SKIRTS

The best values ever offered. Styles and prices to suit everybody. A very large range to choose from. Prices.....from \$3.50 up

## UNDERWEAR

Our values in this Department are a little better than the ordinary. All styles and prices. Ladies' and Children's Vests, from 20c. to \$1.25 each. See our special Ladies' Bleached Wool Underwear. A large range of Men's and Boys' Fleece and Woolen Underwear.

## HOSIERY

Our stock in this Department is far ahead of last season. Ask to see our 25 ct. all Wool and Cashmere Hose. We invite comparison. All sizes.

## BLANKETS

All kinds at lowest prices.

## CHINAWARE

Just opened a fine range of Japanese and fancy China ware. The best values ever offered. Call and see them. Fine China Cups and Saucers, 10 cts.

Special clearing sale of Fancy Collars, regular 50c. Sale price to clear...39c.

2 lbs. Batting.....for 25 cts.

See our many specials in all Departments.

**MILLINERY** ever to the front.

We absolutely guarantee satisfaction or money refunded.

We never sacrifice Quality for Price, but we frequently sacrifice price for quality.

## COOK & FOX

Highest price for all kinds of Produce.

Phone 43

Goods promptly delivered.

Ask our prices on Fowl.

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## United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA

TORONTO

Geo. P. Reid, General Manager.

## MONEY ORDERS

The cheapest and safest way to send money is through the Bank. We issue CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION MONEY ORDERS, payable at any chartered Bank in Canada (except Yukon).

DRAFTS also issued, payable in any part of the world.

## SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

ADVANCES MADE TO FARMERS at reasonable rates.

Stirling Branch: Empire Block.

Stirling and Springbrook Branches: W. M. Chandler and W. S. Martin, Managers.

## THE NEWS-ARGUS

To December 31, 1910, for \$1.00

## Wellman's Corners

The Women's Institute met at the residence of Mrs. B. Totton on Thursday last. The president, Mrs. T. Hubbell, occupied the chair. After the reading of the minutes of last meeting, Mrs. J. Snarr gave the topic, "Waste, and the Reverse," which was exceedingly well given. A rather long discussion followed. Mrs. (Dr.) Totton and Mrs. Laird of Springbrook contributed an instrumental duet. Mrs. Fred Snarr gave a breezy talk on "Things I Saw at Toronto Fair." Mrs. B. Totton's four little girls, the oldest 8, and the youngest 3 years, sang very sweetly "I'll be Jesus' Little Lamb." A letter was read and endorsed by all, expressing sympathy for Miss Wootton, an ex-president, who has been ill for some time, regretting her enforced absence from the Institute, and expressing the hope that she would soon recover and be able to take her place in the Society again. Mrs. Totton's little ones then gave another song, much to the delight of all present. The president brought up the case of Mrs. Annie Robinson, on whom the death sentence has been passed, and a petition was drawn up and signed by all present, praying the Government to grant a full pardon. Instruction was given the secretary to leave this petition at Mr. Snarr's store to receive the signatures of members who were not present. The program for the next meeting was arranged and will take place on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 18th. As it was expected that two of the members would soon be moving away, the meeting closed with the singing of "God be With You till We Meet Again." There were 12 persons present, besides the children, and 4 of whom were visitors.

The Epworth League on Tuesday held an open meeting and entertained the Bethel and Mt. Pleasant Leagues. Lunch was served, good music given, and there was interesting debate. Resolved, that literature and preaching are more refining to the human character than prayer and singing." The affirmative was taken by L. Pauley and G. Weston, and the negative by C. Rock and C. Morton. Both sides were well sustained, but the negative won by two points. A Bible was presented to Mr. Rock, who is soon to leave for his home in Missouri.

The ladies of the W. M. A. are preparing a good program for their "King's Birthday Party" in the Orange Hall on Nov. 9th. One of the comical features of the affair is that the admission fee is to be half as many cents as the person's age.

Next Sunday will be quarterly meeting in the church here.

Rev. Mr. Clarke preached an excellent sermon on Sunday from the words "God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son."

Mrs. Albert Dunham and daughter of Washington, D. C., and Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Hubbell of Chicago, were last week visiting Mrs. C. Young and Mr. Bert Dunham.

Mrs. Wm. Brennan of Crookston and Mrs. John Brennan of Peterboro were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Johnston and Mr. and Mrs. T. Brennan for a couple of days last week.

Mr. and Miss Hacerman were visiting at the home of Mr. J. Rainie on Sunday.

A number of young men, wearing disguises, called at the store and some of the residences in this vicinity, but conducted themselves with great propriety, though they wore very clever outfits and maintained the characters they represented in a most amusing manner.

A little baby boy has come to live at Mr. Hugh Morton's.

## Chatterton Chips

We hear of large crops of potatoes hereabouts, but some got nipped by the frost.

The county road men have finished grading Boardman's hill, and it will be a lot better when it gets packed. They also did some repainting between here and the hill.

Threshing is about finished and the grain turned out fairly well, and now the farmers are looking after their corn.

Quite a lot of apples were shipped from this vicinity this year, and some very nice fruit.

The Hallows' on boys decorated Frank Fluke's shop by putting an old cart on his roof, and a stock of corn in the chimney. They also hung a church bench over the telephone wires near the church.

Our valiant hunters have taken to the tall timber again. Get your venison appetite ready.

The Tweed Steel Trough Co. are getting their goods introduced in this neighborhood. C. Vanderwater has a large water trough, and S. P. Morden has a coal oil tank, and they both are dandies.

Cider is beginning to flow.

Rheumatism promptly driven from the blood with Dr. Sloop's Rheumatic Remedy. Don't waste time with quack remedies. A test will surely tell. In tablet or liquid form. Sold by J. S. Morton.

## Harold

Mr. West has been engaged as cheese-maker for the tenth year in our factory. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bailey attended the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Gordon, in Belleville. The deceased was known and highly esteemed by a number in this vicinity, who extend their sympathy to the bereaved friends.

Our teacher, Miss Brain, and Miss Totton of No. 11, attended the teachers' convention in Madoc.

Mrs. Morley Reid of Ivanhoe has returned home after spending a week with her mother, Mrs. E. Runnalls.

Mrs. Vandervoort and Mrs. Wilmet of Belleville recently spent a week at the home of their niece, Mrs. R. Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Reid spent Sunday with their son in Campbellford.

A grand concert is to be given by the Orangenemen of L. O. L. No. 509 on the evening of Nov. 4th.

Our Sunday School closed on Sunday after an interesting season's work. We regret that owing to lack of warmer accommodation the school could not be continued throughout the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Winfield have moved to Springbrook, Mr. and Mrs. John Weese are moving to the 14th con.

Mr. Thos. Cook of Ivanhoe will occupy Mr. Geo. Cotton's farm next year.

Mrs. McConnell of Anson and Mrs. Broadworth of Sine were visitors here last week.

Mrs. Paole has gone to Thomasburg after spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. McGuire.

Mrs. Lemon of Madoc has returned home after visiting her daughter, Mrs. Thos. Cook.

Miss Gordon of Belleville is the guest of her sister.

Electric light poles are being placed here on the line from Campbellford to Tweed.

Miss Frankie McDonald spent Sunday at her home here.

Miss Gladys Tucker of Sine spent Sunday with Miss Kathleen Bailey.

From another Correspondent.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hurst of Belleville spent a few days last week with friends here.

Miss Lena Reid is visiting under the parental roof.

Mrs. Wm. Hurst is visiting friends in West Huntingdon and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Linn visited at Mr. J. A. Potts.

Miss Edna Reid visited Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Reid on Sunday.

Mr. Fred Cooper intends moving to Mr. Blake Faulkner's house west of here.

Mrs. Jas. Bailey returned from Belleville accompanied by her sister.

## Anson News

Mr. E. D. McConnell, Miss Florence Hubbell, and Miss M. McMullen spent Thanksgiving at their homes.

Mrs. Bert Wagar and children left on Monday for Edmonton.

Miss Ida Burke of Fuller is visiting her cousin, Mrs. C. McConnell.

Mr. J. B. Weaver of Glen Ross has erected a handsome monument in memory of his son Elgin, who is buried in Hillside cemetery, Anson.

Mrs. B. O. Lott of Moody, N. Y. visited her uncle, Mr. Philip Brown and other friends this week.

Mrs. Hoover and four children of Turf were the guests of Mr. H. Hanna for the past week.

Mr. W. Hanna is spending a few weeks with his son, Mr. H. Hanna.

Miss Hazel McMullen visited friends at Halloway on Sunday.

Mr. Walter Barker has purchased a house and lot in Stirling and will move in the near future.

Mr. W. Haggerty and son have gone north to enjoy a few weeks' hunting.

Mr. John Booth is the happy father of a young son.

Mr. Bert Scott sailed for his home in England on Oct. 28th.

## Foxboro Notes

Mr. J. A. Holgate is slightly better. Mr. Raynor of Toronto is the guest of Miss Lottie Ashley.

Mr. Hubert and Miss Annie Gay, Mr. Arthur and Miss Amelia Clarke, spent Sunday at Mr. Clayzie's of the second of Thurlow.

Mr. Henry Pringle of Belleville gave a most interesting address at the Sunday School rally in the Methodist church last Sunday morning. The collection was in behalf of the Sunday School Aid and Extension Fund and amounted to \$11.00.

Mr. Percy Mitchell of Calgary is visiting friends in our village.

## Oak Hills

Mr. B. Heagle has returned to Rochester, N. Y., after making his father a pleasant visit.

Potatoes are yielding over 850 bushels to the acre in many parts.

Lame back comes on suddenly and is extremely painful. It is caused by rheumatism of the muscles. Quick relief is afforded by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Sold by all dealers.

## Sterling Hall

Crisp, Brisk, Autumn Winds

Bring Thoughts of

## Winter Toggery

THIS is the Store for big assortments and best values in warm outer and inner Garments of all known kinds for Men, Women and Children.

We are specialists in:

CLOTHING

FURS

UNDERWEAR

HOSIERY

And show the lines and values which must command attention.



## Boots, Shoes

## and Rubbers

Everything for everybody in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, is our motto, and our offering is the strongest aggregation of good values ever shown in Stirling.

Prices of leather and rubber goods are going steadily higher, but our timely buying enables us to offer the old scale of low prices on all lines. See our J. & T. Bell and Miss Canada lines of good Footwear for ladies and gentlemen. These makes represent the best shoe-making in Canada.

## SPECIAL VALUES:

Men's knee Rubber Boots, "Granby," sizes 7 to 10, worth now \$5.00 pair.....On sale at \$4.00

Ladies' fine Dongola Lace Boots, Blucher cut, \$1.75 value....for \$1.50 \$2.50 value....for \$2.00

Men's Wet Weather Boot, Doctor's special, a winner at.....\$5.00

## Men's Fashionable

## Winter Suits

Black and Blue Worsted in single and double breasted.....Special values at \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00

Fancy Pattern Worsteds in latest styles and patterns, at.....\$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50

## Specials from our

## Bedding Department

Pillows--Well filled, 6 lbs. to the pair, regular \$1.50 pair.....On sale at \$1.25 pair

Saxony Wool Quilts--In a variety of fancy patterns, size 75" x 85", reg. \$2.50.....For \$1.75

Comforters--In variety.....\$1.25 to \$3.50

## Grocery Dep't Special:

"Sterling Hall" Red Rose Baking Powder, in 1 lb. cans, quality guaranteed, and your choice of a Granite, China or Glass Dish, worth 25c. each..On sale, Dish and can of Baking Powder, 25c.

## W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

## LUMBER, LATH and Shingles

A full stock of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Lath and Shingles always on hand.

Agent for the Peterboro Lumber Co. Office at the Lumber Yard.

J. W. HAIGHT

## BEST MATERIALS ONLY!

## BEST WORK ONLY!

If you want satisfaction, try us.

F. G. GAZLEY

Painter

## BANK OF MONTREAL

## STIRLING

W. R. HOWSON

Manager



# Back to Life and Love;

OR, WAITING THROUGH WEARY YEARS.

## CHAPTER V.—(Cont'd)

The next morning the artist arrived early at Cliff Cottage. He wished to have the morning light, he said.

But early as it was, Marie and her grandmother had had their breakfast, and Marie had set the room in perfect order for the reception of Mr. Talbot.

The old woman greeted him very graciously, and set a chair for him. If she had not been half-blind, as well as half-silly, with age, she must have seen the vivid blush, the beaming eyes, and smiling lips with which the maiden met her lover, and must have read the language of that look aright.

But the poor blind and foolish old woman saw nothing but the painter and his subject.

Talbot was loaded like a porter, with his easel, pallet, portfolio, prepared canvas, paint-brushes, and all the paraphernalia of a travelling artist's profession.

One by one he placed them on the floor, and commenced his arrangements.

"But how about the washing, Marie? You can't sit for your picture and get that done in time to take it home this evening."

"No, granny, I told the ladies that I should not have time to do any more laundry work for a week, or may be more. And so I didn't bring away any clothes," answered Marie, as she took a seat and position according to the artist's direction.

"That's all well enough, long as Mr. Talbot does the right thing by me," said Marie's more profitable to me for you to sit than to wash! Still a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush, and the washin' was a sure thing, certain to last, and the sittin' ain't so, I say, you ought to be a hold on to it, even if you had to sit up nights to do it! That's what I say!"

Marie said nothing in reply to this. But as for Talbot, he could scarcely control the indignation he felt at the avicious old creature, who would have heavily overtasked the delicate girl without the slightest compunction.

He applied himself to this delightful work. He wished to "paint her as he saw her" now, and afterward successively as "Hope," as "Peace," as "Joy," as "Miriam," and as the "Blessed Virgin."

He could never tire of painting that lovely face. Thus, in fancy, he sketched out a long summer and autumn's work, careless of how much time and money it might cost him.

He worked away at the picture, while Marie sat patiently before him, and the old dame waddled about the house, looking after her own affairs, until the little cracked clock, on the corner shelf, jangled out the twelve strokes of noon.

"I have tired you, Marie," said the artist, throwing down his brush. "I have been merciless in taxing you to-day, but, indeed, I did not know how late it was till the clock struck."

"I am not tired the least," said the girl, smiling.

"You think so! But come, let us have lunch! I have brought some fine cordial, and other dainties, for grandma," he added, rising.

After the luxurious luncheon he had brought into the poor cottage had been taken, and thoroughly enjoyed by the little party of three, and Marie had cleared the table, and made the room tidy again, she resumed her sitting, and the artist recommenced his work.

The old woman fell sound asleep in her old armchair.

There was but little painting done that afternoon.

It was near sunset when the dame suddenly sneezed and coughed and opened her eyes.

And she thought she saw the artist and her grand-daughter sitting close together, he with his arm around her waist, and she with her head upon his bosom. But the next instant she thought she must have dreamed it, for when she rubbed her eyes and looked again, he was standing quietly before his easel, with his pallet in one hand and his brush in the other, studying the picture, and Marie was sitting motionless in her seat.

"Ain't it a getting most too dark for to do any more painting!" she inquired, rousing herself.

"Yes, dame, I think it is," answered the artist, laying down his pallet and brush. "You have had a refreshing sleep, I hope!"

The granny answered only by a loud yawn.

The artist prepared to depart. He reversed the easel, the canvas, and stood into a corner, where ISSUE NO. 45-6, it might be touched

until the morning. He stowed his drawing and painting materials behind it. And Marie promised to take of the whole lot.

He felt very much disappointed of his usual evening saunter with Marie, for now he knew that she had no washing to take to the village, and, therefore, no excuse for a walk.

But the old woman came, like an unconscious Fate, to his assistance.

"Marie!" she exclaimed sharply while rummaging among the little round grocery boxes, "Marie, I don't know what's come over you lately, you are grown that careless! Do you not know there ain't so much as a grain of coffee in the box for breakfast to-morrow morning?"

"I can go to the village and get some this evening, granny," eagerly replied the girl.

"Well, go then. I must have my coffee for breakfast. I can't enjoy my breakfast without coffee."

Marie sprang joyfully up to get ready. Here was to be a delightful walk without even a heavy basket to be carried.

The lovers went out together. As they crossed the threshold of the cottage the sun suddenly sunk behind the mountain, casting all the vale into shadow.

Alas! for the correspondents. That night the sun went down upon Marie's happiness, casting all her youthful life in sorrow!

That night, in a small neighboring hamlet, and under assumed names, there was a secret marriage contracted between the lovers, a marriage fraught with woe.

## CHAPTER VI.

Summer passed, and the first month of Autumn was drawing to its close. The company, even to the latest loiterers, had all left the hotel—with one exception, that of the artist, Talbot, who still lingered.

"The woods," he said, "are so glorious in October; that I must paint them."

This was the excuse he gave to the last of his companions that shook hands with him on parting. But neither his comrade nor any one else believed him.

In a little mountain hamlet like Pine Cliffs, isolated from all the rest of the world, everybody knows everything—and a great deal more—about everybody else.

All Pine Cliffs knew what kept Roland Talbot, the artist, lingering in the neighborhood; all, in fact, except the blind and dotting old woman at Cliff Cottage.

The gorgeous month of October passed away.

All the portraits of Marie in the various characters the artist had thought of had been painted, and were carefully packed and dispatched to his studio in a distant city; yet still the artist lingered, though no other work was undertaken, no glorious autumn landscape was transferred to the canvas.

The day at last came when he was compelled to depart.

Then he would have persuaded the beautiful cottage girl to accompany him to the city. He described to her the vasty superior comforts and conveniences, pleasures and splendors of the capital. He painted them in the most glowing colors. But she was not tempted by the picture.

"If I could go at all, love, it would not be for any of these things, but for you, the love and the lord of my life. But I cannot leave the poor old woman to die alone in her age," she answered meekly, with her head upon his bosom.

Then he pleaded his own love and his loneliness without her; and he pleaded with all the ardor, earnestness and eloquence of a devoted lover who was determined to win his cause. He even promised to own her as his wife, if she would go with him.

But still clinging tenderly to him, she answered sadly through her falling tears:

"Oh! I wish I could! Love! I have given up to you in everything, because I love you. It makes me so happy to obey you, and so wretched to oppose you; but I must not leave her in her age and poverty to die alone."

Finding all his efforts to persuade Marie to go to the city in vain, the artist left her in real or pretended anger.

And she returned in despair to her cottage home.

Marie had known Roland Talbot since May. And he had been her lover from the first. It was now November. The weather had continued fine up to the day of Talbot's departure. The day after he left it suddenly changed, and there was a week of dark and clouded skies, and

of fierce wind and rain, that stripped all the glorious woods of their gaudy autumn foliage. So that when at length the weather cleared, there was nothing but bare branches above, and brown leaves below.

Ah! then the weather changed with Marie's spirit also, clouds and darkness and desolation took possession of the soul once so radiant with sunshine and happiness.

Her physical health and strength had been failing for some time past. She could not now resume her laundry work, and toil between the village and the cottage with heavy baskets of clothes, even if she could have got custom at this dull season, which was doubtful.

The absence and silence of her lover, too, made her unspeakably wretched, and the more acutely so because within a week after his departure she had become assured of the terrible fact that she, an unacknowledged wife, would be a mother. But for her own extreme ignorance and simplicity, she might have known this months before, for it was already known to the matrons of the village, who were equally unsparing in their denunciations of the artist and "his dupe," as they called her.

The discovery filled the poor girl with dismay.

Her anguish and despair were all the fiercer and deeper that they must be suffered alone. She could not tell her fatal secret to any one, or seek sympathy or counsel anywhere. She must pass through the fiery furnace alone!

Whenever now she went to the village to sell the woolen socks and stockings that her grandmother had knit, her neighbors would look contemptuously and speak coldly to her, if they spoke at all. But often they would turn away without noticing her. All this wounded her sore heart to the quick, even before she understood the reason.

Now since her own discovery of her fatal secret she understood their hatred and contempt too well.

At length an incident, a trifling one in itself, filled her cup of sorrow and humiliation to overflowing.

As I said before, she was passionately fond of children.

One day she had been out in the woods all the forenoon gathering chestnuts to sell. In the afternoon she was taking these to the village when she met a crowd of children out for their ramble. She knew them. They had been her darling pets.

At the sight of their happy faces, she almost forgot her terrible trouble. She smiled on them, opened her basket of chestnuts, and invited them to come and help themselves.

But the children shrank from her in fear and aversion, and huddled together as if for mutual support.

"Won't you speak to me, Emma! Won't you Ida?" she pleaded in heart-broken tones, as she held out her hand beseechingly.

Neither of the children addressed replied to her.

"Mamma says we must not speak to you ever again, because you're a wicked girl," answered Jenny, the eldest of the group. And the other children huddled around her as if for protection.

And none else spoke to the stricken girl, except the tender-hearted two-year-old Gladly, who said:

"Poor May-ee!" and ran towards her with outstretched hands.

But the nurse stretched the child up and carried her off, followed by the other children.

Wild with anguish, Marie cast her basket of chestnuts away, and threw herself upon the ground, crying to the only Merciful Heart she knew:

"Have I been so wicked? Lord and Saviour, who never yet rebuked a poor, loving woman, have I been so wicked? Loving Lord, who had no words but words of pity for sinning women, forgive and help me now!"

Stretched face downward upon the dead leaves, she wept and sobbed in a wild storm of sorrow and humiliation, until she heard the footsteps of some approaching passenger, when she started up, and forgetting her basket, hurried towards her home.

It was nearly dark within the hut when she entered the door.

The old woman was hovering over the wood fire that she now stirred into a blaze to see the face of her grand-daughter.

That face, seen in the bright light, was pale and haggard with anguish, and the eyes were still streaming with tears.

"Why, what on the yeth is the matter with you, gal?" inquired the old woman agast.

"Oh, granny! granny! the children hurt my feelings so! They wouldn't even speak to me. They wouldn't!" cried the girl, bursting into fresh tears and sobs.

"And why wouldn't they speak to you, I'd like to know! Drot their impudence! ain't my granddarter as good as any o' them?" wrathfully inquired the dame.

"Oh! no! no! no!" cried the girl, unable longer to bear the load of her secret anguish, and goaded to confession. "Oh! no! no! I am a lost and wretched creature!"

"What—what—what—what do you mean? You ain't been stealin'! Oh, Lord! you ain't been stealin'!" faltered the old woman in bewilderment and terror.

## On the Farm

### FARMYARD MANURE.

Farmyard manure consists of the soil and liquid excrements of animals and the litter with which these substances are mixed and absorbed. Its value for fertilizing purposes depends to a great extent upon the way in which it is handled in the dungstead. In this respect its management too often leaves much to be desired, and taking the country all through, enormous quantities of valuable plant nourishment are lost.

The atmosphere is the chief agent which produces the decomposition of the ammonia in the manure and causes it to escape, and therefore, the air must be shut out of the manure heap as much as possible. The freer the air can penetrate the heap the more rapid is the decomposition and consequent loss of ammonia; indeed, it may be said that a rational treatment of the manure does not exist unless the heap is tightly compacted.

Keep it moist and tread it tight, And it will you care require.

Absence of moisture in the heap is another cause of loss in the quality of farmyard manure. In summer the heat of the sun dries the heap, and, thus contributes to the loss through decomposition. Therefore, the heap must not be allowed to become too dry, even on the surface, and from time to time in hot dry weather it should be watered.

It is also a good plan to plant trees by the side of the dungstead, so that the foliage in summer may shelter it from the sun.

On the other hand an excess of moisture is also injurious, and the heap should not be allowed to lie in water as it may sometimes do in heavy rains unless measures are taken to prevent it.

A superfluity of water involves the washing out of some of the soluble nitrogenous compounds and part of the phosphoric acid and potash. For this reason a trench should be dug round the heap into which the superfluous water can run.

It will thus be understood that the proper management of farmyard manure consists in hindering rapid decomposition and in preventing loss by draining. At the same time a certain amount of warmth in the heap is desirable to promote the slow process of rotting; as every farmer knows, rotted farmyard manure produces better results than fresh manure; and it is this factor that is meant by the judicious management of farmyard manure.

### FERTILITY AND PLANT FOOD.

To produce profitable crops and at the same time to maintain and even to increase the productive capacity of the soil may rightly be termed "good farming." Many farmers are able to do this, and the knowledge of how to do it has been largely acquired through years of experience, during which the character of the soil, its adaptability for crops, and the methods of its management and manuring have been made the subjects of careful study, without, however, any definite and accurate knowledge concerning manures and their functions in relation to soils and crops.

Soils vary greatly in the capabilities of supplying food to crops. Different ingredients are deficient in different soils. The way to learn what materials are proper in a given case is by observation and experiment. The rational method for determining what ingredients of plant food a soil fails to furnish in abundance, and how these lacking materials can be most economically supplied is to put the question to the soil with different fertilizing materials and get the reply in the crops produced.

The chief use of fertilizers is to supply plant food. It is good farming to make the most of the natural resources of the soil and of the manures produced on the farm, and to depend upon artificial fertilizers only to furnish what more is needed. It is not good economy to pay high prices for materials which the soil may itself yield, but it is good economy to supply the lacking ones in the cheapest way. The rule in the purchase of costly commercial fertilizers should be to select those that supply, in the best forms those at the lowest cost, the plant food which the crop needs and the soil fails to furnish.

### FARM NOTES.

Barley is better than oats, because it grows earlier in the season, and therefore makes its demand on the soil for moisture when there is

"Oh, no, not that. I couldn't do that! But, oh, granny! I'm lost! I'm lost!" cried the girl, sinking at the dame's feet.

And with her face in the dame's lap, and in wild and broken words she poured forth the story of her love and trust betrayed!

(To be continued.)

Why not take a cup of

# BOVRIL

every morning through the fall and winter?

## BOVRIL IS ALL BEEF

It contains all the nutriment of the beef in a concentrated and tasty form.

It will renew your blood and give you strength of nerve and muscle.

It will tone up the whole system.

## Bovril Gives Health and Strength

likely to be plenty of moisture present. Then, too, barley loses its leaves two or three weeks earlier than oats, and can be harvested and removed before dry, hot weather comes.

It is a well known fact in practical agriculture that soil rich in humus absorbs more water, possesses more capillarity, warmth and air than a soil deficient in that property, although it may be even richer in natural mineral fertility. Hence it is found that an application of barn manure often has more beneficial effects as a mechanical than as a fertilizing agent. This being well understood, the consideration of bulk is a very important one in measuring manure values.

### LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Provide warm, dry quarters for all stock, young and old; do not shut them in closely until the cold weather demands; shelter them well, but do not confine them in close quarters.

For the combination horse that does about twelve to fifteen miles a day in harness or under saddle, twelve quarts of good oats in three feeds, and from eight to ten pounds of hay, given at the night feeding, should be a good sustaining ration. In addition to this he should occasionally have a few carrots, potatoes, sweet apples, etc.

### WORTH KNOWING.

Little Bits of Information About "Most Everything."

Dundee exports over 1,500 tons of marmalade a year.

Zoologists aver that in a hundred years the lion will be extinct.

We call our day 24 hours, but it is really 23 hours 56 minutes 5 seconds.

The English Channel at its narrowest breadth is twenty and a quarter miles across.

The Royal Palaces and Marlborough House cost £60,000 to £65,000 a year in repairs.

Norwegians and Lapps, the tallest and the shortest people of the world, live side by side.

Korean tailors do not stitch garments. They paste the edges together and press them down.

The hide of a cow produces about thirty-five pounds of leather, that of a horse about eighteen pounds.

In Berlin the pawnshop is a Royal and philanthropic institution. Any profit that is made is spent on charity.

In making champagne, the grapes are squeezed six times, each pressure making wine of different quality.

Sea-bathing causes many diseases of the ear. Cotton should be put in the ear when it is the intention to submerge the head.

England's prison population is 60 per 100,000 of her inhabitants.

that of Ireland 66 per 100,000, of Scotland only 52 in the same number.

The horse has a smaller stomach, proportionately than any other animal, because the horse was created for speed. Had he the ruminating stomach of the ox, he would be quite unfit for the labor which he now performs.

The domestic cat is quite a distinct species, probably descended from the Egyptian cat, which was certainly domesticated more than 3,000 years ago, and worshipped in some cities, and embalmmed after death. The cat was domesticated in Europe more than 2,000 years ago.

When a passenger pays for his dog to ride by rail, is the dog entitled to occupy a seat in the carriage like a human being? In Belgium a man turned a dog off a seat to sit down himself. The dog's master brought an action against the individual and the Courts have declared that the dog is as much entitled to a seat as his master.

Special attention is being given by the French military authorities to the questions of succoring the wounded on battlefields when night comes on after a great battle. It has been practically determined that the ambulance corps men shall wear little incandescent glow-lamps in their hats. Each man is to carry a little primary battery in his pocket for the production of the current. The wounded in need of succor will look out for the little moving lights, and if possible drag themselves towards them.

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Special attention



Every Home Needs **Zam-Buk**  
"RUB IT IN"



### The White Slave Traffic

Mr. Edwin W. Sims, United States District Attorney in Chicago, declares that the local police authorities of American cities have it in their power, if they only choose, to crush out the white slave traffic. He declares that the investigations and prosecutions conducted by his office during the past eighteen months have disclosed a national and international traffic in buying, selling, and exportation of young girls for immoral purposes. "To-day the inmates of houses of ill-fame are made up largely of women or girls whose origin is brought into a life of immorality and livelihood about by men who earn their livelihood and amass a fortune by their means."

The procurers use liquor, trickery and deceit to accomplish their purposes. Often the victims are inveigled by the promise of lucrative employment. Hundreds of men in the large cities live from the earnings of these unfortunate, and in many instances the more extensive procurers live in affluence. The books of one notorious importer, recently arrested, showed that he enjoyed an income of \$102,000 in one year from the hateful traffic. Mr. Sims asserts that the operators of the white slave trade can only exist with the connivance of the police—that none of the victims can long be detained in these leprous resorts except by the acquiescence of the legal authorities.—Toronto News.

Mr. S. R. Wright of London, Ont., president of the Dominion W. C. T. U., at the convention at St. John, N. B., referring to the "white slave traffic," told of the convention held in Paris, when thirteen governments signed an agreement for the purpose of controlling this shameful traffic in human life. Despite this international effort, she said, she was compelled to state that this year this traffic is more firmly entrenched than ever. It was evident that the existing law in Canada, which left the application of the law in each case to the provincial authorities, was not "properly applied," else this iniquity could not flourish. Just recently word came to her that two young women, under the guise of doing evangelistic work, were winning recruits for "the gateway of hell."

### Would You Like It?

Girls, do you ever grow tired of the daily round of farm home duties; complain of the monotony of country life and imagine that if you get to the city with its noise and excitement that you would be happier? Not a bit of it. Don't deceive yourself with the idea that the lot of the working girls in the city has none of the disadvantages of which you complain.

How would you like to spend all the hot days of the summer at a machine in a factory with the never-ending rumble of machinery about you, and a foreman constantly on the watch to see that you turned out so much work?

Does four dollars or six or eight or ten dollars a week seem like a good deal of money to you? How would you like to pay from a dollar and a half to two dollars a week for a room; from two to four dollars a week for your board? In the city you pay fifty cents for every dozen pieces of clothing washed; fifteen cents a quart for green apples.

How would you like to be "laid off work" because of the slack time, to have no money at all coming in, and expenses going on all the time? That occurs with shop girls and factory girls of all kinds periodically.

How much variety is there in the life of the average working girl in the city? Do you fancy she has much better times than you? She cannot take her work out on the porch in the summer as you often can, or get out for a breath of fresh air whenever she feels like it. She has no chance for a rest in the afternoon. She cannot do two days' work in one as you can sometimes, and go off for an outing the next day. She cannot slip off to her own room and lie down when she has a headache or is tired.

Do you like to be invited out to spend the evening or to bring your fancy work and spend the day with a friend? You might be in a city for years before you would know how nice it was to sit down at a home table for a meal with the family.

Do you like to have your friends come to see you? Do you enjoy getting up nice "homey" suppers for them? How would you like to have not a spot in the city to which you could comfortably invite your friends to call on you? How would you like to have no place except a dingy ten by twelve bedroom or the street where you could entertain a friend from home if he called to see you? Thousands of girls in large cities are situated just that way. Is it any wonder they are often led astray?

This is no fancy picture. It is true to life. Life in a city is not half so full of variety and good times as you have imagined. The city has comparatively few easy places, and they, as a rule, are gained only after years of training and experience.

There is no isolation that compares with the feeling of being practically alone in a great city; of knowing that of all the teeming multitudes you meet, no one knows you, no one is specially interested in you, no one cares very much what becomes of you personally. You are useful as long as you can turn out so much work and do it well. When you fail to do that your employers, even the best of them, will soon lose interest in you. The city is crowded with young men and women who do not know how to compete with experienced, skilled workers in any line, and even though they underbid the others in wages are only tolerated on their inefficiency in their line of work.

Think of those things long and carefully before you decide to give up the free, independent, comfortable life of the farm to trudge in the city.

### Premier Whitney Speaks on Temperance

#### DECLARES READINESS TO AID TEMPERANCE EFFORT

#### Counsels Union of Forces to Lessen Evils of Liquor Traffic

"There has come to me what comes to the lives of most men who have passed middle age: the longing to do something or be identified with something that will be of lasting advantage to the world," was the declaration of Sir James Whitney, who presided at the great gathering which assembled in Massey Hall Sunday afternoon to commemorate the 21st anniversary of the commencement of the Canadian Temperance League's work in Toronto.

"I desire as a citizen of Ontario," continued the Premier, "to join in every reasonable effort to diminish and minimize the terrible evils of the drink habit. I will not say that has been my position for many years, but it has been my desire for some time past, and I appreciate the opportunity of taking a part in these proceedings."

"I have been told," Sir James added, after a pause, "that men in public positions should hesitate to give expression to all their convictions for fear of the consequences. You hear that sort of thing on the street corners; you sometimes read it in the newspapers. Well, such a course may be worldly wise in a measurable degree. But I have never been accused of hesitating to express my convictions—be they right or be they wrong—on any subject. This may be wise or unwise, but I have been accustomed to it too long to change now."

"So I say to you frankly, I am prepared to join in every reasonable movement which is shown to me to have for its object the minimizing and ultimate doing away with the evils of the drink habit. And having said that, let me add, with the earnestness of one who has seen and known, that if the time comes when the most ardent advocate of doing away with everything associated with the liquor evil will join hands with those of his fellows—perhaps some of them not even total abstainers—who are prepared to do at least something to lessen it, a coalition will be formed which will enable the cause of temperance to make more progress in one year than was ever dreamed possible."

### Education in North Hastings

#### Annual Meeting of the Teachers' Association

The North Hastings Teachers' Association held their annual meeting in the basement of the Presbyterian Church, Madoc, on October 21st and 22nd.

The meeting was called to order at 10 a.m. Thursday, by the president, Mr. E. T. Williams of Stirling. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted. The treasurer, Mr. J. B. Morton of Moira was present and read his report. Messrs. Ward and Greaves were appointed auditors.

The president then appointed a committee to nominate officers for the coming year.

Moved by Mr. Moore, seconded by Mr. Jordison, that a program committee be appointed, consisting of the Inspector, the President, the Secretary and Messrs. Lane and Sharp. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Henry, seconded by Mr. Moore, that the next convention be held in Marmora. Carried.

The first paper was "Entrance" literature, by Mr. G. Land. This was a most excellent and interesting paper, and full of practical suggestions. After a few introductory remarks on literature in general, prose and poetry, the writer gave his method in full of teaching an entrance poem, the selection chosen being "The Unnamed Lake" by R. G. Scott, found on page 147, new fourth reader. The discussion which followed showed the interest that had been aroused as well as the appreciation of those fortunate enough to hear the paper.

**AFTERNOON SESSION**

The Association resumed work at 2 p.m.; president in the chair. Written composition was fully discussed in an interesting address by Mr. Sharp.

Miss Gray followed Mr. Sharp and in a few well chosen remarks showed her method of dealing with written composition.

Principal Scott of Toronto Normal School was then introduced and gave an address on "Nature Study and the Farmer." He said the true purpose of teaching the subject of nature study, of nature acquaintance, as he preferred to call it, is to bring children into sympathetic and intelligent touch with nature. Teach the subject by what is about us—plants, animals, soil, natural forces—she, the nature of nature, to man. Every teacher can do in each school what will become of great profit to the farmer. He dwelt particularly on the selection of seeds, the result of using good seed, and how they can be secured by the farmer. The next important point was the keeping of moisture in the ground, and experiments that pupils could try for themselves. He discussed the harmful weeds and gave methods of destroying them, and lastly called attention to helpful and destructive insects, giving methods of exterminating the latter. The teachers were urged to teach the subject by direct observation and lead the pupils to "SEE." He recommended the use of "Conifer's Practical Nature Study."

An interesting discussion followed, and many important questions were discussed and answered.

Miss Peeney then read a paper on "School Routine and its Influence on Character." She showed the importance of obedience to school tactics by the development of promptness, exactness, discipline, order and system.

The afternoon session was brought to a close with roll call by Mr. Mackintosh.

In the evening a large audience listened to "The Story of Joan Valjean," told by Victor Hugo's Les Misérables, told by Rev. S. Cleaver, D.D., of Toronto. Some choice musical selections were rendered by the choir of St. Peter's church.

FRIDAY, OCT. 22ND

Work was resumed at 9 a.m. The treasurer's report was presented, having been audited, and was received by the Association.

The following officers were then elected for the ensuing year: President—Mr. E. T. Williams. Vice-President—Mr. Henry. Secretary—Mr. Jordison. Treasurer—Mr. J. B. Morton.

Executive Committee—Miss Breakell, Miss Corbett, Miss Henderson, Miss Feeney, Messrs. McConnell, Greaves, Glover.

Mr. Scott then gave another of his most excellent addresses on history. History, he said, makes us intelligent. It helps us in everyday life, therefore it should be taught. Every school should make a child leave it capable of seeing straight and clear, make him able to compare and infer, capable of holding fast to lofty ideals. History, when properly taught, should help to do this. There is no better subject for training memory. The imagination is called into play, else the teacher fails in teaching his subject.

After fully discussing the benefits derived from the study of history, he gave out some excellent methods of teaching the subject. It must be taught through interest. The teacher must be interested and must read widely, not only histories, but books such as Scott's Ivanhoe and The Talisman.

He urged the teachers to teach orally at first, because the voice is necessary to arouse sympathy and excite interest, to teach largely through the medium of biography; to connect history, literature and chronology; to have recitations of patriotic songs and poems. He next dwelt on what to teach in history. Teach stories and myths, history of manners, customs, and language of the people, their mode of living, a few important dates, to develop time sense. Teach science of citizenship by propounding questions on municipal government.

He concluded by enumerating some of the mistakes made in teaching history, namely, not to use B B maps and charts, not to question as teacher proceeds with lesson, to forget the main aim which is to excite interest, and lastly to crowd too much in one lesson. A short discussion followed.

Mr. Mackintosh next addressed the teachers on matters of general interest. Several questions relating to school work, entrance literature, and the new readers were asked and discussed.

Mr. Scott then gave an address on oral reading. He said oral reading was to get the thought and feeling from visible language. A good sight reader has power to take thought and feeling of the writer from the printed page.

Oral reading consists of two divisions, silent reading and reading aloud, giving what we have received by silent reading. The reader must catch the spirit in order to give it. The processes are, first, word recognition, second, thought recognition, and third, feeling recognition. The results of violating the above order are, dropping, no expression, and careless pronunciation. The reasons for faults in reading are: (1) Failure or slowness of recognition; (2) If feelings are not such as appeal to appreciative centers. The steps in teaching oral reading are: (1) Reveal to the pupil the fact that thought may be expressed in written or printed form; (2) Teach word recognition, not from Primer, but from B B; (3) Use silent reading because it is easier, it is necessary; makes thought acquiring from books possible, and makes true reading aloud possible.

He then gave some methods to follow and advised some practices which would improve and promote better reading. He concluded by showing the pleasure and personal benefits received from oral reading.

Miss Breakell then read a very interesting paper on "The Summer Session at the MacDonald Institute." She outlined the courses taken and stated the benefits derived from each course.

It was moved by Mr. Noble, seconded by Mr. Henry, that a hearty vote of thanks be tendered Principal Scott on behalf of the teachers for the very excellent and instructive address he had delivered.

Mr. Scott replied in a few well-chosen words.

The Association adjourned to resume at 1.15 p.m.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON

The afternoon session was called to order by the president at 1.30.

The first subject discussed was: "What can be done to make attendance regular," by Miss Corbett. The speaker gave the causes of irregular attendance, then gave her methods of dealing with these causes. Many valuable hints were given and a good discussion followed.

Mr. Jordison opened a discussion on "Making the best use of the School Library." He read a very instructive paper in which he showed his methods of conducting the school library in his school.

Mr. McConnell added a few practical suggestions and a discussion followed, in which several teachers gave their methods of dealing with the matter.

The meeting was brought to a close by singing the National Anthem.

SECRETARY.

The price of raw cotton has reached a higher point in New York than at any time since the American civil war, and cotton fabrics all over Canada and the United States are reducing production by shortening hours of employees, and in some cases reducing the staff. There is every prospect that the price of cotton goods must shortly materially advance.

Tickling, tight Coughs can be surely and quickly loosened with a prescription of Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And it is so very, very different from common cough medicines. No opium, no chloroform, absolutely nothing harsh or unsafe. The tender leaves of a harmless, lung healing mountain shrub, give the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. These leaves have the power to calm the most distressing cough, to soothe the inflamed and heat the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Mothers should, for safety's sake alone, always demand Dr. Shoop's. It can be had with perfect freedom given to even the youngest babes. Test it yourself and see! Sold by J. S. Morton.

On Friday Charles Burke was drawn into the machinery at the Belleville Iron Works and killed.

### One Way to Save Work

As every woman knows who has to take care of even one room, dust is the worst workman of all for the housewife. Most people know, too, that dust is a vehicle of disease. But it has not been an easy matter heretofore to prevent dust from having its own way with floors, even with the gradual banishment of carpets; for not the substitution of rugs and hard wood floors; for not the use of a vacuum cleaner, even if they were easy to keep clean or new-looking, as they were made easy by Floorglaze. With any problem is made easy by Floorglaze. It is a quick-drying floor finish, any woman can have and which will be easy to keep clean, and far more sanitary than a painted, oiled or waxed floor.



Even to soft-wood floors Floorglaze gives a beautiful, glossy surface that will show no signs of wear after years of severe service, and that can be quickly washed clean and brilliant with soap and water. The use of Floorglaze is an insurance against dust, and a vast amount of time and money saved. It is good for outdoor use, on porches and veranda floors and steps. A jar of this most useful enamel covers 500 square feet. Floorglaze is sold in time from a pint to a gallon in size, by most reliable dealers in paint and is made by Imperial Varnish & Color Co., Limited, Chicago, who will gladly send you a free booklet worth reading.

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<b>NEW NECKWEAR For Ladies</b> We have some new lines of Fancy Collars which are selling at..... 25 cts. each We also have the new, wide Lace Collars and Cuffs in stock: Collars..... 25 cts., 50 cts. Cuffs..... 50 cts. Black, White and Cream.	<b>Nice Patterns in Wrapperettes</b> At..... 10 cts. yard	<b>Good Knitting Yarns</b> Black, Gray and White.....at 50c. lb. Cardinal.....at 60c. lb.
<b>LADIES' RINGWOOD GLOVES</b> Black, Navy, White, Cardinal, etc..... 25 cts. pair	<b>NEW JET BUTTONS</b> <b>NEW PEARL BUTTONS</b> <b>NEW BRASS BUTTONS</b>	<b>Soutache Braid</b> A large range of colors. Our price, 2c. yd.
	<b>Children's Tams</b> Serge, Velvet, Corduroy.....25c., 45c., 50c. Toques.....25c. to 50c.	<b>BUTTON MOULDS</b> 3 cents.....per dozen
	<b>Infants' White Wool Mitts</b> 10 cts., 15 cts., 20 cts., 25 cts.	<b>Men's and Boys' Coat Sweaters</b> Boys'.....75 cts. Men's.....\$1.00
		<b>FRESH PEELS</b> LEMON ORANGE CITRON

BOOTS AND SHOES at Wholesale Prices to clear.

FRESH GROCERIES ALL THE TIME

<b>BAKING POWDER</b> <b>ENGLISH CREAM</b> <b>DAIRY ART</b> We have a special proposition to make to you— One pound tin of any one of the above makes of Baking Powder, and your choice of six different assortments of English Enamel Ware.....for 50 cts.	<b>...BROOMS...</b> Brooms are, as you know, away up in price. We have a lot of Brooms which are worth 35c. or more, which we will sell for one week, Oct. 21st to Oct. 27th at..... 25 cts. each Not more than two Brooms to one person. Do not miss this!	Rolled Oats Flaked Wheat Wheat Germs Corn Meal Corn Flakes Shredded Wheat Puffed Rice Wheat Berries —IN STOCK.
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# CHRISTIE'S J. BUCHANAN REDPATH'S

BISCUITS EMPIRE BLOCK SUGAR

# LUMBER!

Lath and Shingles  
Lehigh Cement

Hard and Soft COAL  
WHOLESALE  
THE SCHUSTER CO., Ltd.  
Belleville, Ont.  
Write or Phone us.

# WANTED—NOW!

For Stirling and surrounding district for Winter months, an energetic, reliable Agent, to take orders for Nursery Stock. Good Pay Weekly Outfit Free Exclusive Territory 600 Acres

Under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show you that there is good money in representing a well-known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years. Write for particulars.

PELHAM NURSERY CO. TORONTO, ONT.

# DECORATING, PAINTING

PAPER HANGING, GRAINING  
HARDWOOD FINISHING  
We furnish the best class of Paint materials by way of Pure Lead Oils, Colors, Varnishes, etc. and at most reasonable prices. Estimates on work to be done are cheerfully furnished.

Wall Paper, Room Mouldings and Burlap at about your own price. Show Room open every Saturday.

S. A. MURPHY

# A Newspaper—Not An "Organ"

The man who wants an open-minded discussion of politics, the steady support of right, justice, and decency, without cant or bitterness, and an unprejudiced, common-sense treatment of public affairs, will thoroughly enjoy the

# Toronto Daily Star

The Star is not tied to any party or any "interest." It has definite opinions of its own on political, social, and moral questions—but it recognizes the right of others to hold exactly opposite opinions without necessarily being scoundrels or fit subjects for abuse.

The Star's editorials are broad-minded, honest, as keen and clever as some of the best writers in Canada can make them, and always Fair.

The Star is published for fair-minded, intelligent people who take an active interest in Canada and the world. Consequently it has more readers than any other paper in Ontario.

\$1.50 A Year

This paper and the TORONTO DAILY STAR together for one year, \$2.20. Guaranteed Fountain Pen given for 50c. added to above subscription prices.

2

# Breeders

Insure your Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares. Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the General Animals Insurance Co.

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD, Agent, Stirling, Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

# Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE AT THE NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.



## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

### STIRLING COUNCIL C.O.C.F. No. 184

Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T. Ward's store.

DR. J. D. LISONNETTE, C.C.  
FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

### Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer.

STIRLING ONTARIO

### J. S. MORTON,

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN  
Ophthalmic College, and Canadian  
Association of Opticians.  
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-  
rected with glasses.

### CHAS. P. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

HIGHEST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN  
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.  
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-  
geons, of Ontario.  
Office—One door north of new Bank of  
Montreal.  
Open every day. Evenings by appointment  
only.

### G. G. THRASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-  
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's  
Block, Mill Street.

### L. O. L. NO. 110

Meets in the Lodge Room, the first Friday  
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.

GEO. E. MORROW,  
Rec. Secretary.

### ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

No. 508.  
Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Mon-  
day in each month.

THOS. MONTGOMERY, Jr.,  
W. Preceptor.

THOS. DONNAN, Registrar.

### PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Kingston of Buf-  
falo, N. Y., arrived here on Tuesday morn-  
ing to attend the funeral of his father.

Mr. G. A. Kingston, barrister of Toronto,  
was here on Tuesday, attending the funeral  
of his uncle, the late R. G. Kingston.

Mr. Leslie Kennedy, who has been on  
the staff of the United Empire Bank since  
its opening in this place, has been re-  
moved to the Picton branch staff, and be-  
gan his duties there the first of the week.

### Wellman's Corners League

A very pleasant evening was spent at  
the League on Tuesday, Oct. 26th. It  
being a social evening there were a  
number present from the Mount Pleasant  
and Bethel Leagues. As it was the  
last night of our recording Secretary,  
Mr. C. A. Rock, would be with us while  
at Wellman's we thought we would ex-  
press in some way our appreciation of  
his services in the League and he was  
presented with a Bible and the follow-  
ing address to which, though taken by  
surprise, Mr. Rock made a very appropri-  
ate reply:

Wellman's Corners, Oct. 26th, 1909.

Mr. Carl A. Rock—The members of the  
Epworth League at Wellman's Corners  
church on the Rawdon circuit, having  
learned with regret that you purpose  
leaving us shortly, cannot allow you to  
depart without manifesting our sorrow at  
the separation that is about to take place.

To say that you are held in high esteem  
by us all is only saying the truth in a very  
mild form, for your happy and genial man-  
ner has won for you a warm place in the  
hearts of not only the League members,  
but of all who have made your acquaint-  
ance, while your readiness to assist in  
every good work only makes our loss the  
greater.

As a member of our League you were  
always at our post, and discharged your  
duties faithfully and well, and your zeal  
in the work of the League was an inspi-  
ration to us all. Your assistance was given  
in so kindly a manner that we were en-  
abled to think of you as a personal friend.  
For all we would here express our deep  
gratitude.

As a slight token of our appreciation of  
your work and our gratitude, kindly ac-  
cept this Bible which may remind you of  
happy days spent with us. We do not  
doubt when you are far away from us you  
will often look upon it and think of the  
League at Wellman's and ask God's bless-  
ing upon it. The prayer of our hearts is  
"The Lord watch between thee and us  
when we are absent one from the other."  
And now in going to your new place, may  
the pleasures and joys that Christmas and  
the New Year, which are so close at hand,  
could bring you, that your future may be  
both happy and prosperous, and that when  
the conflicts of this life are ended we may  
all meet on the immortal Shore.

Signed on behalf of the League,  
LEONA BURGESS, Sec.  
HERBERT HOOPER, Pres.

### The Peat Problem

Successful Experiments on 300-Acre  
Bog East of Ottawa

Ottawa, Nov. 1.—The experiments  
carried on by the Department of Mines  
on the 300-Acre peat bog east of Ottawa  
on the C.P.R., in which the air-drying  
process was used, have been success-  
ful. The cheapness and economy of the  
plant are notable, and as the peat is  
used the machinery follows it.

It is hoped the peat may be sold at  
\$2.25 per ton, and, as one and four-fifths  
tons of peat are equal to one ton of the  
best coal, the saving is obvious. The  
fuel is expected to be of value for pro-  
ducer purposes and for gas producer  
plants. Electric power may thus be  
generated by producer gas, making the  
peat bog the power centre for many  
miles around.

The fuel problem of Central Canada  
may be solved by peat.

### Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the  
following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80

The Weekly Mail & Empire, 1.50

The Family Herald & Weekly  
Star.....1.50

The Weekly Witness.....1.50

The Weekly Sun.....1.75

The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25

The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25

The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50

Farm and Dairy.....1.75

The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.50

## ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-  
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
75 cents per line. Matter set in larger than the or-  
dinary type, 100 cents per line.  
To Transient Advertisers.—100 cents per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

## RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:  
GOING WEST.  
Mail & Ex. 6.03 a. m. Passenger, 10.27 a. m.  
Passenger, 6.40 p. m. Mail & Ex. 3.41 p. m.

## The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 4, 1909.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

Hear Bennett, the Scotch humorist,  
in the Opera House Friday evening,  
Nov. 5th.

The Wellman's Epworth League  
will meet on Sunday evening next at  
7.30, instead of on Tuesday.

Be sure to hear Bennett to-morrow  
evening. His funny stories, songs and  
monologues are the latest and best.

The Quarterly meeting of the Raw-  
don circuit will be held next Sunday  
morning at Wellman's church at ten  
o'clock.

At the Stirling Cheese Board on Tues-  
day there were 586 boxes of cheese  
boarded, 210 were sold at 11 1/2/100,  
and 205 at 11 1/8. The balance was not  
sold.

For the convenience of the ratepayers  
of the township of Sidney, arrange-  
ments have been made whereby they  
can pay their taxes at the Bank of  
Montreal here.

The best thing yet! What? Why  
the concert by Harry Bennett and Miss  
Mildred Walker. When? Friday  
evening, Nov. 5th. Everybody is going  
and you don't want to miss it.

The ratepayers of the township of  
Huntingdon have the privilege of pay-  
ing their taxes at the Bank of Montreal  
here. This will save them a good deal  
of trouble in looking up the collector.

The regular monthly meeting of the  
W. M. S. of the Methodist church will  
meet in the Sunday School room on  
Tuesday afternoon, the 9th, at three  
o'clock. All the ladies invited to attend.

This is certainly a big potato year.  
Mr. Joseph Bronson has left with us a  
sample of his crop, thirteen large pota-  
toes weighing twenty-eight pounds.  
He has a large crop of just such potatoes.

A large pipe organ is being placed in  
the Methodist church here this week.  
It is said to be a very fine instrument,  
and will no doubt help greatly in the  
service of song. The small organ which  
it replaces had been in use since the  
church was built.

People say the entertainments at  
Wellman's Corners are always good.  
This time it is a "King's Birthday  
Party" in the Orange Hall on the eve-  
ning of Tuesday, November 9th. An  
interesting program and inviting re-  
freshments are being prepared. Pro-  
ceeds in aid of the W. M. S. Admis-  
sion, half as many cents as you are  
years old, and not a word said about  
how much you had to pay. Everybody  
welcome.

## Death of R. G. Kingston

The death took place on Sunday eve-  
ning last of Mr. Robert G. Kingston,  
one of the old residents of this village.  
He had been in feeble health for some  
time, and a few weeks ago suffered a  
stroke, from which he had partially re-  
covered, so that he was able to be up,  
when he had a second stroke on Sun-  
day morning, rendering him uncon-  
scious until his death in the evening.  
The funeral took place on Tuesday  
afternoon and was largely attended,  
service being held in the Methodist  
church, of which the deceased had been  
a faithful member for many years. He  
was in his 79th year. He leaves one  
son, Wesley, of Buffalo, N. Y., and one  
daughter, Miss Emma, who resided at  
home, and one brother, Mr. Charles  
Kingston, of this village, as well as a  
large circle of friends and acquaintances  
to mourn his death.

## Scouts' Council Organized

In accordance with a scheme which  
is being actively carried on throughout  
the empire a Council, composed of a  
number of the business and professional  
men in town, was organized and met  
on Tuesday evening. The duty of the  
Council is to direct and carry on the  
training of a troop of Boy Scouts, along  
the lines directed by Lieut.-Gen. R. S.  
Baden-Powell.

The training the boys receive in this  
course is meeting with hearty approval  
and co-operation in all the large cities  
and towns in Canada. It consists  
mainly in preparing the boys to rely  
upon themselves under difficult circum-  
stances, and also to develop their pow-  
ers of observation. The boys work in  
patrols of six members, each patrol hav-  
ing a leader, and the troop is under the  
direction of a Scoutmaster. Enrolled  
as "tenderfoot," they are to pass a test  
to become 2nd class scouts, and another  
test to become 1st class scouts.

The members of the Council are: Dr.  
H. H. Alger, Dr. C. F. Walt, Messrs.  
T. H. McKee, G. E. Kennedy, E. T.  
Williams, W. R. Howson, J. S. Morton,  
and R. H. Penrose was appointed Scout-  
master.

Group is most prevalent during the dry  
cold weather of the early winter months.  
Parents of young children should be pre-  
pared for it. All that is needed is a bottle  
of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Many  
mothers are never without it in their  
homes and it has never disappointed them.  
Sold by all dealers.

## Village Council

Minutes of a regular meeting of the  
Stirling Municipal Council held on  
Monday evening, Nov. 1st, at the Coun-  
cil Chamber.

Members present, W. R. Mather,  
Reeve; W. R. Girdwood, J. W. Haight  
and R. P. Coulter.

Moved by Mr. Coulter and seconded  
by Mr. Girdwood that the accounts as  
per statement of October 4th and No-  
vember 1st, 1909, as presented by Mr.  
Peeling, be paid.

Upon motion of Mr. Coulter, seconded  
by Mr. Girdwood, the following ac-  
counts were ordered to be paid:

A. McCutcheon.....\$ 50

James Currie, printing.....75 75

Pay sheet No. 5.....85 08

John E. Green, salary.....18 89

H. A. Thompson, interior wiring  
electric light.....22 50

John Green, interior wiring, e. l. 12 75

William Graine, water tanks.....175 00

Moved by Mr. Coulter, and seconded  
by Mr. Girdwood, that the Reeves and  
Treasury be authorized to hypothecate  
debenture No. 5, issued under authority  
of by-laws 254 and 255 as security for a  
loan to the amount thereof at the rate  
of 4 1/2 per annum until such times as  
said debenture is finally sold and dis-  
posed of.

On motion Council adjourned.

G. G. THRASHER, Clerk.

## Stirling School Board

Minutes of a regular meeting of the  
Stirling Board of Education held on  
Tuesday, Nov. 2nd at the office of the  
Secretary.

Members present, Chairman M. Bird,  
Geo. Labey, W. S. Martin, John Shaw,  
F. T. Ward, Dr. H. H. Alger, Dr. Bis-  
sonnette, and Dr. C. F. Walt.

Minutes of the last regular and  
special meetings were read and ap-  
proved.

Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by  
Dr. Walt, that the following accounts  
be paid: News-Argus \$8.25; G. G.  
Thrasher, \$10.65.

Moved by Mr. Ward, seconded by  
Mr. Martin, that the High School  
teachers be allowed to use the old text  
books as now in use until further  
authority and directions from this  
Board.

Moved by Mr. Ward, seconded by  
Dr. Alger that the chairman of the  
property committee look into the mat-  
ter of the leakage in the water tank at  
the High School, and have the same re-  
paired.

On motion Board adjourned.

G. G. THRASHER, Sec.-Treas.

## President of a Large Firm

We learn from a copy of "The News-  
Advertiser" of Vancouver just received  
that a former townsman, Mr. Sylvester  
G. Faulkner, is president of a company  
lately organized for the manufacture of  
wood pulp and paper. The company is  
capitalized at \$1,000,000, and has erect-  
ed a large mill at Port Mellon, twenty-  
five miles from Vancouver, where they  
have secured large tracts supplying  
unlimited quantities of pulpwood suit-  
able for the manufacture of pulp and  
paper.

The paper referred to says: "It re-  
quired men, men of the strength and  
courage of S. G. Faulkner, who accept-  
ed the Presidency of the Company when  
it was yet in its infancy, to carry out  
the work and pilot the industry on to  
success, and it is no flattery to say that  
the proud position which the company  
enjoys to-day is largely due to the un-  
tiring efforts, the indefatigable energy  
and devotion to principle which Mr.  
Faulkner has shown as the chief execu-  
tive of the Company."

The News-Advertiser publishes a  
lengthy article, giving a full description  
of the enterprise, together with portraits  
of President Faulkner and his fellow  
directors, and also of the mill now in  
operation. We congratulate Mr. Faulk-  
ner on his success, and Stirling may  
well be proud of its representatives in  
the Pacific coast city.

The present market price of Ontario  
wheat is so high that it is unprofitable  
to export flour made from it to the British  
market.

The Campbellford town Council has  
been served by Mr. John S. Fielding  
with a writ for \$4,100. Mr. Fielding  
claims his percentage on the total cost  
of the new development scheme.

Monster petitions have been present-  
ed to the Minister of Justice at Ottawa,  
praying for executive clemency for Mrs.  
Robinson. It is likely a decision will  
be made in the case in a few days.

Last week Mr. J. H. Sexton, who for  
the past two years has been principal  
of the Campbellford High School, left  
to assume similar duties at Athens  
High School. He is succeeded by Mr.  
Smith, M.A., who has been principal of  
Harriston High School.

James Robinson, the husband of  
Annie Robinson of Sudbury, was tried  
last week on the charge of murder in  
being accessory to the killing of his  
daughter's children. There was not  
sufficient evidence to convict on this  
charge, but on the charge of criminally  
assaulting his daughters he was found  
guilty, and sentenced to twenty-eight  
years in the penitentiary.

With refreshing frankness the pro-  
moter of an Alberta oil company ad-  
vertises that by buying shares in his com-  
pany is a pure speculation. The shares  
will be valuable if oil in sufficient quantities  
is found on the property near Edmon-  
ton upon which this optimistic bases his  
hopes. While even this statement may  
be questioned, for an oil field requires  
to be properly managed in addition to  
being discovered. It is undeniable that  
one of the first requisites of a prosper-  
ous oil company is to find an oil field.

When a cold becomes settled in the sys-  
tem it will take several days' treatment  
to cure it, and the best remedy to use is  
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will  
cure the cold, loosen the chest, and al-  
so leaves the system in a natural and healthy  
condition. Sold by all dealers.

The One Price to all--All the Time

# ANDERSON'S STORE NEWS

## Ladies', Misses' and Children's

## NEW FALL and WINTER COATS

All sizes, all colors and prices to please everybody.  
Come and see them. They are the best value in town.

## MEN'S and BOYS' OVERCOATS

We have all the smart styles, all new this season.  
The new Chamberlain Overcoat is a wonder at...\$10.00  
Boys' Overcoats.....from \$3.00 up

## NEW DRESS GOODS

Another shipment just received. The best goods  
that can be bought. 54 in. wide for.....\$1.00 yard

## New Net and Silk Blouses

In white, cream and black. These we buy direct  
from the makers. From.....\$3.00 to \$5.50

## FLANNELETTES

All colors and prices, from.....  
.....5 cts. to 17 cts. per yard

## UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Fall and Winter Underwear—Vests and  
Drawers to match, from.....25 cts. to \$1.25 each

Goods delivered promptly.

## Married

SHARPE-WEAVER—At the residence of the  
bride's parents, Sidney, on Nov. 3rd, by the  
Rev. H. L. Phelps, 18th St., daughter of Mr.  
and Mrs. J. B. Weaver, to Claude H. Sharpe,  
of Rawdon.

## Deaths

KINGSTON—In Stirling, on Oct. 31st, Robert  
G. Kingston, aged 78 years and 8 months.

Commander Peary visited Washing-  
ton and left with the sub-committee of  
the National Geographical Society  
records of his north pole trip which he  
has heretofore refused to permit out of  
his own custody. The sub-committee  
will not conclude its examination of the  
Peary data before the end of two  
months, when a report will be made on  
the one point under consideration—  
whether or not Peary reached the North  
Pole on the date claimed.

## Strayed

From the premises of the undersigned,  
on about the 20th of September, four  
heifer calves, three red and white, and one  
all red. Any person giving information  
that will lead to their recovery will be  
suitably rewarded.

MRS. GEO. W. McMULLEN,  
Lot 15, con. 5, Rawdon,  
Or at Sine P. O.

## Notice

Having sold my business to Mr. B. W.  
Kemp of Madoc, I am withdrawing me  
self from business by Nov. 15th, 1909.  
C. H. BOARDMAN.

## For Sale

A number of building and pasture Lots  
in the village of Stirling. Apply to  
JEROME CONLEY, Owner,  
Or to J. T. BELSHAW, Stirling.

## Poultry Wanted

Having made arrangements with Fla-  
velles, Limited, of Lindsay, to buy Poultry  
for them again this season, the under-  
signed will pay the highest market price  
for all kinds of live or dressed Poultry,  
delivered at Stirling station. Will ship  
chickens on Nov. 2nd and 10th, and tur-  
keys, geese and ducks on Nov. 30th.  
Feed your Poultry and have them in  
good condition for shipping.  
We will call on as many as possible be-  
fore shipping days.

T. J. THOMPSON,  
JOHN TANNER.

## Wanted

Highest cash price paid for Chickens,  
Ducks, Hens and Turkeys.  
E. T. GOLDSMITH

## For Service

A thorough-bred Tamworth Hog.  
A. C. SINE,  
Lot 8, con. 7, Rawdon.

## New Masonic Hall

Is now available for social and other en-  
gagements. For particulars of rental, etc.,  
see DR. WALT.

## Farm for Sale

100 Acres of fine farming land, situated  
in the township of Rawdon, 1 mile east of  
Harold P.O. 75 acres are under cultiva-  
tion, and 10 acres of good hardwood bush.  
On the premises are a good frame dwell-  
ing house with kitchen, barn 30 x 52, with  
wind-mill and cracker; good hog pen and  
drive house; a never-failing well and  
spring. 10 acres of first-class apple or-  
chard and 75 cherry trees. The farm is  
fenced and in a good state of cultivation,  
and is one of the finest locations in the  
township, being situated on a first-class  
road, and close to cheese factory, school,  
post office and store. As the owner is go-  
ing away this Farm will be sold at a bar-  
gain.  
For further particulars inquire on the  
premises  
MRS. M. LLOYD,  
Harold P.O.

## MEN'S UNDERWEAR

Extra fine quality, fleece lined, at.....50 cts. each

## Extra values in Boys' Shirts

and Drawers, all sizes

## Ladies' Cashmere and Ringwood Gloves

All colors in stock. KID GLOVES—Perrins,  
make. Every pair guaranteed.

## Men's and Boys' Mitts and Gloves

Ringwood, leather, kid and mocha, from.....  
.....25 cts. to \$2.50 a pair

We keep all kinds of

## MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Collars, Ties.....Etc., Etc.

## GROCERY SPECIALS

Fancy Polished Rangoon Rice.....6 lbs. for 25 cts.

Special Black Tea, 25c. lb. ....or 5 lbs. for \$1.00

Christie's Biscuits and Cakes always in stock.

Best Separator Butter.....25 cts. lb.

# G. W. ANDERSON

## .....SHOES.....

## Why Not Buy the Best?

THE FACT that we are breaking all records as regards sales tells better  
than anything else what the people think of "EMPRESS," "Mc-  
PHERSON" and "McCREADY" Shoes. Success of this sort isn't a mere  
happen so. There must be a reason. Buy good Shoes and you save money.  
Shoddy Shoes are dear at any price.

Ask to see our

Women's and







## Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information  
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

### SCHOOL LUNCHEONS.

Sandwich fillings are legion—meat sandwich, cold roast beef, chopped and slightly salted, between slices of white bread, chicken cut thin and salted, white bread.

Boiled ham, chopped fine, a little dry mustard. Roast veal, finely chopped, with a few olives mixed in, and brown bread slices.

Thin slices of cucumber with white bread, with salt and pepper.

Thin slices of tomato, drained of all pulp and seed, and wiped dry.

Lettuce with cream cheese spread on it, salt or lemon juice.

Celery chopped fine with a little mayonnaise or French dressing, or celery with salt and lemon juice and whole wheat bread.

Chopped green peppers mixed with cream cheese. Cream cheese mixed with nuts and served on Boston brown bread.

Stewed oysters chopped, olives chopped, white bread. Sweet sandwiches—Chopped dates with a little cream and white bread. Figs chopped fine and wet with cream, white wheat bread. Figs and nuts chopped together, candied ginger, prunes, chopped peanuts, white bread.

Tiny biscuits with slices of cold meat, with a couple of olives for a change.

Fruit salads carried in a jar, stewed fruits and custards, are a delightful addition to the luncheon, and candy prepared.

Change salad, prepare a seedless orange cut in half crosswise, take out the pulp, save the juice, make a French dressing, a tablespoonful of oil, with half a teaspoonful of lemon juice, and the orange juice, add a little salt, put the pulp in a jar and pour the dressing over it.

Fruit is a desirable part of a school luncheon, oranges may be peeled and halved, and the fruit separately wrapped.

A banana is so hearty that it requires little for luncheon, and then it must be ripe and eaten with salt. Put up the sandwiches in paraffin paper.

If hot water can be procured at school there are many good things the children can have in addition to their usual luncheon. A little prepared cocoa already sweetened, which only needs hot water to make it palatable, or one of Britton capsules which come in small boxes. They can be dissolved in hot water.

School lunches to the beginner:

1. Two lettuce sandwiches, two of brown bread, and cream cheese, two olives, an orange, cake.

2. Two chicken sandwiches, two of chopped figs, a little sponge cake, a pear.

3. Two brown bread and egg sandwiches, two of white bread, orange marmalade, a chicken drumstick, a square of fruit wafer, a peach.

4. Two of dates and white bread, and stewed prunes and chopped nuts, two chocolate wafers and two olives.

5. Two of cream cheese, lettuce, and white bread, two of preserved ginger, a little round cake, and an orange.

6. Two roast beef sandwiches, two of cream cheese, chopped peanuts, two small celery stalks, two cookies, and apple sauce.

7. Two minced ham sandwiches, two of chopped celery, with French dressing, a square of ginger bread, a pear, half a dozen marshmallows.

8. Three sandwiches of plain bread and butter, a jar of mixed fruit salad, a slice of cold meat, three ginger cookies.

9. Two of dates and nuts, a small spice cake, a jar of orange salad, a bunch of grapes.

10. Two celery sandwiches, two of chopped chicken and olives, with a little mayonnaise, ginger bread, a jar of stoned prunes.

11. Two little baking powder biscuits, sandwiches of bread and jam, a stuffed egg, an orange.

### PRESERVING.

Chili Sauce.—One peck ripe tomatoes, one-quarter peck of onions, four red peppers, one stalk of celery, chop all these. One quart of vinegar, one cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of salt, one teaspoonful of celery seed, one teaspoonful of red pepper, whole cloves, cinnamon and allspice tied in a rag, and boil in vinegar. Boil slowly two and one-half hours.

Pickling Help.—For all vegetable pickling use saccharine instead of sugar to sweeten. You will find it not only improves the pickles, but is a great saving as well. Ask your druggist for 10 cents' worth, which will sweeten from five to six gallons of vinegar.

Water Melon Pickle.—Pare and cut in fancy shapes. Put in granite kettle and pour hot alum water over and let stand twenty-four hours. Next day wash in clear, cold water twice, then boil clear water until tender. Take out and drain, then make a syrup of equal measure vinegar and sugar, some whole cloves, and stick cinnamon. Then

boil rinds in syrup until clear. Put in stone jar. Pour syrup over, cover, and seal.

Mixed Pickles.—Take three cabbage heads, two large cauliflower, one and one-half gallons of string beans, two quarts of shelled lima beans, two gallons of green tomatoes, one gallon of onions, 25 cents' worth of brown sugar, 10 cents' worth mixed pickling spice, one dozen mangoes, 100 small cucumbers, 10 cents' worth of celery, one and one-half gallons of vinegar, 5 cents worth of yellow turmeric. Slice cauliflower, green tomatoes, onions, cucumbers and mangoes and put in strong salt water overnight. Next morning take all vegetables and chop up fine with a hash knife and mix with the spice, sugar, and vinegar, and enough water to cook it. Cook until tender, not too mushy; and can. This makes thirty quarts.

Mushroom Catsup.—The warm days and cool nights encourage the wild mushroom. In many localities their cost is only the gathering of them, and mushroom catsup is cheap and delicious. To every gallon of broken mushrooms add one teaspoon of salt. Let stand for two days, stirring occasionally. Then rub through a fine sieve. To every quart of liquid allow one teaspoonful each of powdered mace and nutmeg seeds, one tablespoonful of sugar, juice of half a lemon, one teaspoonful of ground cloves. Let boil for twenty minutes, strain and bottle. A piquant accompaniment for game and pork.

Olives Oil Pickles.—Fifty medium sized cucumbers sliced thin (not peeled). Salt equal to one-third amount cucumbers. Sprinkle salt over cucumbers and let stand three hours, rinse well and drain. One quart small silver onions cut in half. Two ounces white celery seed, one-third ounce white mustard, and one-half ounce white whole peppers. One pint best olive oil, cover with cold vinegar, and stand several weeks before serving, stirring occasionally to mix the oil and vinegar. Will keep all winter without sealing. An excellent relish served with a chafing dish supper.

### BREAKFAST HELPS.

Breakfast Hash.—Chop well but not fine as for sausage any bits of cold beef, either roast, boiled, or steak, and twice the quantity of cold boiled potatoes. Add a whole or part of an onion, according to taste, chopped fine. Mix all well in the chopping bowl. Put in skillet with tablespoonful of beef dripping; add water enough to nearly cover, season well with salt and pepper; cover and cook half an hour, stirring occasionally to prevent sticking to bottom of skillet or burning.

Bacon Hint.—Soak bacon in milk for twenty minutes before frying it. Then lift it out and dip it in flour and fry in a hot frying pan sufficiently greased. The soaking in milk gives a fine consistency to the bacon, and the flour insures a crisp crust. After frying remove the bacon, pour off all grease, and stir into the frying pan one or two tablespoonfuls of flour, gradually adding the milk the bacon was soaked in, and season with salt and pepper. When the sauce is thick pour it over the bacon and serve at once. This is excellent with hot spider corn cakes for breakfast.

Creamed Cornmeal Puffs.—Mix well together one and one-half cupfuls of cornmeal, the same amount of flour, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, and one teaspoonful of salt. Beat the yolks of two eggs, add one and one-half cupfuls of cream and a half cupful of milk, and stir into the stiffly whipped whites of the eggs, and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and bake in well greased gem pans in a hot oven.

Banana Toast.—After the family are at the table, split a few bananas and boil them. Lay them on a little platter, previously heated. Butter them quickly and serve immediately. It will take three minutes to cook them, and they are delicious when hot.

### KITCHEN HELPS.

Potato Help.—After preparing potatoes for baking, rub them with bacon fat and they will bake in half the time.

Celery.—Save the nice green tops of celery, dry and pulverize, and use in soup when celery is scarce or high-priced.

Cover for Meat Chopper.—Take a round piece of cloth, run a rubber in it, and keep over the top of meat chopper; no dust and always ready for use.

Housework Itemized.—Monday, washing; Tuesday, ironing; Wednesday, chamber sweeping; Thursday, baking, window washing (if needed); Friday, downstairs sweeping; Saturday, cleaning of silver, refrigerator, porches, and kitchen.

Knife Sharpener.—Get a piece of wood ten inches long and three

inches wide, six tacks, and sheet of No. 3 emery paper. Cut the paper in three pieces lengthwise and turn over the ends of the board, tacking it there to hold it securely. By drawing it over this board a few times any blade from a carver to the small pocket knife may be given a sharp edge. When one layer of paper has lost its usefulness slice it off with a knife and there is another one ready. When all are used buy a new sheet of paper and tack on as before.

Potato Pointers.—Certain ways of serving potatoes are proper at one time and not at another, and the skillful cook never makes a mistake in this, as in the other small but innumerable rules of good serving. Potato chips, or French fried potatoes, for example, should never be served at a formal dinner. Nor would we care for mashed potatoes at breakfast. For dinner potatoes may be mashed, boiled whole, if they are new potatoes serve in cream whole, and with roast beef they may be browned beneath the meat. Breakfast and luncheon.—Potato chips, potato cakes, baked, creamed, French fried, Lyonnaise, Boston block, and "au gratin," hashed brown, and home fried. For luncheon potato puffs and potato croquettes are fancied.

### WHEN THE KAISER TRAVELS.

Takes Along Six Motor Cars — Works in Early Morning.

The Kaiser when he travels takes with him an extensive and well-furnished wardrobe. Another formidable item in his baggage is his motor cars. He never travels far without them.

During his recent sojourn at Corfu he had no less than half a dozen sent to him; five were of German manufacture, the sixth Italian. All the imperial cars are painted ivory white, and all carry horns of a different sound. While the Kaiser's wardrobe occupies a dozen domestic and about a score of other people, the cooking arrangements, which the Empress supervises, are modest.

The Kaiser, en voyage, is generally cheerful, but he takes the morning at all events seriously. He rises at six o'clock, and at seven o'clock begins work with the heads of his civil, military and naval household. At nine o'clock he does his letter writing. The royal epistles are written on specially manufactured note paper, thick and heavy, ivory white with a light lilac edging, and measuring rather less than 15 inches by a little more than 11. Compared with the Kaiser's note paper his cards are enormous. They bear the inscription: William, German Emperor, King of Prussia.

### REPAVING ST. PETERS.

Immense Work to be Undertaken in Rome.

An important work in St. Peter's has just been begun, and will occupy about ten years. It is the repaving of the vast edifice, which the feet of the crowds visiting it during centuries succeeding have worn away. It is estimated that it will cost about \$30,000 to restore the 19,000 square metres of pavement damaged, and this only represents about one-half of the total surface.

The restoration will be a work of patience, for it is intended to supply the place of each old stone with one precisely similar. But it is here that the difficulty presents itself. Where are the marbles to be obtained?

Many of the species used for the original pavement are no longer obtainable. They came from the ancient Roman temples, from the columns and tablets found buried in the earth, and to-day such finds are very rare. Nevertheless the Chaplain of St. Peter's has been able to acquire some of these rare marbles. The remaining portions will have to be sought from the quarries of Carrara.



### FIRESIDE ASTRONOMY.

Movements of the solar system showing mars' effect on the sun.—Life.

### UNCLE EZRA SAYS:

"A good many foolish people try to excuse their shortcoming by saying they ain't to blame for being born."

Tell your troubles to a policeman—if you are looking for more trouble.

### HERO OF INDIAN MUTINY.

Telegraph Operator Who Bravely Stuck to His Key.

The courage of a soldier can be exhibited in other places than the battlefield, as all know, or ought to know. Few soldiers have stuck to their post of duty in a better spirit than the telegraph operator in the following story.

He died not long since, an old man, in Calcutta, with the grand recollection that he had performed a deed which contributed greatly to save the Indian empire in the stressful days of the Mutiny.

At that time (1857) he was a mere lad, employed as an assistant in the telegraph service. His name was W. Brendish, and he sent, at the risk of his life, a dispatch from Delhi to Umballa, which bore the first news of the outbreak. This message, forthwith repeated to every town which could be reached proved of priceless value. Colonel Edward Vibart, in his "Sepoy Mutiny," tells the story of how, to quote the judicial commissioner of the Punjab, "the electric telegraph saved India."

It was the custom to close the telegraph offices on Sunday between the hours of 9 and 4 o'clock. On May 10, 1857, as the operator at Delhi was about to close his station he received a message from the Meerut office announcing an uprising in that section. At 4 o'clock, when the office was reopened, connections with Meerut were found to be interrupted.

On discovering the break in the connections, the chief sent the two lads to test the cable across the river. They found they could signal to Delhi, but not to Meerut and reported the fact on their return. It was too late to do anything that night, but the next morning, Mr. Todd, the chief, went out himself to investigate the line. He never returned, and although his fate is unknown, there is little doubt that he was murdered.

The office was thus left in charge of the two lads. Signs of trouble began to be evident close at hand. Brendish, stepping from the door, met a wounded officer, who cried out to him, "For God's sake get inside and close your doors!"

The revolt crept closer and closer. The boys felt that their lives were in danger; soon they became sure of it. But before they fled to a place of comparative safety they waited to send out to the Indian world the news of the revolt. Brendish ticked out the message which leads Sir Edward to say:

"Look at the courage and sense of that little boy! With shot falling all around him, he stayed to manipulate the message that was the means of saving Punjab."

It is satisfactory to know that the government rewarded Brendish for his services by giving him a life pension.

### CURIOUS JAPANESE FISH.

One That Uses Fin as Sail — How the Dorado is Caught.

One of the most interesting of fish of Japanese waters is the Oriental sail fish (Histiophorus orientalis). The generic name, given by Dr. Gunther, means the sail bearer and refers to the huge dorsal fin possessed by the species.

The fin stands higher than the body above it, and is used as a sail before the wind. It is a large fish ten feet in length and weighing 164 pounds. They swim about usually in pairs in rough and windy weather with the huge fins above the water.

It is a favorite food fish, and the annual catch is nearly 2,000,000 pounds. The sail fish is caught by means of a harpoon.

Another food fish known as a dolphin or dorado is sometimes caught in a curious way. The fishes congregate under a decoy bush and raft made of bamboos, and are then caught by hooks baited with squid. Or the decoy bush is surrounded by a seine net and the dolphins are driven by beating the surface of the water with sticks. This fish is eaten both fresh and salt and is as great a favorite in western Japan as the salmon is in the north-east.—The Zoologist.

### HIS WISEST POLICY

Both boys had been rude to their mother. She put them to bed earlier than usual, and then complained to their father about them. So he started up the stairway, and they heard him coming.

"Here comes papa," said Maurice; "I'm going to make believe I am asleep."

"I'm not," said Harry. "I'm going to get up and put something on."

### NOT AMBITIOUS.

"Had you no higher ambition in life than picking pockets?" asked the visitor at the prison.

"No, ma'am," answered convict 41144, "I never had no hankerin' to be a porch-climber."

Mike—"Pat, there's only wan thing will cure malaria—that's whisky and quinine." Pat (anxiously)—"Where kin ye get it?" Mike—"Th' whisky and quinine!" Pat—"No malaria."

## CURE FOR LIFE'S UNREST

How You May Be Happy, Though Burdened With Crosses.

Oh, that I had wings like a dove, for then would I fly away and be at rest.—Ps. iv. 6.

This is the impassioned cry of a soul wearied with the turmoil and struggle of life to the point of losing heart.

What is the cause of these fits of depression? One is the fatigue of work. Another cause of these depressed states is the crosses, anxieties and cares of life. It is not work so much as worry that saps our vigor. As the constant dropping wears away the granite block, so these little vexations try our courage and patience. And another cause is sin; our own misdoings. We turn aside from the right to the pleasant path. We do wrong to ourselves; we hurt our neighbors and then comes the inevitable penalty. We are smitten with remorse. We are bowed in the dust with self-reproach and shame.

### SUCH IS LIFE'S UNREST;

what is its cure? First of all, we must recognize that these discouraged moods are morbid, unhealthy and unnatural. It is weak and unmanly for us to give way to them. Life was meant to be hopeful, buoyant, joyful. Something is wrong with our life machinery and must be set straight.

We must love our work, put our hearts into it, feel that we are do-

ing our Father's will in it. Thus laboring, we will find joy and beauty and poetry and not drudgery in our daily task. The humblest life is glorified by the divine purpose.

We should look on the bright side. When our hearts drop it is because we weigh our troubles, but do not put our blessings into the balance. We magnify crosses and overlook joys that are not to be numbered. Home is the renewer of the careworn spirit. Every one should have or make a home. The power of domestic love and confidence to cheer the jaded spirit is one of the rarest treasures of the hearthstone. But above all, religion is

### THE SWEET RESTORER

of the soul. When courage sinks and spirits flag no power like faith in God can banish our weakness. To realize, then, the living purpose in our lives and His presence instantly at hand for our help, is to meet every task with cheer and every dilemma with a stout heart.

Instead, then, of sighing for the wings of a dove to fly to some shelter of rest, let us face life's duties and cares with manly spirit and eager ardor, and we shall find in it our true calling, our place of usefulness, our school of growth, our present joy and our future hope.

Rev. Junius B. Remensnyder.

## THE S. S. LESSON

### INTERNATIONAL LESSON,

NOV. 7.

Lesson VI. Paul a Prisoner—the Shipwreck. Acts 27. 27 to 28.

10. Golden Text, Psa. 34. 22.

Verse 27. The fourteenth night—Reckoning from the time of departure from Fair Havens. Since then they had been tossed on a wild sea.

The sea of Adria—An arm of the Mediterranean, including the entire stretch of waters between Crete and Sicily.

Surmised—From the change in currents or from the different sound of the waves.

28. Sounded—Doubtless the only method in ancient times of sailing in the dark. The details here have been proved to be true to fact. This point on the northeast coast of Malta is known as Saint Paul's Bay.

29. Let go four anchors from the stern—This would keep the vessel pointed toward the shore, but prevent it from being dashed on the rocks.

Wished—May be rendered also, "prayed."

30. Lay out anchors from the fore-ship—This would secure the ship fore as well as aft. In order to do this they must lower from the deck the rowboat which had been hoisted in from the stern (verse 16), and by which they hoped to save themselves.

31. Said to the centurion—Who seems to have had a great deal to do with the management of the ship.

Ye cannot be saved—Paul had assured them that God would help them to safety. But he will leave no human resource unused. With-out the practical experience of these sailors, the manoeuvring, describing later, would have been impossible.

34. This is for your safety—They would stand no chance struggling in the deep water unless their bodies were strengthened with food. The preceding verse probably does not mean that they literally fasted for an entire fortnight, but that they had taken only snatches of food and were in an exhausted condition.

35, 36. Gave thanks . . . in the presence of all—This was an act of Jewish, as well as Christian, piety. It must have deeply impressed the heathen sailors and soldiers, and did a great deal to inspire them with good cheer.

37. Two hundred threescore and sixteen—The numbering at this point in the narrative is most natural. It would be important to both the captain and the centurion to know precisely how many lives they were accountable for. The number is not excessive, though large. There were about six hundred on the vessel on which Josephus says he was wrecked.

39. Knew not the land—Being close to the shore, and the weather being stormy, even the experienced sailors might be deceived about the island of Malta, which, to many of them, was, undoubtedly, familiar.

40. Casting off the anchors—In heaving off the vessel's slightness of weight would count for a great deal. This accounts for the throwing over of grain and anchors.

Loosing the bands of the rudders—Ancient ships had two rudders, one on each quarter. These had been lifted out of the water when the anchors were cast. They are now unlash and let down into the water again.

41. Lumby says (Cambridge Bible): "The little island of Salomonetta forms with the Maltese coast near Saint Paul's Bay exactly such a position as here described. From the sea it appears as though the land were continuous, and the current between the island and the mainland (of Malta) is only seen on nearer approach. This current has raised a mudbank where its force is broken by the opposing sea, and into this bank was the ship driven."

42. Kill the prisoners—See note in Word Studies of July 11, on Acts 16. 27.

43. Desiring to save Paul—Paul's courage and resourcefulness, as well as his piety, could not fail to have impressed all on board the ship.

Chapter 28, verse 1. Melita—Some have tried to identify this with a small island, Meleda, in the Adriatic Sea. But this is improbable. The present Adriatic (Gulf of Venice) is much smaller than the one so called in ancient times. The island of Malta is unquestionably the one.

2. Barbarians—Not necessarily uncivilized, but, in the original sense, a people neither Greek nor Roman. They probably spoke a Phoenician dialect, as most of the inhabitants of Malta came from Carthage.

Received us all—Into their dwellings, is of course, implied.

3. Paul had gathered a bundle of sticks—Notice all through this story the apostle's active participation in all that concerned his comrades.

A viper—It is said vipers have disappeared from the island of Malta, but the density of the population and the clearing away of forests are sufficient to account for the fact. The creature had been numbed by the cold, and now, feeling the heat, glided forth from the fagots.

6. Swollen, or fallen down dead suddenly—This would have been the effect, apparently in a brief time, if the serpent was, as has been conjectured, the same as the English asp.

Said that he was a god—Compare the events at Lystra (Acts 14. 11), like this, illustrating the popular fickleness of judgment.

7. The chief man . . . Publius—Inscriptions show that "Protos" (the first man) is the correct technical title. Malta was part of the province of Sicily, of whose praetor Publius was legate. Tradition says he was the first bishop of Malta, and afterward became bishop of Athens.

8, 9. Sick of fever and dysentery—Technical description such as Luke, a physician, would be likely to use. This, and the statement that the rest also had had diseases came and were cured, it to be received as the testimony of an expert medical eyewitness. Paul remained here three months.

10. Honors—Doubtless in the form of money and such things as travelers would need, after losing all they had by shipwreck.

### AN OPTIMIST'S OBSERVATION.

There's some just born to worry. An' stew around an' fret. An' mostly 'bout the trouble. That hasn't happened yet.



## POPULAR SHOE STORE NEWS

**BECAUSE** you've been disappointed in some so-called waterproof shoes is no reason why you should conclude that it is impossible to make a wet-proof shoe. The soles of

### DRY SOX SHOES

Made by Geo. A. Slater Co. are guaranteed to be absolutely waterproof, and are the only firm in Canada who make a guaranteed Waterproof Shoe. If you want the best in Footwear come in and try on a pair of these

### "INVICTUS" GEO. A. SLATER SHOES

Our stock of Women's Felt and Rubber Boots is now complete. Ask to see them. They are real cosy, warm, stylish and low in price.

### "KANT KRACK" AND "DAINTY MODE" RUBBERS

The lines that have won out. The only exclusive lines of Rubbers in Canada. We have our winter stock of Rubbers now in all styles, and our timely buying has enabled us to offer the old scale of low prices on all lines of Rubbers.

We are the leading headquarters for Hand-made Boots. Shoe Repairing a specialty with us. Shoe Polish from 5 cts. up.

## GEO. E. REYNOLDS

Shoe King

P.S.—Eggs taken in exchange.

## Our Winnipeg Letter

Interesting Budget from Manitoba and the West

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 1st.—Two phenomenally heavy crops, succeeding the somewhat indifferently good yield of 1907, have produced a volume of general business throughout the West unprecedented in the history of the country. Banking, trade, building and agriculture show the effects of the enormously increased business of the West, and figures that are produced as a result of the remarkable activity that marks the fall season show plainly that development and progress of a wonderful character are taking place.

### Money Flows Freely

That sure indicator of the volume of business, the bank clearing figures, showed nearly eight millions for the five-day week ending Oct. 28, as against the corresponding period of 1907, and one day gave returns \$400,000 greater than any previous day in the history of Winnipeg bank clearings.

The figures for the five days were \$20,585,412, as against six days for \$17,895,939 last year, and \$12,614,071 in 1907. The bank clearings for November will, undoubtedly, break all previous records, as November is the big banking business month of the year.

### Fortunes in Real Estate

Real estate deals involving many thousands of dollars continue to be ordinary happenings in Winnipeg. An offer of \$85,000 a foot—or nearly a million dollars for the building—was refused for Portage Avenue property last week and an offer of \$40,000 for a Queen Hotel—with a 100-foot frontage on the avenue—was also turned down. It is not many years since the property for which the million dollars was bid, was bought for \$40,000 and has been bearing revenue steadily from that time. Farm lands are selling rapidly, too, the attention of American buyers having been attracted to excellent values obtainable within a few miles of Winnipeg.

### Potatoes Give Big Returns

Opportunities of good crop returns from such land, are made clear by the experience of a Balmoral farmer, Mr. Robin. Potatoes planted by Mr. Robin yielded 480 bushels to the acre and gave a cash return of \$129 per acre even at the very low price at which this crop was sold. Mr. Robin's wheat averaged the excellent yield of 39 bushels to the acre, but as a paying crop was far outstripped by the potatoes.

### They Come to Stay

Speaking to a Winnipeg audience one day last week, William Jennings Bryan said: "Western Canada is the only country in the world that can take the American farmer away and keep him away."

Mr. Bryan also said a good word for Canada's International Exposition that is to be held in Winnipeg in 1912, avowing his faith in such exhibitions as a means of educating the public and declared that an exposition held in Western Canada will be the means of educating thousands in the knowledge of a remarkable country of which not nearly enough is known.

### Whole West Growing Fast

The same rapid development noted in Winnipeg, is present throughout the West in varying degree. Calgary's building figures for the year show a gain of more than 300 per cent, and other towns, such as Edmonton, Saskatoon and Regina are among the prairie cities that are making mercantile history at a rapid rate.

A feature which shows the prosperity of the farmers, is the fact that many are holding their wheat for higher prices. Present prices are good, but the farmers think that future selling will bring them more money and so, being in no immediate need of the money, they are storing their grain and taking things easily until wheat prices soar.

The old, old story, told times without number, and repeated over and over again for the last 36 years, but it is always a welcome story to those in search of health—there is nothing in the world that cures coughs, colds as quickly as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Sold by all dealers.

Admiral Sir Edward Hobart Seymour, who was in command of the British fleet on its recent visit to New York, has in a letter to the London papers denied the report of wholesale desertions at New York. "The truth is," writes Sir Edward, "that the 'Inflexible' only left fourteen of her whole crew of about eight hundred behind." Within the present year Prince Louis of Battenberg and Lord Charles Bessborough have expressed their great satisfaction that cases of ineptitude and leave-breaking showed a remarkable decrease. In 1863, when Lord Charles Bessborough visited Liverpool with a squadron as a lad, out of four thousand men who went ashore only three hundred returned sober, the rest being found lying about the streets—wrong side up with care, as he termed it. In 1907, as admiral in command of the Channel Fleet, Lord Charles again visited Liverpool, and three thousand went ashore. Out of this number only three were absent from their ships when the fleet sailed.

Read the pain formula on a box of Pink Pain Tablets. If there is a better one. Pain means congestion—blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one, and see! 25 for 25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

### What's in a Name.

Episcure—Walter this steak is positively bad. It must be three weeks old. Walter—Ah, pardon, monsieur! I have made ze mistake and have brought you ze venison. Episcure—Venison? Oh, yes! Then you may leave it. (Fastes it.) Ah, to be sure, it is venison, and very nice, too—very nice, indeed!—Town Topics.

### The Poor Poet.

"My husband never gets what he should for his poetry," said the poet's wife, with a tinge of sadness. "Oh, don't be too hard on him," replied the girl absent-mindedly.—Yonkers Statesman.

Who teaches often learns himself.—Italian proverb.

## Tell Some Sick One

It Is Free If It Falls.

Will you do an act of Humanity? Will you tell some sick friend of this, my remarkable offer?

Tell him or her, that you have learned of a medicine so certain that its maker dares say to the sick, "It is absolutely and unconditionally free if it fails!"

And you, no doubt, already know of Dr. Shoop's Restorative and its popularity. For 20 years it has been a standard remedy for Stomach, Kidney and Heart ailments everywhere in America.

When the "inside" or controlling nerves of those vital organs begin to fail, it is Dr. Shoop's Restorative that has quickly vitalized, and strengthened, and brought those nerves and organs back to health again.

I do not dose the Stomach, nor stimulate the Heart or Kidneys—for that is all wrong. Dr. Shoop's Restorative goes direct to the cause of these ailments—the falling, faltering, inside or controlling nerves. And herein lies the keynote to my success.

When these nerves are again made well and strong, then that is the certain end of all such sickness.

There is a great satisfaction that I am the only physician able to say to the suffering sick, "Take my prescription for full 30 days, and if it fails to help you, the entire expense is mine—not yours."

Then why should the sick take any chance on any other medicine, whose maker dares not back it just as I do by this remarkable offer?

I also have a Rheumatic Remedy—and that remedy is covered by the same identical "No help, no pay" protective plan.

Besides, you are free to consult me just as you would your home physician. My advice and the best below are yours—and without cost.

Perhaps a word or two from me will clear up some serious ailment. I have helped thousands upon thousands by my private consultation or personal advice plan. My best effort is surely worth your simple request.

So I send you an order at once. Take the message to some sick friend.

A postal will bring the opportunity. I will have an express and trustworthy druggist to whom you can conveniently go for the 30 day test.

But first, ask me for the order, for all druggists are not authorized to give the 30 day test. So write me now and save all delays. Remember that I am not a doctor. Address: Dr. Shoop, Box 12, Racine, Wis.

Which Best Shall I Send You?

No. 1 On the Stomach No. 4 For Women  
No. 2 On the Heart No. 5 For Men  
No. 3 On the Kidneys No. 6 On Rheumatism

We learn that the policy of the cement "trust" is to reduce the staff on all the plants, and already the price of cement has been raised 30 cents per barrel. This is the policy of all monopolies to make a few millionaires and create a condition of poverty among the working classes.—Campbell Herald.

Many school children suffer from constipation, which is often the cause of seeming stupidity at lessons. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are an ideal medicine to give a child, for they are mild and gentle in their effect, and will cure even chronic constipation. Sold by all dealers.

We have yet to hear of one failure to cure where a fair trial has been given. Can be given without the person knowing it, is harmless and absolutely without taste. Mother, sister or wife, you would be doing a great work by giving this remedy to some members of your family.

We will mail a full month's treatment for five dollars. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

MORTON'S DRUG STORE

HANDS  
US YOUR  
ORDERS  
FOR

JOB  
PRINTING

THE WORK IS  
THE BEST  
THE PRICE IS  
RIGHT

Wind velocity so great that gulls were driven upon the waves and drowned by scores, was reported by Captain Chas. Saulx of the American cruiser "Taurus" in a statement to the Hydrographic Office at Port Townsend, Wash., covering experiences of Oct. 27, when bound to Puget Sound from Mexico. He estimates the velocity of the wind at a hundred and fifty miles an hour.

Read the pain formula on a box of Pink Pain Tablets. If there is a better one. Pain means congestion—blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one, and see! 25 for 25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

What's in a Name. Episcure—Walter this steak is positively bad. It must be three weeks old. Walter—Ah, pardon, monsieur! I have made ze mistake and have brought you ze venison. Episcure—Venison? Oh, yes! Then you may leave it. (Fastes it.) Ah, to be sure, it is venison, and very nice, too—very nice, indeed!—Town Topics.

The Poor Poet. "My husband never gets what he should for his poetry," said the poet's wife, with a tinge of sadness. "Oh, don't be too hard on him," replied the girl absent-mindedly.—Yonkers Statesman.

Who teaches often learns himself.—Italian proverb.

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## HARDWARE

# FLOOR GLAZE

FLOOR GLAZE for Floors For Halls  
For Parlors For Borders of Rooms  
Beautiful Shades Rich Gloss Dries Hard

## AMBERITE FLOOR GLAZE

Beats them all.

Call and buy what you require. Price, 50 cts. quart.

# L. MEIKLEJOHN

Phone No. 13

A prospector named Parker claims to have discovered a vein of almost pure quicksilver on the North Saskatchewan.

## Ontario Business College

Belleville, Ont.

Has for FORTY-TWO years maintained the highest standards in Business Education. Its students come from all parts of Canada, United States, West Indies and South America.

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W. S. MARTIN & SON,  
Insurance Agents STIRLING

## Added Energy From FIG PILLS

Comes to those who take Fig Pills. Everybody needs them NOW, because they build up the system, inspire you with new interest in life, and DESTROY THE BLUES. A box or two will work wonders on the run-down system. Get a box to-day. 25c. a box, or five boxes for \$1.00. For sale at

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PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS  
Are what you expect from the tailors hands. Perfection of fit is assured

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES  
High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built up our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suitings, Overcoats and Odd Pants. We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

JOHN M. McGEHEE

Note Heads, Envelopes,

Billheads, Circulars,

Cards, Posters,

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ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

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THE

Stirling News-Argus

Is published every THURSDAY at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Morton's drug store, by

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year

If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:

PER LINE PER WEEK

WHEN INSERTED FOR

1 YEAR, CHAS. 3MOS

Whole col. down to half col. 70, 80, 90,

Half col. down to quarter col. 50, 60, 70,

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If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such they will not be held to include Auction Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of individual members of firms, Property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$4 for six months; \$2 for three months; \$1 for two months; \$1 for one month. (One inch, \$6 per year; \$3 for six months; \$2 for three months; \$1 for one month. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be charged at the option of advertisers without extra charges. Transient advertisements, i.e., per line first insertion, 10c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specific instructions inserted till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. JOB PRINTING of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

The only nourishment that bread affords is that which the flour contains. Bread baking is merely putting flour in appetizing form.

Flour making is merely putting wheat in shape for bread making.

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# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1909.

Vol. XXXI, No.

## WEAR "WARD" MADE CLOTHES



ARE you interested in Fine Order. ed Clothes? We would like to convince you that for fit, style and finish the Ward made Suit is second to none, and your best proof would be to leave your order now. \$1500 different patterns in Suitings to choose from. Prices, \$12.00 to \$25.00. TOOKER SHIRTS—You know what that means if you ever wore one. New lines in Neckwear, Hosiery, Gloves and Mitts.

Then we have the

## "WARD" BRAND

## OF READY-TO-WEAR SUITS

If you have not time to leave your order. They are alright for Style, Fit and Finish.

Come and take a look at our

## LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S FURS

## WORKINGMEN'S WANTS

Are looked after here. Overalls, Smocks, Jackets, Working Pants.

When in doubt where to go, call at

## FRED T. WARD'S Specialist in Men's Wear

## COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

## COATS and JACKETS

Another shipment of the very latest styles, just opened. Have you seen them? If not, it will pay you to inspect our stock. We do not urge you to buy. We guarantee every Coat in this store to be this year's stock, and the latest style. Quality is No. 1. Prices lowest.

## SKIRTS

We pay special attention to this Department, and our stock will convince you. Over 50 to choose from; best material and workmanship. Prices from \$3 up. Come early and get first choice. Styles to suit everybody.

## Ready-made

Winter-weight Waists, Wrappers, Kimonos, etc. Well made and neat patterns at lowest prices.

## FRILLING

We have just opened a large range of the very newest Frilling; all the popular shades. 10 cts. per Frill, none higher.

## LININGS

Our stock of Fancy Linings is complete. Very classy patterns.

## SILKS

We carry all kinds at the right prices. New silks this week. Black Dress Silks our specialty. Black Messaline at 75 cts. and \$1.00 per yard, every yard guaranteed. Peau de Soie, \$1.00 yard, extra fine. Taffetas from 50 cts. yard up. SPECIAL—Extra heavy Black Taffeta, regular \$1.00..this week, only 90 cts. per yard; every yard guaranteed, or money refunded if not satisfactory. Chiffon Taffetas at all prices. Black Moire,—the newest thing in silk. Only 75 cts. per yard.

## Gloves and Mitts

A full line for Ladies, Gents, and Children. All new stock.

## Our Range of

Underwear, Hosiery, Toupes, Mufflers, Sweaters, etc., speak for themselves.

## Specials for This Week:

Fine lawn Handkerchiefs, fancy embroidered, reg. 15c. Our price, 10c. Fancy Collars, regular 50c. Sale price, 39 cts. Black Taffeta Silk Waists, fine quality, 3 only, regular \$3.75 and \$4.00 each. To clear at \$2.89. A rare opportunity. White Underskirts, with dust frill, reg. 50 cts. To clear, only 29 cts. Ladies' DOUBLE Woolen Mitts. Special at 15 cts. per pair 5 of the newest Frills in Fancy Box, worth 50c. box. Our price, 25 cts. These are only a few of our Money-saving Specials for this week.

Highest price for all kinds of Produce. Phone 43 Goods promptly delivered.

Will pay 9c. lb. for Chickens, dry picked, not drawn.

## THE UNITED EMPIRE BANK OF CANADA

Chartered by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

SAMUEL BARKER, M.P., President. GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

## A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT in connection with all Branches. Interest added on daily balances twice yearly.

STIRLING BRANCH—W. M. Chandler & W. S. Martin, Mgrs.  
SPRINGBROOK BRANCH—H. R. Laird, Manager

A SUB-BRANCH, in connection with the Stirling Branch, has been opened at HOARD'S STATION, and will until further notice, be open on Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week.

TAXES for the Township of Rawdon are payable at Stirling and Springbrook Branches.

## Farmers' Institute Meetings

The Department of Agriculture has arranged the November and December Farmers' Institute meetings. Speakers have been engaged and the Department is doing all that is possible to ensure success this year. The meetings do much to improve the grades of products of the farm, if the suggestions thrown out by the speakers are followed by the members. Another advantage, which the Department wishes to urge, is the comparison of results among the farmers themselves. In every community there is one man who produces grain, roots, stock, etc., at greater profit than the rest, and a discussion of methods should prove advantageous to all who are interested.

A number of good speakers have been engaged to attend these meetings, and further announcement as to speakers and subjects will be made in due time.

The meetings in this vicinity will be held as follows:

Wallbridge, West Hastings	Dec. 9
Frankford	" 10
Gilberts	" 11
Bayside	" 12
Menie, E. Northumberland	" 13
Springbrook, N. Hastings	" 14
Marmora	" 15

It will be noticed that no meeting is announced for Stirling. This is, no doubt, owing to the fact that for the past two or three years the meetings held here have been very poorly attended,—in fact, at the last one there were so few present it was thought not worth while to have a meeting at all. We believe this to be a mistake on the part of the farmers, as much valuable information respecting farm and dairy is given by the speakers who are sent to address these meetings.

## Kindly Remembered

## A Pleasant Event at Wellman's Corners

On the evening of Friday, Nov. 5th, a large number of their friends and neighbors assembled at the home of Mrs. W. Anderson to bid them good-bye, and presented Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Graham with addresses and purses containing sums of money. Both of the ladies honored replied, thanking their friends for their kind remembrance and expressing regret at having to leave neighbors whom they had always found so good and so helpful.

Rev. W. H. Clarke spoke, as he said, in behalf of the Church and the community, saying that both of the ladies would be very greatly missed in the Church and Sunday School and the community at large.

On the following evening the house was again filled, this time with young people, and an address was read by Mr. W. Heath, and Mr. H. V. Hoover presented Messrs. Fred and Bert Anderson with handsome watch fobs, and Masters Harold and Harry Anderson with Bibles. The Epworth League also presented a Bible to be sent to Miss Ilad Anderson, who is in Toronto. Mr. H. V. Hoover, on behalf of the League, expressed regret that owing to her going being unexpected by them, they had not had the privilege of presenting it to her in person. Both of the young gentlemen made suitable replies, expressing their gratitude and their regret at leaving friends so dear. Harold also thanked them for their thoughtful kindness in remembering him.

## Woman Accused of Murder

Frances Beaverstock, an unmarried woman, 30 years of age, whose parents reside in the northeast part of Tyendinaga township, was last week brought to Belleville and locked up in the city jail. The charge preferred against her is that of murder. The unfortunate woman has given birth to four children, only one of whom is alive. A near relative of the woman told Mr. W. A. Guntton, of Chatham, who is a provincial agent of the Children's Aid Society, that Frances, to her knowledge, had killed two of the children. There is no record of the children's birth or death.

The Canadian Northern Railway have floated five million dollars of bonds in London and will use the money in adding to their railway line.

Rheumatism promptly driven from the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy. Don't waste time with common remedies. A test will surely tell. In tablet or liquid form. Sold by J. S. Morton.

## Wellman's Corners

Monday, Nov. 8th.

Mr. Fred McDonald of Foxboro spent Saturday and Sunday as the guest of Miss Leona Burgess.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dunham of Campbellford spent a day last week with Mr. Dunham's sister, Mrs. C. Young.

Mr. Bert Anderson left to-day for Belleville, where he has secured a situation in the store of Ritchie & Co.

Miss Rebecca Mack is visiting friends at Hoard's station.

Mr. W. Lowery spent Friday and Saturday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morton of Campbellford are visiting their son, Mr. Hugh Morton.

Miss Blanche Fletcher is expected home this week, having completed her course in dressmaking.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Lewis Green is very ill.

Mrs. Hamilton of Stirling is the guest of her son-in-law, Mr. J. Snarr.

Mrs. J. Snarr has been summoned to the bedside of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Geo. Hamilton, who is very ill.

Mr. Geo. Weston has gone to Belleville for a couple of days.

The Quarterly service here on Sunday was largely attended. Rev. Mr. Clarke preached a thoughtful and eloquent sermon. The choir gave some beautiful selections, and the testimony meeting was very helpful.

Owing to the "King's Birthday Party" in the Orange Hall on Tuesday evening the Epworth League held their meeting on Sunday evening. Mr. G. Weston gave the topic, "Lessons for my life from the book of Hebrews," and he handled it exceptionally well. Mr. Woodward and Miss Iva Reid each contributed a solo, and there were a number of three-minute speeches given on various subjects by members of the League, all of which were intelligently and thoughtfully handled.

## Seventh-Line, Sidney

Mr. and Mrs. M. McKeown and daughter of Cobsville and Mrs. S. Barclay of St. Thomas, spent Thanksgiving with their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Chapman.

Miss Emily Parker of Stirling has purchased the Halliwell property of this line.

Mrs. Thos. Hamblin of Peterboro was visiting friends in this district, as well as her son, Mr. A. Hamblin.

Mr. Earl Playter of Weyburn, Sask., is expected home soon.

Mr. Jas. A. Bird invited a number of his neighbors to a husking bee on Thursday evening.

Mrs. S. B. Roblin and children have returned home from Belleville, after a two-week visit with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Lambie were visiting their son, Mr. Henry Lambie of Belleville on Sunday.

## Madoc Junction Items

Several from here attended Mrs. Wm. Sparrow's sale on Thursday.

Mrs. James Joby has gone to Campbellford to spend a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. J. Smith.

The apple packers have finished their work in the neighborhood. People were glad to see them going, as the season was getting late.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Joby spent Sunday at Mr. Job Reid's in Chatterton.

Mrs. E. Bennett accompanied Mrs. T. Eggleston, who is ill, to Belleville hospital last week. We hope for her speedy recovery.

Mr. B. Sparrow of Blessington visited at Mr. W. Fitchett's.

## Oak Hills

Messrs. Scott and Bell have completed their threshing operations for this year.

Mr. Percy Moore is visiting friends in Madoc.

Mr. J. N. Miller of Belleville paid Mr. D. Carl a visit last week.

Many of our local sportsmen left for the north last week in search of deer.

Taking up roots is the order of the day.

Mr. Jas. A. Rosebush, who was seriously injured several weeks ago, is improving.

## Anson News

Mr. Berton Eggleston and sister, Miss Evelyn, are attending Business College in Peterboro.

Mr. Claud Sharp arrived at Anson on Saturday evening with a charming bride, formerly Miss Ida Weaver of Glen Ross.

We wish them a long and happy wedded life.

Mr. and Mrs. B. McMullen and children of Holloway spent Sunday the guests of Mrs. G. A. Weaver.

Croup is most prevalent during the dry cold weather of the early winter months.

Parents of young children should be prepared for it. All that is needed is a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Many mothers are never without it in their homes and it has never disappointed them.

Sold by all dealers.

## TAXES

Arrangements have been made whereby the ratepayers of the Townships of

## SIDNEY and HUNTINGDON

may pay their Taxes at

## The BANK OF MONTREAL

...STIRLING...

W. R. HOWSON

Manager

## Sterling Hall

Crisp, Brisk, Autumn Winds

Bring Thoughts of

## Winter Toggery

THIS is the Store for big assortments and best values in warm outer and inner Garments of all known kinds for Men, Women and Children.

We are specialists in:

CLOTHING

FURS

UNDERWEAR

HOSIERY

And show the lines and values which must command attention.



## Boots, Shoes

## and Rubbers

Everything for everybody in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, is our motto, and our offering is the strongest aggregation of good values ever shown in Stirling.

Prices of leather and rubber goods are going steadily higher, but our timely buying enables us to offer the old scale of low prices on all lines. See our J. & T. Bell and Miss Canada lines of good Footwear for ladies and gentlemen. These makes represent the best shoe-making in Canada.

## SPECIAL VALUES:

Men's knee Rubber Boots, "Granby," sizes 7 to 10, worth now \$5.00 pair. On sale at \$4.00  
Ladies' fine Dongola Lace Boots, Blucher cut, \$1.75 value. For \$1.50 \$2.50 value. For \$2.00  
Men's Wet Weather Boot, Doctor's special, a winner at. \$5.00

## Men's Fashionable

## Winter Suits

Black and Blue Worsted in single and double breasted. Special values at \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00  
Fancy Pattern Worsteds in latest styles and patterns, at. \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50

## Specials from our

## Bedding Department

Pillows—Well filled, 6 lbs. to the pair, regular \$1.50 pair. On sale at \$1.25 pair  
Saxony Wool Quilts—In a variety of fancy patterns, size 75" x 85", reg. \$2.50. For \$1.75  
Comforters—In variety. \$1.25 to \$3.50

## Grocery Dep't Special:

"Sterling Hall" Red Rose Baking Powder, in 1 lb. cans, quality guaranteed, and your choice of a Granite, China or Glass Dish, worth 25c. each. On sale, Dish and can of Baking Powder, 25c.

## W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

## LUMBER, LATH and Shingles

A full stock of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Lath and Shingles always on hand.

Agent for the Peterboro Lumber Co. Office at the Lumber Yard.

J. W. HAIGHT

## BEST MATERIALS ONLY!

## BEST WORK ONLY!

If you want satisfaction, try us.

F. G. GAZLEY

Painter & Paperhanger







PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

STIRLING COUNCIL C.O.C.F. No. 194

Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: over Fred T. Ward's store.

DR. J. D. HISSONNETTE, C.C.  
FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer.

STIRLING ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON.

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN  
Ophthalmologist. Member Canadian  
Association of Opticians.  
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-  
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN  
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.  
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-  
geons, of Ontario.  
Office—One door north of new Bank of  
Montreal.  
Open every day. Evenings by appointment  
only.

G. G. THRASHER.

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-  
ANCER, Etc. Office in W. S. Martin's  
Block, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110

Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday  
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.  
GEO. E. MORROW,  
Rec. Secretary.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

No. 505

Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Mon-  
day in each month.

THOS. MONTGOMERY, Jr.,  
W. Preceptor.

THOS. DONNAN, Registrar.

PERSONALS.

Miss Alice Patterson is spending a few  
days with her sister, Mrs. J. O. Linn, at  
Mt. Pleasant.

Mr. Roy Lansing has returned home  
from college, having completed a com-  
mercial course and passing with honors.

COMMUNICATION

To the Editor of the News-Argus.

DEAR SIR.—Would you kindly give  
me space in your paper to call attention  
to a careless habit into which we as citi-  
zens of the British Empire and subjects  
of His Majesty, King Edward, have  
unconsciously fallen. We do not pay  
proper respect to our King when sing-  
ing the National Anthem! Worse, too,  
we do not reverence God by our actions  
while singing it.

After any public entertainment the  
audience is requested to rise and sing  
"God Save the King," and instead of  
rising and performing the ceremony  
with the dignity of which it is deserv-  
ing, we immediately begin putting on  
our coats, hunting for our hats, or  
elbowing our way to the door.

What is meant by our National Anthem?  
It is our national public appeal,  
our prayer for the Divine guidance of  
our Sovereign. In every line this re-  
quest for Heavenly care, strength and  
wisdom to be given the Head of our  
Nation is breathed, and yet we treat it  
as if it were the merest formality and  
unworthy of a minute's serious atten-  
tion.

In the militia at the first note of our  
National Anthem our soldiers spring to  
attention and salute. Why is this?  
It is not for show, but has been deemed  
a proper mark of respect. Why can we  
not at least rise and stand respectfully  
and reverently while the Anthem is  
being sung?

I am sure that we are as loyal Brit-  
ishers as any, yet we have inadver-  
tently fallen into carelessness in this  
matter, and I trust will bear it in mind  
in future.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your  
valuable space, I am,  
Yours respectfully,  
A BRITISHER.

Convictions for Illegal Liquor

Selling.

Police Magistrate Payne is very busy  
these days. On Monday a farmer in  
Seymour, named Garneau, was con-  
victed of giving liquor to a minor, and  
of having on his premises more liquor  
than the law allowed. It seems he  
had bought liquor for a "bee," and a  
boy took so much that he became in-  
toxicated. Garneau was found guilty on  
both charges, and fined about \$25 and  
costs.

Another case arising from the above  
was brought against Jas. Graham, a  
licensed hotelkeeper of Hastings, for  
having sold Garneau this quantity of  
liquor. A fine of \$40 and costs was im-  
posed upon him. This time the ex-  
chequer of the township is the better off  
in consequence of the fines.

A man named J. Wiggins, of Sey-  
mour, was brought up before Magistrate  
Payne last week for being drunk and  
disorderly and was fined. He repeated  
the act next day, and for the second  
offence he was committed to two  
months' hard labor in the counties' jail  
at Cobourg. We are informed that  
Wiggins slipped away from custody  
soon afterwards. Campbellford Herald.

Lame back comes on suddenly and is ex-  
tremely painful. It is caused by rheuma-  
tism of the muscles. Quick relief is ob-  
tained by applying Chamberlain's Liniment.  
Sold by all dealers.

Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the  
following papers at the rates mentioned:  
The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80  
The Weekly Mail & Empire, 1.80  
The Family Herald & Weekly  
Star.....1.80  
The Weekly Witness.....1.80  
The Weekly Sun.....1.80  
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25  
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25  
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....2.50  
Farm and Dairy.....1.75  
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.80

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-  
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the  
ordinary type, 10c. per line.  
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex. 4:43 a.m. Passenger 10:37 a.m.  
Passenger 4:43 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8:41 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 11, 1909.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The price of eggs is continually ad-  
vancing. They may now be classed  
among the luxuries.

Flags were flying in different places  
in the village on Tuesday last in honor  
of the King's birthday.

Those are swell Motor Overcoats Ward  
is selling at \$10, \$12 and \$15.

Stirling Lodge No. 239, I. O. O. F.,  
will hold their annual "At Home" on  
Wednesday evening, Dec. 8th.

The rooms for the transformer and  
other apparatus in connection with  
electric lighting are being fitted up in  
part of the building used as a fire hall.

A sub-branch in connection with the  
United Empire Bank has been opened  
at Hoard's Station, and will be open on  
Wednesday and Thursday of each week.

Are you wearing a "Ward Made" suit?  
If not, why not? Let us know. We want  
your business.

A Shooting Match for a lot of turkeys  
and ducks will be held on the premises  
of Mr. Wm. Bush, lot 23 in the 8th con.,  
of Sidney, on Thursday next, Nov. 18,  
to commence at 12:30.

Two well-known individuals, Chas.  
Blakely and Henry Barrow, were up  
before Mr. Bird, Esq., on Monday last  
and fined \$10 and costs each for being  
drunk on the streets.

The Federal Electrical Construction  
Co., who have the contract from the  
Seymour Electric Lighting and Power  
Co. for constructing the line in this  
vicinity, have opened an office over  
Morton's drug store for the convenience  
of their business. They are now at  
work between here and Sine.

The Toronto News has attained a first  
position among Canadian daily news-  
papers through its extensive news ser-  
vice, interesting cartoons and sane  
editorial comment. The News-Argus  
has succeeded in closing a clubbing ar-  
rangement with The News, under  
which the two papers may be procured  
by subscribers to the News-Argus for  
one year for \$2.25.

The Bell Telephone Company has  
signified its intention of extending its  
rural lines in this district, and it is  
probable that in the near future we  
shall have an all-night service. A great  
many farmers who have had "phones  
for the past year have expressed their  
selves as highly pleased with their con-  
venience and it is expected that many  
more will be installed. Those who are  
desirous of making application for a  
telephone may leave their names at the  
Central office here.

The Shredded Wheat Banquet held  
under the auspices of St. Andrew's  
church on Thursday evening was a  
decided success. The menu was both  
daintily prepared and appetizing to the  
taste. The program which followed  
was also of the usual high order. Miss  
Jest Robson again pleased the people  
with her songs, which she rendered in  
very fine voice. Several other numbers  
were given by local talent, which by  
their quality prove that Stirling does  
not need to go beyond her own borders  
to produce a good and varied program.  
The total amount cleared beyond ex-  
penses was sixty-five dollars.

Public Notice!

For the convenience of the ratepayers  
of the township of Rawdon I have made  
arrangements with the United Empire  
Bank, Stirling and Springbrook, to re-  
ceive the taxes, and they are the only  
parties authorized to sign receipts for  
same.

Signed, R. BAILEY, Collector.

Bennett-Walker Concert

The concert on Friday evening last,  
given under the auspices of the Ladies'  
Union of the Methodist church, was  
from every view-point a splendid suc-  
cess. Mr. Bennett's former appearances  
had won for him such favor that before  
the doors opened nearly all the seats in  
the body of the hall were reserved, and  
before the chairman, Mr. G. G. Thrasher,  
called the first number on the pro-  
gram, the place was packed.

Mr. Bennett again proved himself to  
be one of the most popular entertainers  
that we have ever had here. His cos-  
tumes, appropriate to each selection,  
and his impersonations of the several  
characters, added materially to the  
pleasing effect of his rendition of his  
humorous songs and character sketches.

Miss Mildred Walker also demon-  
strated marked ability both as a vocal-  
ist and a reader, and the insistent de-  
mand for her reappearance after each  
selection attested to her popularity with  
the audience.  
The Irish and Scotch airs played by  
Miss Scroggy were very much appre-  
ciated by all. As an accompanist she  
cannot be excelled.  
The superior character of the entire  
program will be a standing advertise-  
ment of the splendid entertainments  
given by the Ladies' Union, and their  
future efforts are certain to be crowned  
with success.  
The proceeds of the evening were  
\$117.10.

The Orangemen are making arrange-  
ments to hold a grand demonstration in  
Stirling on the twelfth of July next.

Annual Meeting of Horticultural Society

Minutes of the 12th annual meet-  
ing of the Stirling Horticultural Society,  
held in the Council Chamber on the  
evening of Nov. 8th.

Members present, Mrs. M. M. Potts,  
Mrs. G. Lagrow, Mrs. J. C. McGee,  
Mrs. T. H. Matthews, G. E. Kennedy,  
G. G. Thrasher, C. J. Boldrick, T. H.  
McKee, W. R. Mather, Mrs. Alger, J.  
S. Morton.

The President, Mrs. Potts, gave a  
very interesting address, reviewing the  
work of the past year and making some  
useful suggestions, such as utilizing the  
old tomb-stones by making of them a  
pergola over which vines could be  
trained, adding much to the beauty of  
the park. A look-out committee was  
suggested to aid the directors in the  
work of civic improvement, also the  
distribution of seeds and plants to school  
children, and annual prizes for the best  
kept lawns and gardens.

The auditors made their report.  
Moved by C. J. Boldrick, seconded by  
W. R. Mather, that the report be re-  
ceived and adopted. Carried.

Moved by G. G. Thrasher, seconded  
by C. J. Boldrick, that the following  
accounts be paid: Thos. Matthews,  
gathering and distributing plants, \$1.50;  
News-Argus, printing, \$4.40; T. H. Mc-  
Kee, expenses to Campbellford, 1908,  
\$2.50; B. Beleshaw, work on park, \$2.00;  
J. S. Morton, bulbs, etc., \$57.11.

The Reeve being present was called  
upon for an address and responded with  
some very useful remarks.

Moved by J. S. Morton, seconded by  
Mrs. Lagrow that a vote of thanks be  
given Mr. Mather. Carried.

The Chairman of the Park Committee,  
C. J. Boldrick, made his report of work  
done. Moved by G. G. Thrasher, se-  
conded by T. H. McKee, that the report  
be adopted. Carried.

Officers were elected as follows:  
Hon. Pres.—Mrs. Jas. Boldrick.  
President.—Mrs. M. M. Potts.  
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. J. D. Bissonnette  
2nd " —Mrs. G. Lagrow.  
Secretary.—J. S. Morton.  
Treasurer.—W. Laycock.

Directors.—G. E. Kennedy, Mrs. H.  
H. Alger, Mrs. M. Bird, G. G. Thrasher,  
Mrs. T. H. Matthews, T. H. McKee,  
Mrs. W. R. Mather, C. J. Boldrick,  
Mrs. J. C. McGee.  
Auditors.—T. H. McKee, G. G.  
Thrasher.

Park Committee—Officers and Direc-  
tors, in addition to Thos. Matthews and  
Dr. Alger, C. J. Boldrick chairman.  
Membership Committee—Mrs. Potts,  
Mrs. Bissonnette, Mrs. Lagrow, Mrs.  
Matthews, Mrs. Alger, J. S. Morton.  
Look Out Com.—Officers and Direc-  
tors of the Society.  
Meeting adjourned.

J. S. MORTON, Sec.

New Pipe Organ

Great interest has been manifested  
in the past two weeks in the erection of  
the fine pipe organ in the Methodist  
church. The congregation is to be con-  
gratulated upon the acquisition of such  
an instrument for their praise service.  
It is a two-manual organ built by the  
Warren Organ Co., of Woodstock and  
Montreal, containing 1,082 pipes, forty-  
two of which appear in the front, deco-  
rated in bronze and stencil. It is 20 feet  
high, 18 feet wide, and 9 feet in depth.  
The style of architecture is pure Gothic  
and the woodwork is finished in appear-  
ance as natural oak. The organ in its  
entirety is the exact size for the fine  
alcove in which it is now built, and  
gives a very tasteful finish to the whole  
north end of the church.

It is expected that the opening recital  
will be given in the evening of Friday,  
Nov. 19th, when Mr. J. H. Smith, Mus.  
Doc., of Picton, late of St. Andrew's  
church, Vancouver, will be present and  
give exhibitions of the tone and range  
of the instrument. Other talent, vocal,  
will assist to make the opening recital  
a notable musical event in our commu-  
nity.

The following is a detailed specifica-  
tion of the organ:

- GREAT ORGAN  
1 Open Diapason, metal, 8 ft. 54 notes  
2 Stop Diapason, wood, " " "  
3 Dulciana, metal, 4 ft. " "  
4 Principal, metal, " " "  
5 Harmonic Flute, metal, " " "  
6 Fifteenth, metal, 2 ft. " "  
7 Mixture (3 ranks) metal 4 ft. " "  
8 Trumpet, metal, 8 ft. " "  
SWELL ORGAN  
9 Horn Diapason, metal 8 ft. 54 notes  
10 Stop Diapason, treble wood, " " "  
11 Stop Diapason, bass wood, " " "  
12 Viol de Gamba, metal 4 ft. " "  
13 Principal, metal, " " "  
14 Hautboy, metal, 8 ft. " "  
PEDAL ORGAN  
15 Bourdon, wood, CCC to D, 16 ft. 27 notes  
COUPLERS  
16 Swell to Great Organ.  
17 Pedal to Swell Organ.  
18 Bellows signal.  
19 Balance Swell Organ.  
20 Composition Pedal.  
21 Tremolo.

A Charming Picture

Charming, indeed, is the beautiful  
picture entitled "The Soul's Awaken-  
ing," given with the Family Herald  
and Weekly Star, of Montreal, this  
season. It is difficult to find words to  
do the picture justice. It is an inspira-  
tion to look at it. There is a beautiful  
lesson in this sweet picture, and every  
home would be the better of a copy  
adorned its walls. This picture is 19  
x 24 inches ready for framing and is  
absolutely free to all who subscribe to  
that great family and farm paper, the  
subscription price of which is only one  
dollar a year. A dollar could not be  
better spent. If the picture or paper  
alone is worth more. The Family Her-  
ald should be kept busy entering new  
subscribers this season.

The One Price to all--All the Time  
ANDERSON'S STORE NEWS

We are paying 27c. for Eggs

Ladies', Misses' and Children's  
NEW FALL and  
WINTER COATS

All sizes; all colors and prices to please everybody.  
Come and see them. They are the best value in town.

MEN'S and BOYS'  
OVERCOATS

We have all the smart styles, all new this season.  
The new Chamberlain Overcoat is a wonder at...\$10.00  
Boys' Overcoats.....from \$3.00 up

NEW DRESS GOODS

Another shipment just received. The best goods  
that can be bought. 54 in. wide for.....\$1.00 yard

New Net and Silk Blouses

In white, cream and black. These we buy direct  
from the makers. From.....\$3.00 to \$5.50

FLANNELETTES

All colors and prices, from.....  
.....5 cts. to 17 cts. per yard

UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Fall and Winter Underwear—Vests and  
Drawers to match, from.....25 cts. to \$1.25 each

Goods delivered promptly.

G. W. ANDERSON

.....SHOES.....

Why Not Buy the Best?

THE FACT that we are breaking all records as regards sales tells better  
than anything else what the people think of "EMPRESS," "ME-  
PHERSON" and "McCREADY" Shoes. Success of this sort isn't a mere  
happen so. There must be a reason. Buy good Shoes and you save money.  
Shoddy Shoes are dear at any price.

Ask to see our

Women's and Girls' Oil Grain Boots, guaranteed not to rip or break.  
Boys' Boots.....from \$1.25 up  
Fleece-lined Boots for Men, Women and Children.

Buy your Shoes from an exclusive and practical Shoe man.

We are headquarters for Hand-made Boots.

Special attention given to Repairing.

J. W. BROWN  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Highest price paid for Butter and Eggs.

STOVES!

We have an extensive line of

STEEL RANGES

Both large and small in many styles. All these Ranges are  
fitted with the most modern improvements.

A large variety of high-class

CAST IRON RANGES

With Steel Ovens.

A full line of

Base-Burners and Heaters

All of beautiful design and thoroughly efficient as Heaters  
and Parlor Cooks.

All Stoves guaranteed.

Phone 25. MCGEE & LAGROW

WANTED -- AN AGENT

TO REPRESENT

THE MUTUAL LIFE COMPANY OF CANADA

IN STIRLING AND VICINITY

Liberal terms to an active man. Apply to

S. BURROWS,  
General Agent, Belleville, Ont.

THE NEWS-ARGUS

TO JANUARY 1ST, 1910, FOR 10 CENTS



# ACCOUNTS OF THE DOMINION

## Receipts and Expenditures for the Past Fiscal Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The public accounts blue book for the past fiscal year was issued on Wednesday. The main figures of the receipts and expenditures were made public some two months ago, showing a total revenue of \$85,093,404, and an expenditure on consolidated fund account of \$84,064,232, leaving a surplus of \$1,029,172. The total capital expenditure was \$42,593,168. Expenditure for railway subsidies was \$1,785,887, and the total bounties paid amounted to \$2,467,306. The net debt at the close of the fiscal year was \$323,930,279, or an increase of \$45,969,419 during the twelve months.

Details of the above revenue and expenditure are shown in the blue book as follows:—Of a total capital expenditure of \$35,546,184 on railways, \$24,892,351 were spent on construction of the National Transcontinental Railway, \$3,774,490 on improvements to roads and rolling stock on the Intercolonial Railway, \$561,906 on the Prince Edward Island Railway, \$93,427 on a survey of the Hudson's Bay Railway, and \$6,424,781 in assuming the indebtedness of the Quebec Bridge Company. On canals, the total capital expenditure was \$1,873,865, of which a little over one million was on the new Trent Canal.

Public works expenditure charged to capital account totalled \$2,532,295; the principal items being: Victoria Memorial Museum at Ottawa, \$376,867; Port Arthur and Fort William harbors, \$497,830; Quebec harbor, \$287,325; River St. Law-

rence ship channel, \$604,919; improvements at St. Andrew's Rapids near Winnipeg, \$200,023.

The total capital expenditure on railways was \$1,243,071. The principal items in the total for railway subsidies were: Canadian Northern Ontario Railway, \$556,894; International Railway Company of New Brunswick, \$189,849; Grand Trunk Pacific, \$367,249; Atlantic & Northwestern Railway Company, \$186,600.

Iron and steel bounties totalled \$1,864,614; lead bounties, \$807,433, and bounties on crude petroleum, \$260,698.

At the close of the fiscal year the deposits in postoffice and Government savings banks amounted to \$59,938,920, a decrease of \$2,042,234 as compared with March 31, 1903. The average rate of interest paid on the gross debt for the year was 2.42, as compared with 2.68 in the previous year, and the net rate of interest fell from 3.21 to 1.95. The total revenue of the Intercolonial Railway for the last fiscal year was \$9,827,069, and the operating expenses totalled \$9,328,021, leaving a deficit of \$500,982. The revenue from the passenger traffic totalled \$2,459,034, from freight traffic, \$6,429,624, and from mails and express, \$350,478. This year, under the new board of management, with improving traffic conditions and with savings effected by recent reforms, it is hoped a net betterment in the finances for the road will show that the period of annually recurring deficits has been ended.

### MRS. ROBINSON'S SENTENCE.

Has Been Commuted to Ten Years' Imprisonment.

A despatch from Ottawa says: At Saturday's meeting of the Cabinet it was decided to recommend to his Excellency the Governor-General that the death sentence passed on Mrs. Annie Robinson of Sudbury for the murder of her daughter's illegitimate children be commuted to ten years' imprisonment. In view of the appalling circumstances that confronted the unfortunate woman and impelled her to commit the crime, the Cabinet promptly decided that the death penalty should not be exacted. It was felt, however, that it would not be in the interests of justice to recommend a full pardon, as the crime was undoubtedly one of murder, and that to set a new precedent of a full pardon after a conviction for murder, even though palliating circumstances all pleaded for the exercise of mercy, would be unwise. After all the facts of the case were carefully considered and notice taken of the general sentiment of the country, as expressed in the immense number of petitions received, it was decided that the claims of justice and of mercy would be best met by a limited term in the penitentiary.

### MILLIONS FOR CHARITY.

Educational Institutions Also Benefited by Financier's Will.

A despatch from New York says: The will of the late John Stewart Kennedy, the well known financier, which was filed on Friday afternoon, disposes of an estate estimated at \$60,000,000 value, some-

what less than one-half of which is bequeathed for the public benefit, being distributed among various religious, educational and charitable institutions. The University of Glasgow gets \$100,000; the Tuskegee Institute (Brookline, Wash., D.C.), \$100,000, and the Syrian Protestant College at Beirut, \$25,000. Seven of the country's colleges receive \$100,000 each, namely, Yale, Amherst, Williams, Dartmouth, Bowdoin, Hamilton and the Hampton Normal School.

### SHOT BY COMRADE'S GUN.

Engineer Killed While Hunting in New Ontario.

A despatch from North Bay says: Robert William Dickie, a C. P. R. engineer, of Chapleau, was accidentally shot on Wednesday while deer hunting near Pogumasing on the C. P. R., 135 miles west of North Bay. The accident resulted from the gun of a companion being trailed on the ground, a twig catching the trigger, and the contents entering Dickie's back, causing almost instant death. Deceased was 35 years of age, and leaves a widow and four children.

### GEMS FROM BIRDS' CROPS.

Collection From Yukon Presented to Ottawa Museum.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Wilson Foster, a well-known mining man from the Yukon, has presented to the National Museum a collection of 10,000 specimens of minerals and precious stones obtained in the Far North. Many of them were found in the crops of ptarmigan, grouse, and other birds in the Klondyke.

## ROBBERY AT NIAGARA FALLS

### Two Foreigners Get Away With Over Fourteen Thousand Dollars.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says: A murderous assault and robbery was committed on Thursday night, when two men severely wounded the cashier of the Canadian Express Company and got away with over \$14,000. Entering the Canadian Express office at 5 o'clock, the two men asked the cashier, William Dobson, for a trunk, and while he was looking through the books stunned him with a loaded gas pipe and decamped, taking with them a package containing \$14,109. The assault took place just as the 4.55 Grand Trunk train was waiting to pull out. The express messenger on the train asked for the package of money and was made when R. B. Brown, agent for the company went into the office to find the cause of the delay. Dobson was lying on the floor in a pool of blood. A big gash in the back of the head was the grim evidence of the severity of the attack, and a piece of loaded gas pipe eight inches long, wrapped with insulating tape, the weapon with which he was attacked, lay beside him. When the assault took place the

money, which was in bills from the local banks, lay on the counter, already wrapped and sealed for shipment, and the cashier was about to take it out to the express messenger on the waiting train. Two foreign-looking men came into the office and asked for a trunk. The name they gave was a foreign-sounding one, and Dobson asked them to repeat it. One man did so, and the cashier bent down to get his delivery book to see if the name was entered. As he stooped down one of the men struck him a terrible blow on the back of the head, splitting his skull and rendering him unconscious. A minute later R. B. Brown, who had been attending to the shipment of express parcels, found the cashier lying on the floor. The package of money was gone. The police were immediately on the scene, but no trace of the robbers could be found. Three arrests have been made, but the police do not think they have got the right men. Two men who partially answered the description of the robbers were arrested at Hamilton, but they are thought to be innocent of the crime.

## LEADING MARKETS

### BREADSTUFFS

Toronto, Nov. 9.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 cent. patents, \$4.30 to \$4.35 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto, and \$4.15 to \$4.20 outside in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.00 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$4.90 to \$5.00 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.02, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.00 1/4, Bay ports.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 mixed, \$1.03 to \$1.04 outside, and No. 2 white and red winter, \$1.04 to \$1.05 outside.

Barley—No. 2 quoted at 53 to 59c outside, and No. 3 extra 56 to 57c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white new, 37 to 38c outside. New Canada West oats, 39 to 39 1/2c for No. 2, and 38 to 38 1/2c for No. 3, Bay ports.

Peas—86 to 87c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 74c outside.

Buckwheat—55 to 56c outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow 69 to 69 1/2c on track, Toronto.

Brans—\$21 in bags, and shorts \$23.50 to \$24 in bags.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$2 to \$3 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—\$1.00 to \$1.75 per bushel at outside points.

Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2.25 to \$3; extracted, 10 1/2c per lb.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$15.50 to \$16.50 a ton on track here, and No. 2 at \$14 to \$15.

Straw—\$8.50 to \$9.50.

Potatoes—50 to 55c per bag on track for Ontarios.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 11 to 12c per lb.; fowl, 9 to 10c; turkeys, 17 to 18c per lb.; ducks, 11 to 12c; geese, 10 to 11c per lb.

### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints 22 to 22 1/2c; tubs and large rolls, 20 to 21c; inferior, 17 to 18c; creamery, 26 to 27c, and solids, 24 to 25c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots, 28 to 29c per dozen for fresh, and 26 to 27c for storage.

Cheese—12 1/2c per lb. for large, and 12c for twins.

### HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 14 1/2 to 14 3/4c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$26 to \$26.50; short cut, \$27.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 16c; do., heavy, 14 to 14 1/2c; rolls, 14 1/2 to 15c; shoulders, 12 1/2 to 13c; backs, 10 to 12c; breakfast bacon, 17 1/2 to 18c.

Lard—Tierces, 15 1/2c; tubs, 15c; pails, 15 1/2c.

### BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Old crop oats, No. 2 Canadian Western, 42 1/2 to 43c; new crop oats, No. 2 Canadian Western, 41 1/2 to 42c; No. 2 barley, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 62 to 63c; buckwheat, 57 1/2 to 58c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.70; do., seconds, \$5.50; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5; straight rollers, \$5.10 to \$5.25; do., in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran, \$21 to \$22; do., middlings, \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$21; do., shorts, \$23 to \$24; pure moult, \$23 to \$24; mixed moult, \$25 to \$27. Cheese—Western 11 1/2 to 11 3/4c, and eastern 11 to 11 1/2c. Butter—Finest creamery, 23 1/2 to 24c. Eggs—Selected stock, 27 to 28c, and No. 1 candled 25 to 26c per dozen.

### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, No. 9.—Wheat—Dec., \$1.00 to \$1.03 1/4; May, \$1.01 1/2 to \$1.01 1/4; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.02 1/2 to \$1.02 1/4; No. 1 Northern, \$1.02 to \$1.04; No. 2 Northern, \$1.00 to \$1.00 1/2; No. 3 Northern, 98 1/2 to 99 1/2c. Flour—First patents \$5.30 to \$5.40; second patents, \$5.10 to \$5.20; first clears, \$4.45 to \$4.55; second clears, \$3.20 to \$3.40. Bran—In 100 lb. sacks, \$19.50.

Buffalo, Nov. 9.—Wheat—Spring wheat, unsettled; No. 1 Northern, car lots, store, \$1.06 1/4; Winter, lower; No. 2 red, \$1.34; No. 2 white, \$1.22. Corn—higher; No. 3 yellow, 66 1/2c; No. 4 yellow, 66c; No. 3 corn, 65 1/2c; No. 4 corn, 64 1/2c; No. 3 white, 66 1/2c; Oats—No. 2 white, 44c; No. 3 white, 43c; No. 4 white, 42c.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Prime beefs sold at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2c per lb.; pretty good animals, 3 1/2 to 4c, and the common stock, 2 to 3 1/2c per lb. Lean canners, 1 1/2c per lb. Springers ranged from \$25 to \$65 each. Grass-fed calves from 2 1/2 to 4 1/2c per lb.; sheep, 3 1/2 to 3 3/4c per lb.; lambs, 5 1/2 to 6 1/2c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs about 8 1/2c per lb.

Toronto, Nov. 9.—A few loads of prime butchers' steers and heifers sold at \$5 to \$5.50; ordinary fair to good loads at \$3.75 to \$4.85. Cows ranged from \$2 to \$4.65 for the better grade; common cows ran from \$1.50 to \$2.50. Stockers and feeders, \$4.50 for the choice sort. Milk cows and springers steady and unchanged. Hogs continued a steady. Lambs, \$5.50. Hogs, \$7.50 to \$8.00 f.o.b., and \$7.75 fed and watered.

## ONTARIO'S HEAVIEST MAN

Death of Jonathan Miller, the Carlow Hotelkeeper.

A despatch from Goderich says: Jonathan Miller, the heaviest man in this part of the world, and one of the best known hotelkeepers in western Ontario, died on Monday morning in Carlow, a village a short distance from Goderich, where he had been keeping hotel for the past thirty years. Mr. Miller's enormous weight made him a notable character. He tipped the scales at 465 pounds. He was 63 years of age; he leaves a wife surviving.

### DIED IN GREAT AGONY.

William Ellis, a Farm Hand, Commits Suicide by Poison.

A despatch from Peterboro' says: On Sunday night Wm. Ellis, a farm hand employed by Wm. Clydesdale of Dummer township, committed suicide by taking Paris green while the family was at church. He was found in a haymow on their return in great agony, and was moved to the house, where he died at 1 o'clock. He was an Englishman, twenty-four years of age and only two years in Canada and without relatives here. There will be no quest.

### INDIANS IN ARMS.

Trouble Is Feared on the Skeena River.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: Indians on the Skeena River are up in arms at the arrest of the ringleaders in the raid on the Government stores. White settlers are sending their families into Hazelton.

### NINE KILLED; MANY INJURED

Explosion in a Brooklyn Comb Factory.

A despatch from New York says: Nine persons were killed and nearly a score of employees injured in an explosion and fire of the comb factory of Robert Morrison and Son on Columbia Street, Brooklyn, on Monday.

### THREE MEN KILLED.

Accident on the Railway Near St. Catharines.

A despatch from St. Catharines says: Three unidentified persons were killed in almost an instant by train No. 19, due at the local station of the Grand Trunk at 8:07 o'clock on Sunday night. Exactly how the accident occurred will never be known, although it is surmised that the men were walking along the track and in getting out of the way of train No. 2, which had left the station at 8:03 going east, stepped to their death in front of the west-bound train.

### LET HIS DAUGHTER DIE.

Father Guilty of Manslaughter—Sentence Suspended.

A despatch from Brandon, Man., says: J. Williams of Virden, whose child died under Christian Science treatment for pneumonia, and who has been on trial for manslaughter as a result, was released on suspended sentence on Friday afternoon after a jury had found him guilty with a strong recommendation for mercy, owing to his ignorance and extenuating circumstances.

### A WONDERFUL ESCAPE.

Five Miners Fall With Cage—Only Two Seriously Injured.

A despatch from Cobalt says: Five miners in the Temiskaming Mine had a miraculous escape from death by falling down the main shaft in the cage on Thursday morning while going on duty. The names of the men were: Claude McIsaac, Chris. Davis, William White, John Smithers and J. McDonald. Davis and McIsaac both had fractures of the leg or ankles. All are doing nicely except Davis who, it is feared, is internally injured.

### LORD PENTLAND FOR CANADA

Persistently Reported That He Will Succeed Earl Grey.

A despatch from London says: It is persistently reported that Lord Pentland will succeed Earl Grey as Governor-General of Canada, that Mr. Herbert Gladstone, Home Secretary, will go as Governor of the South African Federation, and that Earl Crowe, Secretary of State for the Colonies, will be appointed Viceroy of India.

### TWO YEARS FOR BIGAMY.

London Man With Three Wives Pays the Penalty.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Cornelius Bloomfield, alias Wm. G. Thompson, was sentenced to two years in Kingston Penitentiary for bigamy by Magistrate Love on Friday morning. He admitted his guilt a week ago. Bloomfield was first married in 1893 to Miss Dishman in Ailsa Craig. She is now living in Detroit. In 1903 he was married in St. Andrew's Church here to Mrs. Mary Holmes, and in August last married Miss Raney, of Strathroy.

## YOUNG COWARD SHOT GIRL

### Tragic Event on Henderson Avenue, Toronto, the Other Night.

A despatch from Toronto says: Enraged because, it is alleged, she had tried to take his sweetheart away from him, George A. Neilson, a young man living at 737 King street west, on Thursday night shot and seriously injured Esther Hazell of 15 Henderson street, a nineteen-year-old girl, firing three bullets into her back and arms as she walked along a few paces ahead. The shooting took place near the corner of Henderson and Clinton streets, a stone's throw from the girl's house. As the girl fell with a moan into the arms of her escort, Neilson, who was walking with his sweetheart, Miss Alma Tucker, turned and ran down Clinton street and into a lane. He was captured by Detective Moffatt and Tipton about two hours later,

being found hiding in Miss Tucker's home at 855 Queen street west. Supported by her companions, the wounded girl was taken to the office of Dr. W. A. McFall at 163 Beatrice street, and from there removed to her home. Drs. Clutterbuck and Wagner were also called in, and the three physicians probed for the bullets. One was located in the girl's left arm, but the other two, one in her right hip and another in her right shoulder, could not be reached. The wound in the hip is the only one that may prove dangerous, as it is feared it may have penetrated the abdomen. The girl was taken to Grace Hospital in the police ambulance after the attempts made at her home to extract the bullets had failed. Miss Hazell did not lose consciousness.

### VICTORY FOR WOMEN.

Three of Them on New York's Board of Education.

A despatch from New York says: As one of the few important official acts which fall to Mayor George B. McClellan before his six years' administration closes on December 31 he appointed on Wednesday three women to the Board of Education, and thereby conceded one of the principal demands of women suffrage organizations. It is the first time in more than a quarter of a century that women have gained representation on the Board of Education, and the news, heralded through women's suffrage ranks on Wednesday night, was welcomed as a victory. In 1881 Mayor William R. Grace first recognized women's rights to be represented on the Board of Education and appointed two members. Mayor McClellan went one better than the precedent.

### CARNEGIE MEDALS.

Fifty Awards Made by Commission—One Recipient a Canadian.

A despatch from Pittsburgh says: With the regular fall meeting of the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission on Wednesday came the rewarding of fifty persons throughout this country and Canada for acts of bravery and illustrious conduct called to the attention of the commission during the past three months. One award went to a Canadian, Bertha Rattenbury, Charlottetown, P.E.I. All the others were to persons in the United States. Approximately \$33,000, 23 silver and 27 bronze medals were awarded by the action of to-day's meeting of the commission. Of the fifty heroic acts approved, fourteen of the persons responsible for them met their deaths. In these cases next of kin received the awards.

### ADDITIONS TO FREE ACT.

Minister of Customs Removes Duty on Certain Materials.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Minister of Customs has placed the following materials in Canadian manufactures upon the list of free imports:—Steel imported for use in manufacturing unfinished parts of rifles made for the Dominion Government, gun barrels, single tubes, metallic elements and tungstic acid intended for use in the making of filaments for electric lights, twine or yarn, paper used in manufactured fabrics; antimony salts for dye stuff; hypo-sulphite of soda for tanning, and rolled iron and steel rods, not more than a half inch in diameter, for making horse shoe nails.

## BOLD ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY

### Three Highwaymen Try to Capture Cashier of Rope Works, Dartmouth, N. S.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: Highwaymen nearly murdered the cashier of the Dartmouth rope works on Friday afternoon in a desperate attempt to secure \$3,000 he had in his possession. With a bullet through his face and covered with blood, George Foote, cashier of the Dartmouth rope works, drove into the company's office about 1 o'clock, after an exciting encounter with three masked men. While driving along the lonely windmill road towards the works with \$3,000 to pay the monthly salaries of the employees, three men leaped out from the bushes at the side of the road and ordered Foote to halt. Lewis Young, the driver, whipped his horses into a gallop and the team sped down the road. As they did so bullets whizzed after them, and Foote was hit in the cheek. He dropped the sat-

chel in which was the money. Fortunately the bag fell into the wagon and was safely brought to the works. A doctor was summoned and it was thought, from a cursory examination, that Foote's injuries were not serious. Dartmouth police were notified and were soon working on the case. Chief Rudland was also notified. The two highwaymen were captured by police and citizens late in the day in the woods, about three miles from the scene of the crime. The men, both of whom were heavily armed, offered no resistance, being overawed by the large number of persons comprising the posse. The prisoners are C. L. Gallagher of 273 Massachussetts avenue, Boston, and Herbert H. Hazott, who claims to be from Missouri. They are about twenty-three years of age and are dressed.



## Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information  
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

### VEGETABLES.

**India Relish.**—India relish mixed with cream salad dressing makes a nice filling for sandwiches that are served with coffee.

**Baked Cabbage.**—Boil cabbage in salt water until tender, drain and cut fine. Make a rich cream sauce, add cabbage, put in oven in baking pan, sprinkle top with cracker crumbs, bake twenty minutes.

**Potato Cakes.**—One cupful of sugar, one cupful of flour, one-half cupful of milk, one-half cupful of grated cold boiled potato, one-half cupful of chopped walnuts, two egg yolks, one teaspoonful of vanilla, one teaspoonful of baking powder.

**Tomato Preserves.**—To one pound of fruit use three-fourths of a pound of granulated sugar. Allow one sliced lemon to two pounds of fruit, first tasting the white of the lemon to be sure it is not bitter. If bitter use the yellow rind, grated, and the juice. Put the sugar on with just water enough to melt it, add the tomato and lemon, and cook gently until the tomato is tender and transparent. Cut the tomatoes around in halves, and then quarter the halves. This shape is preferable to slices.

**Spinach Dumplings.**—Clean and wash one peck of spinach. Cook in boiling water slightly salted and chop fine, then cook a four pound kidney roast of veal, kidney included, as you would a pot roast; when done remove from the bones and chop fine, adding the gravy gradually. Mix the spinach and the veal, season with nutmeg, add two eggs to bind it. Then make a dough as for noodles, using four eggs; roll in sheet, cut in four inch squares, put a heaping tablespoon of the mixture in center, and close the dough around it; then drop in boiling water slightly salted, and when done heap in dish and cover with crotons.

**Creamed Onions.**—For family of four or five persons, take seven medium sized onions. Cut the peeled onions into small thick pieces. Cover them with plenty of cold water, set over the fire in an uncovered vessel. When they boil up throw into a colander, pour over the onions more cold water, and shake well. Now they will be clean and white looking. Stew for three-quarters of an hour in just enough of water to keep from burning. Make a white sauce of one cupful of milk, one teaspoonful of flour, one tablespoonful of butter, season with one scant teaspoonful of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, and a quarter teaspoonful of pepper. Pour over the onions about ten minutes before taking from the fire. Onions cooked in this way will not have a strong taste.

### MEATS.

**Broiling Meat.**—It takes from twenty to twenty-five minutes to broil a thick piece of meat on a gas stove and even longer if the meat is very thick. Have the broiler piping hot before putting in the meat, and before lowering the gas brown the steaks or chops quickly on both sides. This will take only a few minutes, then lower the gas, very low, and give about ten minutes' cooking to each side of the meat. Remove to a hot platter and season with salt, pepper, and butter.

**Beef Brownies.**—For four in family: Two pounds of round steak, one inch thick; pound out flat, then cut in strips two inches thick and about six inches long. Make a dressing of stale bread, one egg, one onion, a small piece of butter, sage, salt and pepper to taste. Spread this dressing on the strips of meat, roll up and pin each of the brownies with toothpicks to hold them together firmly; they will then look like miniature roasts. Put some butter and lard in a kettle and when hot put the brownies in and brown nicely on both sides, then add water enough to cover; simmer one and a half hours. Enough dressing will boil out to make a nice brown gravy. Garnish the platter with lettuce leaves and slices of tomatoes.

**To Roast Beef.**—Melt three table-spoonfuls of butter, enough salt to season the meat, a little pepper, and a table-spoonful of flour must be added. When this is hissing hot, put in the roast and brown well on both sides. This holds the juice and flavor in the meat. Cover the meat with boiling water. Keep it constantly boiling. Add a little water from time to time, as needed. The gravy may have to be thickened a little according to how one prefers it.

**Veal Loaf.**—Take two pounds of lean veal, grind, put in kettle, with just enough water to cover, simmer slowly three-quarters of an hour, add butter the size of a walnut, season with pepper and salt. Remove from fire, add the beaten whites of three eggs. Drop in three whole hard boiled eggs, put in deep bread tin, set in refrigerator, when ready to serve turn out on platter and cut in slices.

**Spanish Steak.**—Round steak cooked Spanish style: Six ripe tomatoes or one can of tomatoes, four onions, two chili peppers, one and one-half pounds of round steak. First peel and slice thin the onions and fry nice and brown. Then cut steak in pieces enough for each person; then put on top of the onions and then peel or skin tomatoes and cut up fine and put on steak and cover nicely with hot water; then cut up fine the peppers, and let it boil one-half hour.

### THE SEWING ROOM.

**Sharpening Shears.**—To sharpen shears take a glass bottle with a rim at the top and with the shears try to cut off the rim. Cut right to the points each time, as the points are usually the duller and in five minutes or less they will be nice and sharp. Try it.

**Machine Hemstitching.**—Draw threads the same as in common hemstitching. Turn hem over drawn threads a little and stitch close to edge with common presser foot. If you want the row of hemstitching above hem draw threads and stitch on drawn threads close to the goods.

**Scarfs.**—A tablecloth usually wears out along the edge of the table. If the cloth is a pattern cloth there is usually a pretty border. By cutting off along the worn portions and setting two of these sides together with a strip of heavy linen insertion two very pretty dresser scarfs or sideboard scarfs may be made. An edging of lace to match the insertion is a pretty addition.

**Lingerie Waists.**—When making lingerie waists stitch a narrow linen tape down the middle of the hem, where the buttons go, and sew the buttons to this. It will prevent the buttons from tearing out of waist.

**Combination Suits.**—Instead of buying a combination suit consisting of corset cover and skirt, select both garments separately, cut off corset cover at waistline and join the two garments with a band of heading and draw ribbon through to tie. In this way a better material can be obtained in the suit for the money, and time saved in dressing.

**Boys' Knickerbockers.**—To make knickerbockers for boys from men's trousers, rip the seat, front, and inside of legs, wash, and press. Take knickerbocker pattern, pin the outside seam to similar seam in the goods, trim the front and back to fit the pattern, and cut the legs the correct length. Sew the same as new goods. All the worn parts will have been discarded and it will take but a small amount of work to finish the knickerbockers.

### THE LAUNDRY.

**Discarded Cuffs.**—Two or three sewed together make fine iron holders and holders to keep around the stove. Wash starch out before sewing together.

**To Iron Embroidery.**—Place a sock blanket or a large Turkish towel folded several times on the ironing board or table. Dampen the embroidery, lay it right side down, cover with a thin cloth, and press. This method will "bring out" the pattern beautifully. Piques and dotted swisses look like new when ironed thus on a soft, yielding surface, but the cloth covering is unnecessary for them. They should always be ironed on the wrong side.

**Ironing Shield.**—When ironing it is difficult to keep tablecloths, curtains, and sheets from becoming soiled by coming in contact with the floor. This is the way to prevent this trouble: Take a piece of muslin about four inches shorter than the ironing board and about five feet wide. Make a hem an inch wide all around. Sew a tape to each corner and finish tape with buttonhole. Put a small staple at each corner of the ironing board, put tapes through these, and button under the board. This makes a pocket under the board, which holds the garments, keeping them free from dirt.

### WORTH KNOWING.

Soaking handkerchiefs overnight in fairly strong salt water will make them wash easier. In the morning, with the clothes stick, lift them into fresh warm water, and then wash in the usual manner.

When brooms become old and worn down do not throw them away, but cut the two lower rows of stichings open. This will make the brooms more pliable and good service can be had from them.

When cooking a chicken or game in the oven roast it in the usual way until it is nicely browned, then turn back upwards and let it remain so until done. This causes the gravy to run into the breast, making it soft and tender.

Pudding cloths should never be washed with soap. Soak them in cold, then ring in very hot water, then dry them in the open air if possible.

Before using again dip them in boiling water; wring tightly, and flour well.

When giving castor oil take a small tumbler and squeeze into it a table-spoonful of orange juice; next pour in the oil, then add more juice. The oil will form a globule in the center of the juice and can be swallowed without being detected.

To spoil a carpet sweep it with a stiff, half-worn broom, but to save a carpet, dip your broom in clean, hot suds once a week, then shake it out and hang it up to dry. This will make a broom last almost twice as long as it otherwise would.

Rugs should be beaten on the wrong side, then sweep on the right side. Spots may be removed by the use of oxgall or ammonia and water, using a sponge or flannel. Slightly moistened bran is equally as good as salt in brightening rugs and carpets.

To make beefsteak toast chop some remains of beefsteak finely, moisten it with a little good gravy, season with chopped onion, pepper, and a dash of ketchup. Heat over the fire, and when very hot serve on a round of toast. Garnish with grated beetroot.

Milk puddings should be cooked very slowly, so that the grains have time to swell and so make a rich creamy pudding; in fact, milk puddings containing eggs will cook better if the pie dish is placed in a tin containing water in the oven, as this lessens the chance of their boiling too much. Two ounces of rice, etc., to a pint of milk is sufficient, otherwise it does not leave enough room for the grains to swell.

### GOOD ROADS ARE VALUABLE.

Farmers Will Find Them a Paying Investment.

The state board of agriculture reports that the winter wheat crop, the largest and best paying on record, has brought the Illinois farmer \$29,000,000. For this year's crop they will receive \$38,000,000. The condition of the corn crop at the beginning of the month was much above what it was last year, while there was an increase in acreage of 51,600 acres. Every bushel harvested will command a good price, says the Chicago Tribune.

The farmers can make no better use of a part of the money which the beneficence of nature and their own industry has brought them than in improving their roads. They have cleared off their mortgages. They do not feel the burden of taxation as they did once. They can afford to engage extensively in the construction of good roads. They could not make a better investment—one which would yield them more enduring returns.

They will get a good price for this year's crop, but their profits would be greater if the cost of moving them to the railroad stations were reduced as it would be if they had roads over which they could transport their products at the minimum of cost during any season. When the roads are impassable, as they are sometimes in many parts of Illinois, the farmer who has held back part of his produce, as so many are doing now, finds it impossible to take advantage of a sudden upturn in the market.

The gospel of good roads has been preached to the Illinois farmers for several years, but to comparatively little purpose. Now that they are doing so well it should make an impression on them.

### SENTENCE SERMONS.

The love that is not lived soon dies.

The great chances never come by chance.

They who have time to burn never light the world on the right road.

He cannot be a saint who makes the world sour.

There is always a tendency to mistake the appendix of religion for his heart.

Seeing the purpose of pain robs it of its power to hurt.

The prayer, "Give me riches and righteousness," easily gets shortened at the wrong end.

The religion that has to be warmed up once a week soon becomes a tough proposition.

He who has to manufacture his smiles finds that grudges within turn them into grins.

When the small man reaches the limits of his brain he thinks he has come to the coasts of the infinite.

He who has forgotten the life is quite likely to be carrying a chip for the letter.

The only way to keep some men straight is to give them a big load to haul.

Depend on it, the great Father does not forget when a man causes a child needless pain.

Crooked lives come from taking curves around duties.

Some men seem to combine faith in their God with pride in fooling him.

You may cut down your pants to fit your boy, but you cannot do that way with your piety.

It is a good deal easier to mourn the faults of others than it is to mend one's own.

### FOOLISH.

When a man starts out to make a fool of himself he invariably works overtime on the job.

## THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,

NOV. 14.

Lesson VII. Paul a Prisoner—in

Rome—Acts 28, 11-31. Golden Text, Rom. 1. 16.

Verse 11. After three months—If the wreck took place in the early part of November, and the time reckoned in full, the sailing would occur early in February—rather early for navigation. But a government official would be likely to take some risk.

A ship of Alexandria—At Myra, it will be remembered, they had taken a similar ship (Acts 27. 6).

The twin brothers—These were Castor and Pollux, sons of Jupiter and Leda. When they were translated to the sky they became the guardian deities of sailors. Ancient ships had such a figurehead (sign) both at the bow and at the stern.

12. Syracuse—One hundred miles north of Malta, situated on the east coast, and capital of the eastern half of Sicily. In former times it was one of the greatest cities of the Grecian world, and its kings exercised great power. At the time of Paul's brief visit it was probably in decay, the property of absentee landlords.

Tarried there three days—They must have had a favorable wind for this venturesome journey to Syracuse. The delay indicates that the wind had now shifted and was contrary. While waiting for a suitable wind to carry them still farther north it is not probable that Paul would be allowed to leave the ship, as it might sail at any moment.

13. Made a circuit—As the favorable wind did not arise, it was impossible to run a straight course (Acts 21. 1), and they had to tack, first northeast toward Italy, and then back to Sicily.

Rhegium—Modern Reggio, six miles across from Messina. In the fifth century a great city, but destroyed by Dionysius of Syracuse in B. C. 387. By Paul's time it had become once more a flourishing city, with a mixed Roman and Greek population. It was not unusual for sailors to put in at Rhegium in order to discharge their vows to the twin gods.

A south wind sprang up—A favorable wind was of the utmost importance now, in order to make a safe journey through the strong currents of the Straits of Messina, and past the notorious whirlpool of Charybdis and the rock of Scylla.

Puteoli—The great commercial port of Italy, lying on the north shore of what is now the Bay of Naples. "It was the resort of trade from all parts, notably from the East, and the corn supplies for the capital were landed here."

14. Where we found brethren—Only thirty years since the death of Jesus, and a Christian church is established in this remote place. Jews were congregated here for the sake of the trade opportunities, and these probably formed the nucleus of the Christian community.

Tarry seven days—An evidence of the good impression Paul had made upon the centurion.

So we came to Rome—Luke records the fact of the completed journey before taking up, in the next verse, a few details.

15. The Market of Appius—A sort of borough-town, forty-three miles south of Rome, on the famous highway built by Appius Claudius, and reaching from Rome to Brundisium. The Three Taverns—A second deputation of Christians met Paul here. The name is derived from the existence of three inns where travelers could refresh themselves.

Took courage—Though he had hardly come as he had expected (Rom. 1), here was evidence enough of the vitality of the faith he had longed to preach at Rome to revive his heart.

16.—We entered into Rome—One hundred and forty miles from Puteoli. Many notable monuments of the past had been seen on the way, but Luke is interested only in the spread of the gospel.

Paul was suffered to abide by himself—Due to the favorable report from Festus and the good will of the centurion, Julius. According to custom, he would be bound by a chain (verse 20) to the hand of the soldier who guarded him.

17. Called together—The chief of the Jews—Those not already Christians, so that he might make clear his position, and thus offset any false statements which might have come to them in letters.

18. Desired to set me at liberty—All his judges were convinced of his innocence. Agrippa and Festus had said as much, and Felix would have found a way to free him if the requisite bribe had been offered.

19. Not that I had sought whereof to accuse my nation—He had no desire to put his fellow-countrymen at Rome in a plight, and had appealed to Caesar simply to obtain his release.

20. Because of the hope of Israel—I am bound—Verse 19 shows that they understood perfectly that Paul

## MORE COURAGE IS NEEDED

Lesson on Heroism Drawn From the Life of the Prophet Daniel.

But Daniel purposed in his heart that he would not defile himself with the portion of the king's meat, nor with the wine which he drank. —Daniel i. 8.

Daniel stands prominent among the heroes of Bible history. The charming story of his life has been an inspiration and help to many a man in the crisis of his life.

In him was that heroic element much needed to-day. He was at a crisis. As a prisoner in a far away land two courses lay before him. One promised to make him lead a captive's life, while the other, on the condition that he smother his conscience and "go with the crowd," offered him freedom and the splendors of the king's court.

The glamour of this prospect must have thoroughly tested him, but the heroic element asserted itself, and

### HE MET THE TEST

with the decision to remain true to himself, to God and his high ideal.

Another test came tenfold in its intensity and he chose a horrible death in the lions' den rather than renounce his allegiance to Jehovah and the principles for which he had stood. In spirit he said, "Though He slay me, yet will I trust Him." God saw it and rewarded him. Out of his struggles and testing time he rose in glorious triumph.

Never was there a time in the world's history when the demand for the exercise of the heroic was so great as now. It requires more courage to be true to self, to God and to our fellow men to-day than

was referring to the promised Messiah.

21. Neither received letters from Judea—If letters were sent, it would not be strange if they were lost, a thing that happened often in the Roman world. But it is improbable that any ship could have arrived from Caesarea, bearing news, before Paul's, especially as no word would be sent to Rome about Paul before it was decided he should himself be sent.

Nor did... brethren... report harm of thee—If they had any to report, the fact that the ban upon the Jews had only recently been removed (Acts 18. 2) would deter them, as they would have no desire to expose their nation to hostile criticism by calling attention to a religious quarrel.

22. It is known to us—Evidently church and synagogue were already distinct at Rome. The expulsion of Jews under Claudius was probably the cause.

23. The kingdom of God—The Jewish way of speaking of the Messianic hope.

26, 27. From Isa. 6. 9. Words used also by our Lord against the Jews.

30. Two whole years—During this time he wrote the Epistles to the Philippians, Colossians, Ephesians, and Philemon. For the rest we must depend on hints in the epistles as to Paul's employment. Such details of justice were not uncommon. In this case, three reasons have been given: (1) loss of papers in the wreck; (2) non-appearance of accusers; (3) difficulty of finding witnesses. With Paul were Luke, Aristarchus, Tychicus, Timothy, Epaphroditus, Epaphras, Mark, Demas, for longer or shorter periods.

His own hired dwelling—Money was supplied him by the Philippians (Phil. 4. 15) and others.

31. None forbidding him—It is generally believed that Paul was released at this time, and that he suffered martyrdom a few years later.

### AN ISLAND OF DESOLATION.

Kerguelen, a No Man's Land—Belongs to France.

It is very seldom we get news from Kerguelen, the "Island of Desolation," midway between South Africa and Australia. A French ship that spent fifteen months there has just arrived in Melbourne loaded with seal-elephants. Part of her cargo she cast overboard. She literally threw oil on the troubled waters. Her captain says he never experienced such frightful weather and he would not go through it again for "his weight in gold."

He did some exploring work with rabbits, the progeny of a few left loose by a British warship in 1874. He did some exploring work and found indications of gold and coal. Kerguelen belongs to France by right of discovery, but it is practically a no man's land.

Love sometimes sneaks out at the window without waiting for poverty to come in at the door.

Faith is what makes us believe that the North Pole really has been discovered.

ever before. Our fathers died to maintain our country's honor, but it is our duty to live for it, and this requires no less of true heroism.

Indeed, that battle to defend one's self and one's country from the insidious though monster evils of social and political life, to-day requires more courage, more devotion to the cause of truth and justice, more real sacrifice than that required to face the fire of cannon and musketry on the battlefield.

### THE MAN OF HEROIC LIFE

Keeps faith in the ultimate triumph of right principles. Such a man keeps his hands clean, his heart pure and his moral and spiritual vision undimmed. With faith in God and the triumph of His truth, he stands by right principles, follows clean methods, and when the world calls him foolish he goes straight ahead and sooner or later makes for himself a place of honor and trust.

The man of true heroism does not forget that loyalty to one's convictions is an essential element in all success. The man who smother his conscience must sooner or later go down in defeat.

Daniel was first and last a religious man with a heart as loyal and true as steel. Success as the world counts it was nothing with him when pitted against success as God counts it. The times call for men of such heroism. Only by such can our social and moral life be rescued from present decay and disintegration.

Rev. Edgar T. Van Horn.

### WINE CRISIS IN FRANCE.

Excessive Consumption of Spirits in the Republic.

The excessive consumption of spirits in France is, according to several medical men who have recently given voice to their opinions, one of the main reasons for the "wine crisis" now prevailing in France.

Less than fifty years ago Frenchmen consumed per head annually less than 3½ pints of alcohol. To-day the average adult Frenchman drinks 70 pints of spirits at 100 degrees of strength—that is, almost equivalent to 165 pints of brandy—a year.

Thirty years ago France contained a wine shop or cafe for every 102 inhabitants. To-day there is one for every forty. Liquor-selling establishments in Paris number 30,000, while London, whose population is more than double, has only 6,000. Dr. Bertillon, the head of the Municipal Statistical Department, says there are 1,375,000 distilleries in France. In some parts of the country the people take alcohol as others drink water, consuming nearly two pints daily. An alarming stride of this question is the rapid strides made in abstinence drinking and the fact that children are becoming familiar with the poison.

Of a class of 49 pupils thirty recently acknowledged that they had tasted absinthe and in a class of 63 children between six and nine years of age 34 admitted they were given brandy every day. Wherever the consumption of spirits has increased the drinking of wine has decreased.

### SIMPLE SOLUTION.

The story is told of an English Army examiner, who once had before him a stupid candidate. The candidate being, apparently, unable to answer the simplest questions, the examiner finally grew most impatient, and in a burst of carcase demanded:—

"Let it be supposed, sir, that you were a captain in command of infantry; that in your rear was an impassable abyss; that on both sides of you there rose perpendicular rocks of tremendous height; that in front of you lay the enemy outnumbering you ten to one. What, sir, in such an emergency would you do?"

"Sir," responded the applicant for military distinction, "I should resign."

### INSURANCE FOR SPINSTERS.

In Copenhagen a well known artist, Mino. Wiede-Berney, has had the idea of founding an insurance company which should draw its clients only from women. These ladies are to pay a decent premium against the possibility of finding no husband. Should any of the insured ladies marry before they are 40 years of age they lose all the money they paid in. This, of course, would benefit the other policy holders of the insurance company. After reaching 40 years of age every woman who is insured shall receive an income for life, the extent of which will be determined by premiums which are available











P S—Eggs taken in exchange.

surely latter. This vital truth suggests everywhere to dis-  
countenance Dr. Shoop's Restor-  
ative test will surely tell  
Morton.

A farmer, finding a motor horse the road, took it home, determined to turn it to some use. So he taught it poultry to gather for meals at its call and all nature may be said to be smiling till one morning a motor passing the farmyard blew a loud blast. The full strength of the poultry yard instantly ran out into the road and began to pursue the car with the ardor of railway travelers charged into the refreshment room. At the end of the fifth mile fourteen pullets and three roosters succumbed through exhaustion. The rest are still running English Paner.

went, pale,  
gave her Vin-  
thrived at once; I done more for th  
in weight, color'd's advancement  
Mrs. W. H. GILM thing. Our typ  
Vincel builds **YOUR BUSINESS**  
and plump. Cha **our Printing**  
We return pe  
does not accomp  
**J. S. MORTON**

W. S. MARTIN & SON,  
Insurance Agents STIRLING

Comes to those who take Fig Pills. Everybody needs them NOW, because they build up the system, inspire you with new interest in life, and DESTROY THE BLUES. A box or two will work wonders on the run-down system. Get a box to-day. 25c. a box, or five boxes for \$1.00. For sale at

**MORTON'S DRUG STORE**

## JOHN M. McKEE

## AND

NEWS-ARGUMENTS Office

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## Stirling News-Argus

**JAMES CURRIE.**

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year  
If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will  
be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

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For ordinary business advertisements:  
**PER INCH PER WEEK**

	WHEN INSERTED FOR		
	1 YEAR. 6 MOS. 3 MOS.		
Whole col. down to half col.	7c.	8c.	9c.
Half col. down to quarter col.	8	9	10
Quarter col. down to single column	9	10	11

If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 4 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such they will not be held to include Auction Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private of Individual members.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$6 for six months;  
\$4 for three months; \$3 for two months; \$2  
for one month. One inch, \$6 per year. Pro-

Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertisers without extra charge.

Advertisements without specific instructions inserted till forbidden, and charged as-

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.  
JOB PRINTING of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

School report for October.  
 Class IV.—L Sharp, V Sharp, O Smith,  
 M Johnson.  
 Class III.—I Reid, E Smith, H Sharp, E  
 Dunkley, E Curtis, M Johnson, V Scott,  
 C Hanna.  
 Class II.—M Dunkley, I Dunkley, A  
 Rowe, L Johnson, V Hanna.  
 Pt. II.—G Linn, H Sharp, A Ashby, A  
 Sharp, L McCullen.  
 Pt. I.—C Hanna, M Dunkley.  
 Average attendance, 22.  
 Present and punctual every day—V  
 Sharp, O Smith, E Smith, I Johnson, G

In order of merit.  
V. Class—P Pounder.  
IV. Class—C Hoard, F Hubble, G Jeffs.  
Sr. III.—M Spencer, W Johnson.  
Jr. III.—N Williams, F Montgomery, A  
McAdam.  
II.—N Jeffs, E Hubble, P Hubble, A  
Liddle, D Duval, E Horst.  
Tr. II.—L Johnson, E Johnson, A Seeney  
Jr.—E Anderson, J W Pounder, A  
Horst.  
Jr. I.—C Hubble, H Salter.  
Average attendance, 21.3.  
R. MAE WILLIAMS, Teacher.

The Cabinet at Ottawa has decided to commute Mrs. Robinson's sentence for child murder to ten years' imprisonment.

The old, old story, told times without number, and repeated over and over again for the last 36 years, but it is always a welcome story to those in search of health—There is nothing in the world that cures coughs and colds as quickly as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Sold by all dealers.

## A sepia-toned illustration of a woman with dark hair, wearing a dark dress with a white apron, kneeling on the floor and kneading a large piece of dough on a flat wooden board.

The hard work of bread-making should be done in the flour mill—not in the kitchen.

When it is necessary for you to make bread by main strength, the miller hasn't done his part. His flour is not fine enough.

## Royal Household Flour

is made from hard Spring wheat—which is capable of finer grinding than any other wheat—and milled by a process that insures the finest, and most nutritious of flours. Get enough to try from your grocer.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal



## WEAR "WARD" MADE CLOTHES



ARE you interested in Fine Order. Good Clothes? We would like to convince you that for fit, style and finish the Ward made suit is second to none, and your best proof would be to leave your order now. \$500 different patterns in Suits to choose from. Prices, \$12.00 to \$25.00. **TOOKE SHIRTS**—You know what that means if you ever wore one. New lines in Neckwear, Hosiery, Gloves and Mitts.

Then we have the

## "WARD" BRAND OF READY-TO-WEAR SUITS

If you have not time to leave your order. They are alright for Style, Fit and Finish.

Come and take a look at our

**LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S FURS**

## WORKINGMEN'S WANTS

Are looked after here. Overalls, Smocks, Jackets, Working Pants.

## FRED T. WARD'S Specialist in Men's Wear

## COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

## COATS AND JACKETS

Another shipment of the very latest styles, just opened. Have you seen them? If not, it will pay you to inspect our stock. We do not urge you to buy. We guarantee every Coat in this store to be this year's stock, and the latest style. Quality is No. 1. Prices lowest.

## SKIRTS

We pay special attention to this Department, and our stock will convince you. Over 40 to choose from; best material and workmanship. Prices from \$3 up. Come early and get first choice. Styles to suit everybody.

## Ready-made

Winter-weight Waists, Wrappers, Kimonos, etc. Well made and neat patterns at lowest prices.

## FRILLING

We have just opened a large range of the very newest Frilling; all the popular shades. 10 cts. per Frill, none higher.

## LININGS

Our stock of Fancy Linings is complete. Very classy patterns.

## SILKS

We carry all kinds at the right prices. New silks this week. Black Dress Silks our specialty. Black Messaline at 75 cts. and \$1.00 per yard, every yard guaranteed. Peau de Soie, \$1.00 yard, extra fine. Taffetas from 50 cts. yard up. Special—Extra heavy Black Taffeta, regular \$1.00, this week, only 90 cts. per yard; every yard guaranteed, or money refunded if not satisfactory. Chiffon Taffetas at all prices. Black Moire, the newest thing in silk. Only 75 cts. per yard.

## Gloves and Mitts

A full line for Ladies, Gents, and Children. All new stock.

## Our Range of

Underwear, Hosiery, Toupes, Mufflers, Sweaters, etc., speak for themselves.

## Specials for This Week:

Fine lawn Handkerchiefs, fancy embroidered, reg. 15c. Our price, 10c. Fancy Collars, regular 50c. Sale price, 39 cts. Black Taffeta Silk Waists, fine quality, 3 only, regular \$3.75 and \$4.00 each. To clear at \$2.89. A rare opportunity. White Underskirts, with dust frill, reg. 50 cts. To clear, only 29 cts. Ladies' Double Woolen Mitts. Special at 15 cts. per pair. 5 of the newest Frills in Fancy Box, worth 50c. box. Our price, 25 cts. These are only a few of our Money-saving Specials for this week.

Highest price for all kinds of Produce. Phone 43. Goods promptly delivered.

Will pay 9c. lb. for Chickens, dry picked, not drawn.

## THE UNITED EMPIRE BANK OF CANADA

Chartered by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

SAMUEL BARKER, M.P., President. GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

## A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

**SAVINGS DEPARTMENT** in connection with all Branches. Interest added on daily balances twice yearly.

**STIRLING BRANCH**—W. M. Chandler & W. S. Martin, Mgrs.  
**SPRINGBROOK BRANCH**—H. R. Laird, Manager

A SUB-BRANCH, in connection with the Stirling Branch has been opened at **HOARD'S STATION**, and will until further notice, be open on Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week.

**TAXES for the Township of Rawdon are payable at Stirling and Springbrook Branches.**

## A Big Mining Deal

Bancroft Times

A big mining deal took place last week, which should have an important bearing on the future of this part of Hastings county, when Mr. Wm. Rankin of Hermon disposed of his iron property for the tidy little sum of \$100,000. The purchasers are a syndicate of Pittsburgh capitalists. Mr. Arthur Coe of Madoc was associated with Mr. Rankin in the ownership of the mine, which is said to be one of the best in Canada. The price which was paid for it would indicate that it was not bought with a view to speculation, but will likely be developed at once and made a shipping proposition. We congratulate Mr. Rankin on his good fortune.

## A Great Revival Wave

There seems to be a great wave of revival sweeping over the Presbyterian Church of Canada at the present time. In hundreds of congregations throughout the country from Atlantic to Pacific special evangelistic services are being held this winter. They began on Sunday in Peterboro, Hastings, Campbellford, Omemee, Warkworth, Norwood, Millbrook and several other towns. Following these, Port Hope, Cobourg, Grafton, Colborne, Baltimore, Cold Springs, Roseneath, and Harwood will begin and run through to the end of November. The churches in Cobourg are heartily co-operating, and a union choir of 50 to 100 voices will lead the singing. This will as usual be a very special feature of the services.

## Bancroft Marble Quarries

Mr. H. C. Hodge, president of the Hodge Marble Manufacturing Co., Toronto, and his brother, have purchased Mr. A. Riddell's interest in the marble quarries south of the village, and the prospects are that an important industry will be developed here. Mr. Thos. Morrison, Mr. Riddell's partner in the quarries, retains an interest in the new company. Work will be commenced in a small way at once, and when spring opens up a big force of men will be employed. The marble will be shipped to Toronto in the meantime, but we understand it is the intention of the new company to build a big plant here, if satisfactory arrangements can be made with the village, where the product of the quarries will be cut and polished ready for the market.—Bancroft Times.

## Anson News

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Hanna on November 15th. Miss Ida Burke of Fuller is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. A. McMullen. Mr. W. Haggerty has returned from hunting with two fine deer. Mr. and Mrs. A. McMullen spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Halloway. Miss Edith Hallett of Fuller is visiting relatives here.

## Seventh Line, Sidney

Mr. Walter Boardman returned home last week from the north with a fine deer. Mr. Chas. Miller of Chatterton also returned with two deer. Rev. C. E. Cragg of Foxboro circuit is holding revival services at Marsh Hill.

The choir of Marsh Hill intend holding a concert on Thursday evening, Nov. 25th.

Mr. W. B. Tafts of Holloway occupied the pulpit at Marsh Hill on Sunday and gave a very able and interesting sermon from Psalms 8: 4, "What is man that Thou art mindful of him, and the son of man that Thou visitest him?"

Mr. Earl Playter has returned home from the Northwest.

Mrs. Robt. Lamb and son, Edward, are visiting friends at Plinton and Cloyne.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bamber of Stirling were visiting Mr. Robert Bamber on Sunday.

The world's divorce statistics show that Japan has the greatest number in proportion to population, with the United States second, and Switzerland third. Ireland has the honor record of fewest, but Canada has the still greater honor of not being classified. Our neighbors may report that many of their divorces are for Canadians who take advantage of their laws.

Croup is most prevalent during the dry cold weather of the early winter months. Parents of young children should be prepared for it. All that is needed is a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Many mothers are never without it in their homes and it has never disappointed them. Sold by all dealers.

## Our Winnipeg Letter

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 18, 1909.—With elevators and granaries full to overflowing, wheat prices on the upward path, and weather that has been splendidly mild and open, the West is in an amiable and progressive state of mind. Despite a poor start in the spring, the wheat crop has outstripped the calculations of the most optimistic forecasters, and rolled up an aggregate that would have been difficult for the farmers to gather if it had not been for fall weather that has been both mild and prolonged. By reason of this providential dispensation of excellent fall weather, the enormous crop has been safely harvested, threshed and housed, and the fortunate farmers have had a good deal of extra time for plowing, a farming operation that was continued in even the coldest parts of the West up to Nov. 12th.

## Wheat Makes Wealth

Latest government estimates of the wheat crop place the total in the three provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta at 149,000,000 bushels, and while these figures may be a trifle high, it is not likely that there has been any serious error made by the government experts. To this must be added 185,000,000 bushels of oats, barley placed at the lowest official estimate—at 29,715,000 bushels, and three and a half million bushels of flax. Summed up, the grain crop of the West aggregates 367,814,000 bushels, and will sell for \$225,000,000, perhaps, more than that. This enormous sum of money spells prosperity for the West, and spells it big, and it is true, too, that the whole Dominion has its part in the flood of wealth turned loose by means of the western grain crops.

## Big Attraction for Settlers

Naturally, such successful seasons as these of 1908 and 1909 have attracted a deal of attention from people who were living elsewhere, and the rush of settlers into Western Canada has been unprecedented in the history of the country. From the United States no less than 5,250 came into Western Canada in the month of October, an increase of over two thousand over the same month last year. 1,708 homestead entries were made at Moose Jaw alone and there is every indication that there will be even a greater rush next spring. "Go with the crowd" is the immigrant's motto, and the crowd to-day is trooping into Western Canada with gratifying results.

## Woman's Home Companion for November, 1909

The city of Pittsburgh, the life of an actress, the franchise for women in Denver, all these are most entertainingly discussed in the WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION for November.

As for the stage, the actress who tells her story here has found that twenty pounds of weight and a good digestion are but two of the things she paid for her experience.

But women will no doubt still venture on the stage—just as women will still struggle for the ballot—in spite of the fact that in Denver (according to an article in this issue) the much-prized privilege has crumbled to dust in their hands. These women especially will be interested in the story of a club-woman, who resigned abruptly from all clubs and will never go near them again.

A new detective story by Anna Katharine Green in this issue begins well. There are stories also by Kiri Douglas Wiggin, Alice Brown and many others. And there is another chapter of Edward Everett Hales' popular reminiscences. There are also the sixteen regular departments. Especially interesting are the buyers for mothers.

Buyers of mining stock, one would think, had bought their experience dearly enough to be a warning to would-be get-rich-quick speculators. Cobalt propositions were long ago over-capitalized and yet the companies keep men out gunning for easy marks. Bystander says to boom a mining project it is only necessary to hire a special car. Fill it with newspaper men and "Scotch," and rush it to the "hole in the ground." Straightway you will see columns of "stuff," promising the most wonderful profits, declaring the most wonderful finds, and informing the public that if it wants to become rich quick it had better buy a block of stock. The thing is easy but highly immoral. It has been done again and again in connection with the Cobalts. And the trick still works. For there is always the snaking hope that you will get something for nothing, which is contrary to the law of nature and of Providence. Though the bargain hunter verily believes, by an intellectual process that there can be no actual bargains, yet hope and desire being stronger than ratiocination processes, the counters are jammed with acquisitive and frenzied women.

## Sterling Hall

Perhaps You Can Beat a Drum

BUT

You cannot beat Sterling Hall values and assortments in Winter Wearing Wants for Everybody!

MEN! LET US HELP YOU INTO

## New Winter Suits and Overcoats

Never had we a better showing.

"Progress" Worsteds Suits,—just arrived,—in the new green shades. . . . . at \$15.00, \$16.50, and \$20.00  
"Progress" Worsteds Suits in green, and browns, at. . . . . \$10.00 and \$12.50. Exceptional values.  
Boys' and Youths' Overcoats, sizes 23 to 35, from . . . . . \$3.00 to \$10.00  
Duplex Overcoats,—the two in one kind—worth seeing and buying. . . . . at \$10.00 to \$15.00  
Winter Pants for men, in Tweeds, Etoffe and Corduroy . . . . . at \$1.25 to \$2.50  
Boys' Knickers, special heavy Corduroy for cold weather, sizes 27 to 34. . . . . at \$1.25 pair

## Fur-Lined COATS

For Ladies and Gentlemen at below-value Prices for high quality Goods.

Men's Lined Coats at \$20.00, \$25.00, \$35.00

Men's best quality Beaver shell, No. 1 Rat lining and Beaver collars. . . . . Spécial at \$60.00

Ladies' Rat-lined Coats exceptional values at \$45.00, \$50.00, \$60.00



## SPECIALS IN KNITTED GOODS

Extra heavy Wool Sox, worth 25c. . . . . On sale at 20 cts.  
Heavy Elastic Rib Wool Shirts and Drawers, regular value 75c. . . . . On sale at 50 cts. each  
Heavy Navy Knitted Top Shirts, fleeced, regular 75c. . . . . On sale at 50 cts. each  
Don't forget Stanfield's Underwear, red, blue and black labels. . . . . at \$2.50 to \$1.00 Suit

## HOSIERY SPECIALS

Always the best values and qualities here in every desirable line of Hosiery. You should see the following Specials:

Fine Scotch Fingering Hose for Women and Children. . . . . at 25 cts.  
Extra heavy Scotch Fingering Hose for Women and Children. . . . . at 35 cts.  
Baldwin's Wool Hose. . . . . On sale at 50 cts.  
4/1 Ribbed Hose, extra heavy, for Boys, reg. value 25c. . . . . for 20 cts.

## SNAPS IN LADIES' CLOTH COATS

Very interesting values in Ladies' and Children's Cloth Coats at reduced prices, in latest colors and styles. SEE THEM!

## TOYLAND and CHINALAND

Toys, China and Fancy Goods for the Christmas trade are upstairs as usual. Give them a look.

## 5-ct., 10-ct., 15-ct. TABLES

Are loaded with lots of good values these days. Keep your eyes open for their pleasant surprises.

## W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

## LIABILITIES AND ASSETS, APRIL 30, 1909

LIABILITIES		
Notes in circulation.	\$ 10,155,537	
Deposits	170,838,175	\$180,993,712
ASSETS		
Specie and Dominion notes.	\$ 19,214,170	
Due by other Banks in Great Britain and Foreign Assets.	114,234,748	
Call and Short Loans in Great Britain and United States.	84,058,497	
Dominion and Provincial Government securities.	2,153,153	
Railway and other Bonds and Stocks.	3,307,011	
Notes and cheques of other Banks.	3,182,081	
Current Loans and Discounts and other Assets	82,511,982	
Bank premises.	100,000	\$307,730,141

## BANK OF MONTREAL

OPENED FOR BUSINESS NOVEMBER 3rd, 1817

Branches in this District—

STIRLING, BELLEVILLE, TRENTON, PETON, TWEED, PETERBORO

W. R. HOWSON, Manager Stirling Branch—Bank Corner







## Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information  
of Particular Interest to Women Folk.

### IN THE LAUNDRY.

**Laundry Bag.**—Take a piece of linen about twice the size of a common laundry bag, fold it and seal top it around in light blue or pink. Work the monogram in the centre of the bag. Pad both the monogram and the border heavily. Work large eyelets about two and one-half inches from the top of bag and run through these a cord to match the work. It makes a useful as well as dainty gift.

**Removing Obsolete Stains.**—Put a teaspoonful of powdered sulphur in a saucer and add a few drops of alcohol and ignite. Place a funnel over this, point upward. Wet stained linen and hold over point of funnel. Fumes will remove the most obstinate of stains. Good for fruit stains of long standing.

**Lace Curtains.**—Cut strips of strong, unbleached muslin, about one and one-half inches wide the desired length of curtains. Sew strips onto plain edges of curtains with a long machine stitch. Pin curtains into frame the usual way, and when dry the stitching can easily be ripped, (while still in frame) with sharp ripping knife. By this method the curtain edges are perfectly straight, thus avoiding the "points" always made in pinning into the edge. The same strips can be used year after year. This idea can also be utilized in laundering centerpieces on which it is difficult to obtain a straight edge.

**Peach Stains.**—The best way is to pour boiling water through stained article before washing. If this process is neglected, however, there is another that takes the stains out after article has been washed. Dampen and lay on ice in refrigerator with stain next to the ice. It may require two or three freezings, but is a simple and sure way.

**For Irons.**—Place a piece of a cedar bough upon the ironing table and occasionally rub the hot iron on the cedar, especially when ironing starched articles, and you will be delighted with the ease with which you complete your ironing. Any kind of cedar will do, but the prickly kind seems best. The cedar thus used is far more satisfactory than paraffine or beeswax or anything else we have tried.

**Soutache.**—Stretch the embroidered parts to remove all wrinkles. Iron over the braid to smooth it. You will not be pleased with the appearance of the linen beneath, but turn the garment, lay the embroidered upon a double or triple thickness of a white Turkish towel which will permit the braid to sink into its soft surface and the back of the linen, following it with a medium iron, will make it again and be as smooth as silk.

**Cure and Elevator.**—A pair of manicure scissors is good for this purpose.

### CAKES.

**Apple Cake.**—One cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of butter or lard, one cupful apple sauce with one teaspoonful of soda, one cupful of raisins, one cupful of cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful of cloves, pinch of salt, 1½ cupfuls of flour.

**Economy Cake.**—When a cake has been a failure on account of being too rich, do not throw out, but take one-half cupful of sugar, one small tablespoonful of butter, one egg, and two cups of milk. Break cake up in small pieces and stir all thoroughly until smooth. To one cup of flour add one heaping teaspoonful of baking powder and flavor to taste. This is especially good as nut cake.

**Brown Cake.**—For a delicious and inexpensive cake, especially when eggs and butter are high, the following recipe will be found most acceptable. No eggs are required: Cream together one cupful brown sugar and one-half cupful butter, add one cupful thick sour milk, one teaspoonful soda, one teaspoonful cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful cloves, one cupful or more of seeded raisins or any other fruit desired, two cupfuls of flour.

**Virginia Fruit Cake.**—One pound butter, two eggs beaten separate, two pounds dark brown sugar, two pounds flour, sifted, two pounds seeded raisins, chopped, two pounds citron, chopped, one pound currants, two cups molasses, one cup of clear, strong coffee, one cup of brandy, two tablespoonsful of allspice, two tablespoonsful of cinnamon, two teaspoons of baking powder. Cream sugar and butter; mix all together; white of eggs last. Sift flour in slowly. Bake in a slow oven for two hours. This will make two large cakes.

**Debutante's Cake.**—One cupful of granulated sugar and yolks of two eggs beaten together to a white cream. Work in slowly one-half cupful of melted butter. Add very slowly one scant cupful of milk.

Sift together three times one and one-half cupfuls of flour and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and add slowly to the mixture one cupful of finely chopped walnuts, lightly floured, one teaspoonful of vanilla, and lastly add the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Bake in a loaf tin, in a moderate oven, for one-half hour. When cool enough ice the top thickly either with boiled icing or any other kind desired.

### PIES.

**Vinegar Pie.**—Two cupfuls of sugar, scant one-half cupful of vinegar, heaping tablespoonful of flour, water enough to fill pie, a little nutmeg on top; have top and bottom crust.

**Pie Crust.**—One and one-half cupfuls of sifted flour, one-half cupful of lard (or butter), one-third cupful of ice-water, one even teaspoonful of salt. Knead as little as possible, also as dry as can be kneaded together. This makes two crusts.

**Lemon Pie Filling.**—Three-quarters cupful of sugar, one heaping tablespoonful of cornstarch, one cupful of cold water, grated yellow and juice of one lemon, one dessert spoonful of butter, yolks of three eggs, white of one. Cook carefully till it becomes a thick paste. Turn into ungreased pan and then cover with meringue. Mix the cornstarch with the sugar before adding the water.

**Cream Peach Pie.**—Mix well one cupful of sugar with one tablespoonful of flour. Make bottom crust for pie and spread with half this sugar mixture. Fill with peach slices. Cover with remaining sugar and enough cream to cover the peaches well. Bake.

### USEFUL HINTS.

Verdigris on metal can be speedily removed by rubbing with liquid ammonia on a cloth.

Bottled fruits and jam should be stored in the dark. A dry cupboard is the best for them.

Pads for stair carpets can be made from pieces of old blanket. Lay them smooth under the carpet. Beetles can be got rid of quite easily. Sprinkle their haunts with borax and they will speedily vanish.

When food cooking starts to burn, place at once in pan of cold water; it will remove all scorched taste. Greasy plates are much more easily washed if first wiped with soft paper. This also applies to frying pans.

Muslin window curtains can be made non-inflammable if alum be dissolved in the last rinsing water. To cleanse the collars of garments dissolve one part salt in four of alcohol. Apply with a sponge, and rub well.

After washing the lamp chimney polish it with dry salt. It makes the glass bright and will prevent it breaking.

For corns—The milky juice of a dandelion stalk if applied will often give relief, and cause the corn to disappear.

A vanilla bean kept in the sugar box will impart a delicious flavor to the sugar. This is a bit of advice from a French chef.

Salt thrown into the oven immediately after anything has been burned in it will make the objectionable odor less disagreeable.

Place a box of lime in the closet in which jams, preserves, etc., are stored away. It will prevent mold from gathering on the fruit.

A fruit jar rubber slipped over the projected end of a teapot lid will prevent the lid from dancing up and down when the kettle boils.

Felt hats may be cleaned by dipping a hard brush which has short hairs into spirits of ammonia. Rub well until the grease disappears.

When buying table linen, cut off a small strip of it and keep, so that the unraveled thread may be used for darning the table clothes or napkins when worn.

To glaze a tart dissolve a teaspoonful of sugar in two of milk, and brush the pastry with the mixture. This is quite as efficacious and much cheaper than an egg.

When running dices, figs or raisins through the food chopper, add a few drops of lemon juice. It will do much toward preventing the fruit from clogging the chopper.

For the sink, there is no better cleanser than two gallons of boiling water in which has been dissolved two tablespoonfuls of soda and two teaspoonfuls of rock ammonia.

Worn brooms or whisks may be dipped into hot water and uneven edges trimmed with shears. This makes the straws harder, and the trimming makes the broom almost as good as new.

Salt moistened with vinegar will remove burnt marks from enamelled saucepans and dishes, but don't forget they should be soaked in cold water for a few hours first to loosen the stains.

## STERN AND NARROW LIFE.

Grand Duke Constantinovich Becomes a Monk.

The Grand Duke Dmitri Constantinovich, cousin of the Czar of Russia, has suddenly announced his intention of abandoning his immense fortune and entering a monastery.

As son of a Czar's brother, Dmitri Constantinovich was born in the midst of unlimited luxury. His high rank gave him the usual benefits of an army of servants, courtiers, and slaves, the richest of rooms, the heaviest of gold plate, and the most splendid of jewels. Large tracts of forests were his; mines filled with gems and farms populated with a thousand slaves belonged to him. Dmitri Constantinovich enjoyed his wealth to the utmost. But it is said that satiety has brought a distaste for things worldly.

Were he an Anglo-Saxon, he would talk about the simple life. As it is, he chooses to retire from the world altogether and live as a monk. He takes no evidence of his wealth with him. The endowments he will give to the monastery are not for his use, but for the poor. His earthly possessions are to consist of a wooden bed without a mattress, a blanket of coarse brown wool to cover him, a pillow of wood, with a niche carved for the neck, a rush-bottomed chair, a wooden candlestick, one pair of wooden patens, one haircloth shirt, one cassock of coarse wool, a cowl, and a rosary.

During more than three months in the year he will eat neither meat, eggs, butter, cheese, nor fish. His fare will, at such times, consist of barley boiled in water, cakes fried in oil, and black bread. At other times he will eat broth, a slice of boiled beef, or an egg.

He will keep his own cell clean and cultivate with his own hands the little garden allotted to him. He will rise for prayers at two in the night and get up at six for the day. He will not talk to his brother monks in the refectory except on rare occasions, when called upon to do so by the abbot.

His name, let alone his title, is to be left outside, and he is to be known to the other inmates by a new one, chosen on his entrance. This life, to one who has had all that wealth, birth, and social position can give, would seem to be somewhat stern and narrow, and yet Dmitri Constantinovich has deliberately chosen it.

## FORTY YEARS IN EXILE.

Capt. O'Meagher Condon's Reception in Manchester.

Manchester Irishmen in their thousands gave a welcome recently to Captain O'Meagher Condon, who 42 years ago was sentenced to death for his share in the Manchester Fenian outrage in which Police Sergeant Brett was killed, but was reprieved and condemned to penal servitude.

After eleven years of this sentence Captain Condon, who was an American citizen, was released on condition that he did not return to Ireland for twenty years. It is eleven years since this ban expired, and now on his return he has been received by Irishmen with open arms.

Captain Condon was the organizer of the plot in 1867 to release two noted Fenians, Colonel Kelly and Captain Deasy, from custody at Manchester. They were being driven along Hyde road in the prison van, when a band of armed men appeared. The horses in the van were killed, and two constables in charge were wounded. Sergeant Brett, who was inside the van, refused to open the door, and he was shot, it is believed, by a bullet fired through the door.

A female prisoner in the van handed out the keys, and Kelly and Deasy were released and got clear away, and, so far as the public is concerned, were never heard of again. Twenty-three persons were arrested in connection with the crime, and, of these five, including Captain Condon, were sentenced to death. Seven others were sentenced to penal servitude. Maguire was pardoned, and Condon reprieved, but the other three—the "Manchester martyrs"—were executed.

## DIVISION OF LAND SURFACE.

Asia comprises 32 per cent. of the total land surface of the globe, and has a population of 820,000,000; America comprises 28 per cent., population 125,000,000; Africa 22 per cent., population 130,000,000; Europe 7 per cent., population 380,000,000; Australia 6 per cent., population 5,000,000. Three-fourths of the area of Japan is mountainous, and less than 16 per cent. is under cultivation.

## GOOD REASON.

Hannah: "Yes'm, but if I do youah laundry work, ma'am, I must have de undahstandin' dat my husband collects de pay."

The lady: "But why can't you collect it yourself, Hannah?"

Hannah: "Well, you see, ma'am, I don't want to rob de ol' man of de only job he's evah likely to get."

## THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,  
NOV. 21.

Lesson VIII. Paul's Story of His Life, 2 Cor. 11. 21 to 12. 10.

Golden Text, 2 Cor. 12. 9.

Verses 21. I speak—Paul has been making a defense of his ministry (chapters 10-13 comprising the full statement) against charges of weakness and cowardice. In chapter 11 he enters the lists against the false teachers of Corinth. They have glorified themselves before the church, and Paul, though deprecating such a course as folly, to which he is only driven by a desire to rout his adversaries, adopt their tactics, and begins a forced commendation of himself. Thus he exposes the emptiness of the claims made by these Judaizers, and reminds his disciples of what they have forgotten—the independence and sacrifices of his service, upon which his authority as an apostle are based.

Disparagement, as though he had been weak—Paul waives all right to the exercise of such arbitrary authority as the false apostles have claimed and the Corinthians have blindly endured (verse 20). He is willing to concede his own weakness if their high-handed actions are the measure of strength. Still, though seeing that to speak in such a way is foolishness, if they have any ground for their bold pretensions, he has as much ground.

22. Here the boasting to which he is compelled begins. His foes rest their case upon their Jewish origin. Three terms are used in a rising scale. Hebrews refers to their nationality, together with the greatness of their past. In Israelites are implied the peculiar privileges of a people called God's (compare Rom. 9. 4, 5). Seed of Abraham is a way of describing the direct and exclusive interest of the Jews in the fulfillment of the promises (John 8. 39). Pride of race was one of the strongest marks of the apostle, and it is with hot passion he says "So am I" to men who charge him with being faithless to his natural prerogatives.

23. Ministers of Christ—Paul does not admit that they are, but, as they rate themselves as such, he is willing to make a comparison, even if his boast does seem like that of a man bereft of his senses (beside himself).

I more—If, as a Jew, he is equal to his enemies, as a minister, he claims superior authority. As a matter of fact, though he speaks of labors and prisons more abundantly, there is no comparison, and the apostle neglects to make any. His service is unparalleled.

In deaths—Various occasions when he was in danger of death (Acts 14. 19).

24-33. "The most vivid light we have on the apostolic age and the apostolic career."

24. Of the Jews forty stripes save one—A Jewish punishment. Only thirty-nine were given, as a precaution against violating the legal number, forty. Luke gives no account of the five times Paul endured this torture (compare 2 Cor. 4. 10). It shows how fragmentary is the history found in the book of the Acts.

25. Thrice... beaten with rods—Roman punishment. Only one is mentioned by Luke, that at Philippi (Acts 16. 22). See Word Studies for July 11.

Once... stoned—At Lystra, at the instigation of Jews (Acts 14. 19). Thrice I suffered shipwreck—Not mentioned in Acts, as that described in chapter 27 came after the writing of this epistle. Five other sea journeys are recorded in Acts. Probably there were still others.

In the deep—Another unrecorded experience. On a raft or piece of wreckage, is meant.

26. The ungrammatical form of this verse shows the deep emotion of the writer. The eightfold repetition of perils indicates that he was secure nowhere. In his journeyings he often had to cross rivers at the risk of his life, and in many parts of Syria and Asia Minor he would encounter robbers. The account in Acts abounds in the hatred which his countrymen bore him for his teaching, and shows how they stirred the Gentiles to violence. Harder to bear, and so last mentioned, was the apostasy of false brethren (Phil. 3. 18).

27. Labor and travail—In 1 Thess. 2, 9, and 2 Thess. 3. 8, these same words are used together in referring to his plying his trade. He worked at tent-making by night as well as by day, which may explain his watchings often, though we know he gave up his sleep for preaching and prayer (Acts 20. 31; 1 Thess. 3. 10).

28. Besides those things that are without—The second reading of the margin, "The things that come out of course" gives the clearest meaning; as we would say: "Not to speak of identical matters." The perils he has mentioned are only a part of the outward troubles which he leaves unspecified.

29. Weak, and I... not weak!—By sympathy, he identifies himself

## THEY ARE ANGELS FOR ALL

For the Child, the Man, the Family, the State, the Church.

Their angels always see the face of my Father who is in heaven.—Matt. xviii. 10.

Always, and not less now, men consciously or unconsciously, have turned inquiring glances toward that other world where the Deity reigns and His cohorts deploy their activity in His service.

This curiosity has never been shaken off. It is an inheritance of our nature, and, be he religious or irreligious, every one is helpless against its resistless fascination. It is all no weak proof that this haunting desire springs from the fact that we have not been made for this world, but are destined, thanks to the gracious God therefore, for a goal higher and more lasting.

Men run in vain solicitings to science and to uncredentialed oracles for some utterance to satisfy this restless, chafing curiosity, when with Bible in hand, every reverent Christian may in prayerful meditation learn all that it behooves to know, and more than frustrated attempts or blatant charity can ever reveal.

### INNUMERABLE PASSAGES

In holy writ give the story of that supermundane sphere. Therein is recounted the rebellion against the omnipotent, the deaf, the punishment of the guilty and the reward of the unrepentant of those who were treacherous. We read of the unseen stairs the angels are climbing and descending with messages from God to man and with praise and thanksgiving and prayers from man to God.

The Son of Man in His eternity saw Satan and his minions fall like lightning from heaven. There is flashed upon us that reign with its two kingdoms, the kingdom of light and the kingdom of darkness. In one the powers are set against God

his disciples, and feels for their weakness as if it were his own.

Burn not—With indignation.

30. I will glory—This is, first, a vindication of his "boasting" up to this point, inasmuch as he has gloried in what he has suffered, not in what he has done—not in strength, but in weakness. The verse also looks forward to the next chapter, where, in verse 5 and 9, he reasserts the same principle.

31. The best explanation of the introduction of this solemn doxology at this point is that it looks forward to the statements about to be made, the supernatural experiences of the next chapter, especially, being necessary to call to witness the living God, who, to him in secret, had revealed Jesus as Lord.

32, 33. Compare Acts 9. 23-25, and see Word Studies for April 18. This experience was also a part of Paul's weakness, in its peril and agony, for in Damascus "the persecutor" became the persecuted.

In Luke's account, it is said "the Jews watched the gates." But, as there were 10,000 of them in Damascus, they could easily influence the governor to have the gates watched, which is the same thing. Aretas IV. was king of Arabia from B. C. 9 to A. D. 40.

Chapter 12, verse 1. I must needs glory, though it is not expedient—He unwillingly resumes his boasting in his own defense, but is conscious of certain disadvantages in such a course.

Visions (things seen) were only one method of revelations.

Of the Lord—Christ, here, is the Author of the vision, not, as in other New Testament cases, the One revealed.

I know a man in Christ—A typical Pauline expression for a Christian man. Though speaking of himself, Paul is to himself as a third person. And he treats of himself, not as a natural man, nor a deluded man, but as a man having a Christian experience.

Fourteen years ago—Six or seven years after his conversion, when he was in Tarsus or Antioch. He evidently does not mean to connect it with any other experience he ever had. It is a solitary experience vouchered for as a fact by the date.

Whether in the body, I know not—The event was thoroughly incomprehensible to Paul. He was caught up out of himself in a transcendent way—whether bodily, or only in the spirit, he is unable to tell.

Even to the third heaven—It is idle to speculate as to Paul's conception of the heavens. "It adds nothing to speak of an aerial, sidereal, and spiritual heaven, and to suppose these are meant by Paul; we can only think vaguely of the man in Christ rising through one celestial region after another till he came even to the third" (Denney). In the next two verses he resumes, does not repeat, and Paradise (4) signifies a further stage in his passage through vast spaces. The Jewish abode of good souls who await the resurrection (Luke 16. 23), can hardly be meant, but "the paradise of God" (Rev. 22), "far above all heavens" (Eph. 4. 10).

5. On behalf of such a one (a man in Christ, fourteen years ago, unable to say whether in the body or disembodied, rapt to the third heaven, hearing in paradise things too sacred for human speech), he will glory; for, the events were not of his making, and belong, therefore, to his weaknesses.

7. A thorn in the flesh was given him in order to keep him humble, victorious over the constant temptation to spiritual pride which such revelations would naturally give a man. The main conclusion which have been reached from the endless controversies about this affliction are these: it was painful and bodily; was connected with his special revelations; was extremely humiliating (Gal. 4. 14); was recurrent, if not chronic; was permanent; and cannot easily be identified with such maladies as headache, sore eyes, and epilepsy.

9. He hath said—A solemn way of asserting that a final answer to his prayer has been made, Christ refusing him freedom from suffering, but assuring him of grace (divine help to meet human need) to endure it.

Rather glory in my weaknesses—Than complain of them; for through them becomes possessor of the power of Christ. Thus, his glorying, which he began with such diffidence, turns out to be to the honor of Christ, for the exaltation of his weaknesses brings out in contrast the strength of his Lord.

10. By such a way

and all that is godly. The powers on the other are champions of the right of the Divinity, and protectors of all who rely upon their succor. God's commands are being executed with more than aerial swiftness, and no mortal is unsafe, save the one who refuses the blessed ministrations of those who were faithful from the dawn of time.

If the child has his angel, how much more certainly has the man, for the man needs him more.

Much and everything needful does Scripture tell us. Its pages are vocal with the melody of the

### RUSTLING OF ANGEL WINGS.

In fact, the uplifting and helpful story is narrated in its entirety, as those spirits energize in those last stretches of duration from the angel of the flaming sword to the bright one who came to John and unveiled all the glories of the New Jerusalem. There is no story, save that of Him crucified, more satisfying, more consoling, more invigorating. Why search elsewhere than in Scripture?

As early as Deuteronomy, the world was warned against trifling with those realms so near and yet so far away. "Neither let there be found one among you that seeketh the truth from the dead. For the Lord abhorreth all such things."—Deut. xviii. 12.

The attitude the Scriptures urge is so simple, so sublime. That attitude in one of prayer and worship. Such an attitude takes so much away from the loneliness of our pilgrimage. Wait, and be contrite and humble, and our angels, when the summons sounds, will lift us gently from our couch of death and place us in the arms of the loving Father, whose face they always see.

REV. P. A. HALPIN.

### "CHILDREN OF THE QUEEN."

Queen Elena of Italy has created a small colony of poor children, after whose education and well being she looks with quite motherly care. Lately the Queen has established a home for these children near the sea at Santa Marinella. In this place these fortunate ones are called "the children of the Queen." There are about thirty boys and girls who are under the care of an experienced teacher, who has known how to gain the love of her little pupils. In a plainly built house these children live in a number of rooms on the ground floor overlooking neatly planted gardens and the beautiful sea. The gardens, a large and narrow strip of bare foreshore not so long ago, are now an ideal playground of shrubs and flowers and mounds of yellow sand. Near the entrance a tablet proclaims this haven of rest "The Seaside Colony Princess Isabella."

### SOME EXCUSE NEEDED.

Wife: "Why did you tell the Jensions that you married me because I was such a good cook, when you know that I can't even boil a potato?"

Hubby: "I had to give some excuse, dear, and I didn't know what else to say."











# PARLIAMENT IS NOW OPEN

## Speech From the Throne at the Opening of the Eleventh Parliament.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mild, hazy November weather conditions attended the opening of the second session of the eleventh Canadian Parliament on Thursday afternoon.

As a result of the nice weather conditions an even greater crowd of citizens than usual gathered on Parliament Hill to witness the military pageant, and the arrival of His Excellency from Rideau Hall. The speech from the throne contained the following clauses:

Immigration has poured into the new settlements of the North and the West in a copious and well-ordered stream, drawn from the best elements of the British Isles, the United States, and continental Europe. Trade and commerce have made rapid advances in all directions. The revenue has almost completely regained what it had lost in the recent period of depression. Most remarkable has been the rapid recovery from the financial embarrassment which for a short time was the cause of anxiety amongst business men. In nearly every branch of business there has been a revival of activity which gives assurance of continued progress and prosperity.

Two members of my Government attended the Imperial conference called by His Majesty's Government on the question of defence. A plan was adopted, after consultation with the Admiralty, for the organization of a Canadian naval service, on the lines of the resolution of the House of Commons of the 29th of March last. The papers will be immediately brought down and a bill introduced accordingly.

The new convention between His Majesty and the President of the

French Republic, respecting the commercial relations between France and Canada, having been approved by the French legislative chambers, you will also be asked to confirm it.

The construction of the Transcontinental Railway has made substantial advance during the year. The Western division has been extended 86 miles beyond Edmonton, completing a total distance of 861 miles west of Winnipeg. Contracts have been let for 390 miles in the mountain division; good progress was made on this work. The Eastern division is now open for traffic from Winnipeg to Lake Superior Junction, and thence by the Grand Trunk Pacific branch to the lake itself. The whole of the work between Winnipeg and Moncton is now under contract.

The exploratory surveys for a railway from the Western wheat fields to Hudson's Bay were pushed energetically during the whole of last summer. It is hoped that a report of the operation will be placed before you at an early date.

In order to improve the facilities already afforded the public by the Government railways, and to enhance their value as part of the great transportation system of Canada, a bill will be submitted to you for the purpose of enabling the Minister of Railways, on the recommendation of the Government railways managing board, and subject to the approval of Parliament, to lease any line or lines connecting with the Intercolonial Railway.

A measure will be submitted to you for the purpose of rendering more effective the present legislation, respecting combinations which unduly enhance prices.

### A NAVY IN THE PACIFIC.

Plan to Have New Zealand and Australia Co-operate.

A despatch from Melbourne says: The Imperial Federation League gave a dinner in honor of Colonel Foxton on Friday on his return from the Imperial Defence Conference.

Mr. Deakin, who presided, said the Conference had made a bolder advance towards Imperial defence than any previous Conference. The defence of the empire was the fundamental question at the present time. Col. Foxton hoped New Zealand would shortly co-operate with the Commonwealth in forming a navy which would be the line of defence on which they would have at first to rely. He was glad to note that both political parties in the Commonwealth approved of the naval proposals of the Conference. Sir John Forrest said it would be unjust to allow the motherland to bear the whole cost of the naval defence of the empire.

### NEW LINES ON THE PACIFIC.

British Columbia Contracts With Canadian Northern.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: The Provincial Government has announced that a contract has been made with Mackenzie and Mann for the establishment of several distinct Pacific steamship lines to act as feeders to the traffic of the Northern Railway Co., which will be extended to the coast. Four

passenger steamers will be operated in the Japan and Hong Kong trade. Another four-steamship line will ply to Australia and New Zealand ports, while modern vessels will be placed on the northern run. Barclay Sound, the terminus of the C. and N. proposed Vancouver Island line, eventually will be the first and last port of call in the Canadian North-West. Application will be made to the Dominion Government for mail subsidies for all the new lines.

### YEAR FOR DYNAMITERS.

Sentence on Men Who Blew Up House Near Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: For blowing up the home of Mr. M. Laporte with dynamite in June last, Victor Lacasse and George Deltour were sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment each by Sir William Mulock in the Assize Court on Friday. The two men pleaded guilty to the charge of exploding explosives of a nature likely to endanger life in an attempt to do injury to property. They denied, however, that they had attempted to commit murder. The prisoners agreed to pay \$500 compensation for damage done to Mr. Laporte's house and furniture by the explosion.

Mr. James Ross has sold 80,000 shares of his coal stock to the syndicate which is arranging the merger with the Steel Company.

## LEADING MARKETS

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Nov. 16.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$4.30 to \$4.35 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto, and \$4.15 to \$4.20 outside, in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.60 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.10 to \$5.20, and strong bakers' \$4.90 to \$5 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern \$1.03, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.01½, Bay ports.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 mixed, \$1.03 to \$1.04 outside, and No. 2 white and red Winter, \$1.04 outside.

Barley—No. 2, 58 to 59c outside, and No. 3 extra at 56 to 57c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, new, 37½ to 38c outside. New Canada West oats, 39½ to 39½c, and No. 3 at 38½ to 39c, Bay ports.

Peas—86 to 87c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 74c outside.

Buckwheat—55 to 56c outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 71 to 71½c on track, Toronto.

Barley—\$21 in bags, Toronto, and shorts at \$23.50 in bags, Toronto.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$2 to \$3.50 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—\$1.60 to \$1.75 per bushel at outside points.

Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2.25 to \$3; extracted, 10½c per lb.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$15 to \$15.50 and No. 2 at \$13.50 to \$14 on track, Toronto.

Straw—\$8.50 to \$9.50.

Potatoes—50 to 55c per bag on track for Ontario.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 11 to 13c per lb.; fowl, 9 to 10c; turkeys, 15 to 18c per lb.; ducks, 11 to 12c; geese 9 to 10c, per lb.

### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints 22 to 23½c; tubs and large rolls, 20 to 21c; inferior, 17 to 18c; creamery, 26 to 27c, and solids, 24 to 25c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots, 28 to 30c per dozen for fresh, and 26 to 27c for storage.

Cheese—12½c per lb. for large, and at 12½c for twins.

### HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 14½ to 14½c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$26.50; short cut, \$27.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 16c; do., heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 14 to 14½c; shoulders, 12½ to 13c; backs, 19 to 20c; breakfast bacon, 17½ to 18c.

Lard—Tierces, 15½c; tubs, 15½c; pails, 16c.

### BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 16.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 41½ to 42c.

Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 52 to 53c; buckwheat, 55 to 56c.

Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.70; do., seconds, \$5.20; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5; straight rollers, \$5.16 to \$5.25; do., in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50.

Feed—Ontario bran, \$21 to \$22; Ontario middlings \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$21; Manitoba shorts, \$23 to \$24; pure grain mouille, \$32 to \$33; mixed mouille, \$25 to \$27.

Cheese—11½ to 11½c; easterns, 11½ to 11½c.

Butter—Finest creamery, 25 to 25½c in round lots, and at 26 to 26½c in a jobbing way. Eggs—Selected stock, 27 to 28c; No. 1 candled, 25 to 26c per dozen.

### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Nov. 16.—Wheat—Spring wheat stronger; No. 1 Northern, carloads store, \$1.08½; Winter easier. Corn—Firm; No. 3 yellow, new, 66c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 white, 43½c; No. 3 white, 42½c; No. 4 white, 41½c. Barley—Feed to malting, 61 to 70c.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Wheat—Cash. No. 2 red, \$1.09 to \$1.10; No. 3 red, \$1.08 to \$1.15; No. 2 hard, \$1.06 to \$1.09; No. 4 hard, \$1.02 to \$1.05; No. 1 Northern, \$1.07 to \$1.09; No. 2 Northern, \$1.05 to \$1.07½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.02 to \$1.06.

Corn—No. 2, 63½ to 63½c; No. 2 yellow, 62½ to 64c; No. 3, 63½c; No. 3 yellow, 62c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 41½c; No. 3, 37½c; No. 3 white, 38½ to 41c; No. 4 white, 37 to 39½c; standard, 38½ to 41½c.

### LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Nov. 16.—Prime beefs sold at 4½ to near 4½c per lb.; pretty good animals, 3½ to 4½c; common stock, 2 to 3c per lb.; lean canners about 1½c per lb. A superior milker was sold for \$75, and two others at \$69 each; other cows and springers from \$30 to \$60 each.

Grass fed calves, 2½ to 4½c per lb.; good veals, 5 to 6c per lb. Sheep 3½ to 3½c, and lambs about 5½c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs sold at 7½ to 8c per lb.

Toronto, Nov. 16.—The export trade was quiet. Butchers' of the choice variety sold as high as at any time during the past few months.

One load of prime steers sold at \$5.50. Ordinary good loads sold freely at \$4.60 to \$5. Choice cows were firm at \$4.25 to \$4.75. Milk-

era and springers were not quite so strong. The top price paid was \$67. Sheep and lambs were very firm and dearer, lambs averaging \$5.55. Hogs quoted at \$7.50 f.o.b., and \$7.75, fed and watered.

### LET DAUGHTER SUFFER.

A Wealthy Farmer of Prince Albert Arrested.

A despatch from Prince Albert, Sask., says: Frank Cherry, a wealthy farmer, is under arrest here under a warrant sworn out by his son, charging him with failure to provide adequate medical treatment for his little daughter, who had a leg terribly broken in a runaway three weeks ago. Since that time the bone has been protruding through the flesh, and he wouldn't allow her to be treated. Finally, the son, unable longer to stand the sufferings of his sister, swore out a warrant against his father, and the arrest followed. He was committed for trial on Monday. Cherry is worth about forty thousand dollars, and drives an auto.

### FELL OFF THE TRAIN.

C. E. Garry, Grand Trunk Brakeman, Killed at Allandale.

A despatch from Barrie says: About 3 o'clock on Monday morning C. E. Garry, a Grand Trunk freight brakeman, fell off his train between Barrie and Allandale stations and was killed. He was last seen by Engineer Lewis climbing on a car after opening the switch at Barrie. When the train ran into the Allandale yards the rest of the crew missed Garry, and a search disclosed his dead body on the track about 100 yards north of Allandale station. Apparently he had missed his footing. Deceased was a young man and on the road only a couple of months.

### CREW ARE SAFE.

Steamer James H. Hoyt is in No Immediate Danger.

A despatch from Duluth, Minn., says: The steamer James H. Hoyt, which stranded on Saturday morning during the terrific gale on Lake Superior, on an uncharted rock about two miles north-east of Otter Island, is in no immediate danger of going to pieces, and the members of the crew are safe, according to the statement of members of the crew of the Bartow, which reached Duluth Monday night. The mate and two of the sailors reached Bayfield in a small boat after thirteen hours' battling with the storm. Several tugs are now on the scene.

### BEDFORD DISCHARGED.

No Proof That He Murdered Ethel Kinrade.

A despatch from London says: Edward William Bedford, who was arrested here last month upon his own confession that he had murdered Ethel Kinrade at Hamilton, Ont., in February last, was discharged when arraigned in the Bow Street Police Court on Monday. Police investigation failed to substantiate his confession, which the prisoner finally admitted to be false.

### THIRTY SHIPS ASHORE.

Hurricane Works Havoc on Newfoundland Coast.

A despatch from St. John's Nfld., says: Thirty fishing vessels and trading schooners are ashore at various points along the coast of Newfoundland and a half-dozen craft are missing, driven to sea and possibly sunk, as the result of a gale of hurricane proportions which has raged for three days. Up to a late hour on Friday night no lives of seamen on vessels accounted for have been lost. Telegraph poles, trees, fishing houses and signal stations went down before the blast, which also demolished wharves, water-side buildings and fishing outfits. Many of those driven ashore were at anchor.

### LYNCHING IN ILLINOIS.

Mob of 10,000 Persons String Up Negro.

A despatch from Cairo, Ill., says: A mob of 10,000 persons on Thursday night lynched Will James, the negro suspected of being the murderer of Miss Annie Polley. He was hung up in the largest public square in the city. The rope broke and hundreds of shots were poured into his body. The mob then dragged the body through the streets for a mile to the place where the murder was committed.

### ADDITION TO THE ARCHIVES.

Britain Presents Governors' Correspondence.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A valuable gift has been made to Canada by the British Government, namely, the complete and original correspondence sent by the Governors-General to the British authorities from the year 1791 to 1840, the period during which Upper and Lower Canada were separate provinces.

## HURRICANE IN JAMAICA

### Thousands of Acres of Fruit Trees Were Levelled by Force of Storm.

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, via Holland Bay, says: It has been raining here practically without cessation for the last five days. The storm has been unprecedented in violence, and the damage to agriculture has been enormous. The highways have been destroyed and all railroad and tramway transportation has been suspended. Business is at a standstill and the cables have been interrupted since Monday evening.

ported, while the property damage is incalculable. Communication from point to point on the coast is possible only by boat. Owing to the failure of the telegraph and telephone wires details of the damage done in the interior are not yet available. From the meagre facts obtainable it is known that landslides have occurred throughout the north and that in the north-eastern section of the island railroad

bridges had been washed away and tunnels blocked, completely stopping all railroad movements. It is believed that train service in the northern portion cannot be renewed before two weeks.

Instances of the loss of life are reported, though no estimate of this can be safely made. The power house of the electric power company here is under water and 600 feet of the company's pipe has been washed out of the ground. The largest bridge in Jamaica over a waterway has been twisted and rendered unsafe. The damage to property throughout the island will probably reach \$5,000,000. The banana plantations in the north and northeastern portions of the island have been badly hit by the storm. Thousands of acres of trees have been levelled, and the fruit trade is at a complete standstill, as it is impossible to get the bananas to the ports for shipment.

### INCREASE OF TRADE.

Canada Led the World With One Exception.

A despatch from Ottawa says: During the decade from 1898 to 1903 Canada led the world, with the exception of Argentina, in comparative increase in trade. During the preceding decade, from 1897 to 1907, Canada ranked third in respect to trade growth, Argentina first and Japan second. Japan now ranks third. This is the most interesting fact brought out in the annual report of the Trade and Commerce Department, issued on Wednesday. For the last fiscal year the statistics of trade, as already stated, show a falling off of \$67,916,254, as compared with the preceding year. The Deputy Minister, in his report, lays stress on the fact that this decrease was almost wholly in imports, the decline in exports being only \$3,446,586. Compared with other nations, Canadian trade figures for the year show that the financial depression was felt much less severely here than elsewhere.

### RAILROAD TO BLACKSOD BAY.

British Government Makes Grant of £135,000.

A despatch from London says: The Government has decided to grant £135,000 towards the Collooney & Blacksod Bay Railway. When this is constructed London will be only fourteen hours from Blacksod Bay, from which Halifax is distant only three and a half days. "With this decision," prophesies The Standard, "the early opening of the all-red route becomes almost assured. Its recognition by the Canadian Government as a part of the all-red route will be a signal for the commencement of the railway."

### GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC FLEET.

Vessels Will Run Between Prince Rupert and Seattle.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The nucleus of a fleet for the Grand Trunk Pacific on the Pacific coast is now under construction in England, where contracts have been let for two fine vessels to be christened the Prince Rupert and the Prince George. These will be completed in the early spring, and will be placed on the run between Prince Rupert and Seattle in April.

An Indian named Bernard, on the way to penitentiary, on Friday, jumped from a train running at thirty-five miles an hour near Gloucester Junction, N. B., and escaped.

## BOMBS FLUNG AT LORD MINTO

### Determined Attempt to Assassinate the Viceroy of India.

A despatch from Ahmedabad, British India, says: Lord Minto, the Viceroy of India, and Lady Minto had a narrow escape on Saturday from being killed by bombs. They were driving through one of the streets when, without warning, two bombs were thrown at their carriage. A dragon, who was riding alongside, spurred forward and with outstretched sabre intercepted the first bomb, hurling it some distance away into a sandheap. The second bomb struck the Viceroy's jemidar, a native Lieutenant, who was holding an umbrella over Lady Minto, and fell harmlessly to the ground. Neither bomb exploded, as the soft sand acted as a buffer.

On examination they were found to contain picric acid. Just prior to this, as the carriage passed through one of the streets, a bomb exploded some little distance away. Police and others, attracted by the explosion, ran up and found a man on the ground with his hand blown off. He proved to be an innocent bystander. The bomb-throwers made their escape in the excitement and as yet no arrests have been made.

Attempts have been made in India during the last year or two against the lives of Lord Minto, Lord Kitchener, Sir Andrew Fraser, Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and many other officials.

## NEARLY 400 MEN PERISH

### Great Disaster in a Coal Mine at Cherry, Illinois.

A despatch from Cherry, Illinois, says: Three hundred and eighty-four men are probably dead in the mine of the St. Paul Coal Company, where they were trapped by fire on Saturday afternoon. All efforts to rescue have failed. Not a sign of life has been received from the imprisoned men. The fire which gutted the two shafts has been smothered by sealing the shafts, but it is feared the men's lives have been snuffed out by the effort to save them being roasted alive.

The fire originated in a stable in the second level, or in the mule barns, and was discovered by a miner named James Hanney, who gave the alarm, but little notice was taken of the warning until near 3 o'clock, when a general alarm was given. Then it was too late and the biggest mine disaster in the State went on record.

Besides the men dead in the mine, a band of twelve rescuers volunteered to go down and they, too, lost their lives. These men were lowered to their death, but went down bravely.

The last trip of the cage was made when the bodies of the mine superintendent and his assistants arose. The men were dead when the car reached the surface. Those about the pit mouth expressed the belief that they were dead or dying when placed in the cage. None survived to tell the story of the trip.

Heartrending scenes of grief and suffering were enacted. Half an hour after the explosion occurred the mouth of the shaft was surrounded by frantic women and children. Many tried to enter the mine, but gave up after the first effort, or were carried away unconscious from the smoke and fumes. For two hours, officials of the mine, assisted by the residents of Cherry, tried to devise means to help the imprisoned miners, but in vain.

Deeds of true heroism were called forth by the disaster. Six men gave up their lives and many more were willing to brave death to carry aid to comrades, until Chief Mine Superintendent Taylor declared that all hope had gone.



## DISFIGURING, TORTURING SKIN TROUBLE

Cannot be Cured by Salves and Ointments—The Blood Must be Purified.

A blemished skin, irritating sores, pimples, eczema, salt rheum and other skin disorders are all signals of distress, telling that your blood is impure or weak. You cannot cure eczema and other skin troubles with ointments and outward applications. These things may give temporary relief, but cannot cure, because the trouble is rooted in the blood and can only be removed by purifying and enriching the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily cure skin troubles because they enrich, purify and build up the impoverished blood that caused the trouble. As they feed and cleanse the blood the skin grows fair, the bloom of health return and new strength is found. No other medicine has ever had such wonderful results in curing all diseases due to bad blood. Miss Elizabeth Gillis, Kensington, P.E.I., says: "Words can hardly express how grateful I feel for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me. For seven years before I began their use I was troubled with salt rheum. My hands and arms were nearly always a mass of torturing cracks and sores. I tried several doctors and spent a great deal of money without getting any benefit. Indeed my hands seemed to be getting worse all the time. Finally my brother persuaded me to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial and I am happy to say they have completely cured me. I used in all seven boxes, and I would not be without them in a case of this kind if they cost five dollars a box instead of fifty cents. I hope my experience will be of benefit to some other sufferer from skin trouble."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

He—"So you think married life ought to be one grand, sweet song?" She—"Yes." He—"What air would you prefer for this matrimonial song?" She—"I think a millionaire."

They Cleanse While They Cure.—The vegetable compounds of which Parment's Vegetable Pills are composed, mainly dandelion and mandrake, clear the stomach and intestines of deleterious matter and restore the deranged organs to healthful action. Hence they are the best remedy for indigestion available today. A trial of them will establish the truth of this assertion and demonstrate to convince the ailing that anything that can be written of these pills.

### KEEP YOUR TEMPER.

Which of all domestic virtues is most essential to a happy married life? The ability to keep one's temper, beyond all question. There is nothing which lends more to misery, not only for its possessor, but also for those about him, than an ungovernable and unreasonable temper. No one is worse to live with than an ill-tempered man, except, perhaps, an ill-tempered woman. Bad-tempered people completely spoil the lives of those who associate with them. The feeling of strain is ever present; one never knows just when the storm will break, although apparently the weather, metaphorically, is "set fair." Life in these circumstances becomes a burden almost beyond bearing.

There's no use saying "Get thee behind me, Satan," when you put him in your hip pocket.

Mrs. Robert E. Peary, more than nine years ago, favorably commented on Marice Eye Remedy after its application to her family for Eye Trouble resulting from Measles and Scarlet Fever, and later recommended to the famous Explorer, the man who now returns home as the Discoverer of the North Pole. Cold, Coughing, Windy and Dust cause Red, Weak, Watery Eyes. Marice Eye Remedy affords Reliable Relief. Write Marice Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Illustrated Eye Book. Marice, 50c; by Mail from All Drugists.

Father—"You laddies are well off now-a-days. I've seen the day when I had to be content with a dry crust for my dinner." Eldest Son (an incorrigible)—"Ye see ye're better off since ye cam' wi' us, father."

## EUROPE'S DIRTIEST TOWN.

All holiday travellers should shun Boryslaw, in Galicia—"the back of Europe"—truthfully called the dirtiest place in Europe. It is the oil-trade centre, and is decidedly not beautiful. In the main street all the houses have been built on mine refuse, and most of them have sunk below the level of the street. In fact, there is not a solid brick or stone building in the whole of the town, and many of the houses are in a state of partial or entire collapse. Unrefined petroleum is everywhere. It gets into everything—food and clothing—and the atmosphere reeks of it. Along one side of the main street is a raised wooden pavement, and beneath it is an oily ditch. Boryslaw's main waterway is a narrow, sluggish, oily stream. On its banks the town's refuse is cast, and the market booths are erected alongside; while the local washerwomen—though, from external appearances, one would judge that laundresses did not exist there at all—do their washing in its oily depths.

### JOHN GETS BACK.

She stood there and glared at him. "And you mean to stand there and ask me to press your trousers?" she demanded with all the sternness she could muster. "Why, certainly, my dear," responded Mr. Stubb, affably; "is that asking too much?" "Well, I should say it is, John," Henry Stubb. "I'd have you know that when you married me you did not marry a sadiron." "That evening his turn came. "John, dear," chirped Mrs. Stubb just after supper, "I wish you would do me a favor before you go. Button my waist up in the back, that's a good man." "But Mr. Stubb merely puffed his cigar and chuckled softly. "Nay! Nay! Maria, I would have you know when you accepted me you did not say 'Yes' to a buttonhook."

### BABY'S OWN TABLETS

#### A LITTLE LIFE SAVER

There is no other medicine for little ones as safe as Baby's Own Tablets, or so sure, in its beneficial effects. These Tablets speedily destroy worms, break up colds, thus preventing deadly croup, allay simple fevers, and bring the little teeth through painlessly. Mrs. C. A. Weaver, Saskatchewan Landing, Sask., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little one in cases of colds, stomach and bowel troubles, and other minor ailments, and have never known them to fail in speedily restoring the child's health. I think there is no medicine for babies like the Tablets." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### AUTUMNAL WARNING.

Daddy, start the furnace up; Johnny, cut some wood; Molly, wear your heavyweight; Susy, here's your hood; Willie, get your overcoat; Tommy, hunt your sled—Winter's coming down the pike; Not very far ahead.

### CURED HIS BLADDER TROUBLE.

Mr. Herbert Bauer of Davisville, says he owes Gin Pills a debt of gratitude which he can never repay. He suffered for years with Bladder Trouble, and could not pass urine except by much straining, which caused great pain.

Mr. Bauer sent for a free sample of Gin Pills. The first dose did him so much good that he ordered six boxes and began to take them regularly. A month's treatment completely cured him.

You can try Gin Pills before you buy them. Write National Drug & Chemical Co., (Dept. W. D.) Toronto, for free sample. At all dealers, 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50.

When a woman flatters her husband and then asks him for money, he feels as if he had been taken up in a balloon for the purpose of being thrown out.

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

### WISDOM WAVES.

Many on everyday man is a weak one.

Work on a sound basis, like the pile-driver. Marriage is like a cucumber—it doubles you up.

A good many songs have plenty of gas, but no meter. Soldiers are usually a bore—they drill so much.

People who lead the simple life generally have to.

Never try to alight from a lady's train when in motion.

A good many actors are romantic who are not good romantic actors.

Heaven judges the sincerity of our affection for God by the cost of our service for man.

## HOW MRS. CLARK FOUND RELIEF

AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HER.

Pleasant Point Matron Tells Her Suffering Sisters How to be Free From the Terrible Pains that Make Life a Burden.

Pleasant Point, Ont., Nov. 15—(Special).—That most of the ills that the suffering women of Canada have to bear are due to disordered Kidneys, and that the natural cure for them is Dodd's Kidney Pills, is once more shown in the case of Mrs. Merrill C. Clarke, a well-known resident of this place and a prominent member of the Salvation Army. Mrs. Clarke is always ready to give her experience for the benefit of her suffering sisters.

"My sickness commenced twenty years ago with the change of life," says Mrs. Clarke. "My health was in a bad state. Water would run from my head which would make me faint. When I came out of the fainting spells I took fits. I was bloated till I was clumsy. The pain I suffered was awful. It would go to my feet and then to my head. Many doctors attended me, and I tried many medicines, but nothing gave me relief till I used Dodd's Kidney Pills. The first box stopped the fits and seven boxes cured me completely."

Every suffering woman should use Dodd's Kidney Pills. They make strong, healthy Kidneys, and the woman who has good Kidneys is safe-guarded against those terrible pains that make miserable the lives of so many women.

### A CENTURY OF MARRIAGE.

A ceremony which very probably has never had its equal in the history of anyone up to this time was celebrated lately in the little village of Isonbalti, in Hungary. It took place to commemorate the marriage of the couple Szatmari, united for exactly 100 years. The husband is 120 years of age and the wife 116. Their descendants count together more than 250 persons. The two old people, who inhabit a quite modest little cottage, are very much loved by their neighbors, who surround them with every possible care. They are, however, almost quite blind and deaf. They pass their time away mostly in sleeping. Still, occasionally the old man smokes a little pipe with evident satisfaction, and enjoys a glass of wine. The queerest thing about their whole life is that this old couple have never quitted their village—they were both born there. Their life has been passed there quietly and peacefully, and never has a wish arisen in their minds to know anything of the vast world which lies beyond their narrow horizon.

A Wide Sphere of Usefulness.—The consumption of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has grown to great proportions. Notwithstanding the fact that it has now been on the market for over thirty years, its popularity is as great as ever, and the demand for it in that period has very greatly increased. It is beneficial in all countries, and wherever introduced fresh supplies are constantly asked for.

Many a large man indulges in small talk.

The efficacy of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in curing coughs and colds and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try it.

### USELESS KNOWLEDGE.

The young man had just faced the parson with the only girl, and was now in search of information. "Can you tell me how to govern a wife?" he asked of the man who had been up against the game for thirty years.

"I can," replied the other sadly. "But what's the use—she won't let you."

Some people are more afraid of germs than they are of a mad dog.

## MR. POULTRY RAISER

DON'T play into the hands of the POULTRY SPECULATORS who are scouring the country and picking up all the live birds they can lay their hands on. Naturally their object is to get the bulge on you and reap the benefit of a stronger and more profitable market later on in the season.

DON'T rush your Poultry on to the market too soon. Fatten and dress it properly yourself; then sell it when condition of both stock and market will warrant your securing the highest price of the season. The past three years have clearly proven that those who held their Poultry until the latter part of December, have reaped the largest returns for their outlay.

DON'T overlook the fact that the above remarks are simply in the nature of advice, and that if you have any Poultry on hand that you wish to dispose of NOW, we are in the best position of any house in the country, BARRING NONE, to handle same for you. We are in the business every day in the year, and our 35 years of ever increasing business and a host of satisfied shippers are proof sufficient of our ability to please you.

DON'T forget to write us when you are ready to ship.

GUNN, LANGLOIS & CO.

Limited, MONTREAL

Canada's Largest Produce Dealers.

OUR SPECIALTIES—EGGS, BUTTER, POULTRY AND HONEY.

### THE POSE.

All mankind has a pose—"Tis a beautiful game, And wherever one goes He will find it the same."

Little trouble, I'm sure, To tell which is which; For the rich all talk poor And the poor all talk rich.

## PILES CURED at HOME by New Absorption Method

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write to-day to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P 720, Windsor, Ont.

### UNCLE EZRA SAYS:

"Sometimes the best way you say—in 'the right thing at the right time' is by keepin' perfectly still."

Pills of Attested Value.—Parment's Vegetable Pills are the result of careful study of the properties of certain roots and herbs, and the action of such as sedatives and laxatives on the digestive apparatus. The success the compounders have met with attests the value of their work. These pills have been recognized for many years as the best cleansers of the system that can be got. Their excellency was recognized from the first and they grow more popular daily.

### WOMANISH.

The average woman is not satisfied to do as she pleases unless she can make other people do as she pleases.

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

### THERE ARE REASONS.

The average woman can put up convincing arguments why a man's overcoat should last four winters and why her bonnet is only good for four weeks.

## Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

owe their singular effectiveness in curing Rheumatism, Lumbago and other ailments to their power of stimulating and strengthening the kidneys. They enable these organs to thoroughly filter from the blood the uric acid (the product of waste matter) which gets into the joints and muscles and causes these painful diseases. Over half a century of constant use has proved conclusively that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills strengthen weak kidneys and

Cure Rheumatism

### SENTENCE SERMONS.

Love never stops to be afraid. The worst sins are the ones for which we have no appetite. He can help no one who does not desire to help the helpless. Take care of your leisure and your life will take care of itself. Some revivals plan to cure all ills by throwing folks into fits. He who has no time to be grateful has no power to enjoy a blessing.

How hard would be all our hearts but for our hardships and sorrows. Opinions about the past can never take the place of work for the future.

When a faith is dead it is customary to embalm it in obsolete phrases.

Success depends not on what a man makes, but on what success makes of him.

Many a man who is berating the devil has no objection to boarding free with him.

No man has any better world before him than he is seeking to make about him.

When a man's religion is all hot air the only thing he thinks about is going up.

When men make a mockery of sin their sins are sure to make a mockery of them.

Most of those who are worried lest we lose the liberty to go wrong would be out of business if we all went right.

### POULTRY.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of The Gunn, Langlois Company, of Montreal, which appears elsewhere in this paper. If you have any poultry to place on the market during the holiday season take their advice and communicate with them before rushing your goods to market. It is a good plan to write to these people if you have eggs, butter, poultry or honey to dispose of at any time.

## BRONCHITIS

If Neglected, it soon reaches the Lungs and may Prove Fatal.

Mr. G. L. Garrow of 116 Millicent St., Toronto, writes under date of September 13, 1908, "One year ago this spring I contracted a severe cold in the chest, which developed into Bronchitis. I took three kinds of medicine and found no improvement. A friend of mine advised me to try PSYCHINE and in three days I felt like a new man again. I desire to let others know what a valuable cure you have in PSYCHINE. I have secured one where all other medicines had failed. I am more than thankful to be well again, and for the sake of others who may be ill, you may publish this testimonial."

Stop that cold or the results will be serious. You can do this by toning up the system with PSYCHINE.

For Sale by all Druggists, 50c. & \$1 per bottle.

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM

LIMITED,

TORONTO

## PSYCHINE

PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN

## RRR

For Croup, Diphtheria, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Spasms, Barks, Scalds, Accidents, Gunshot Wounds, Poisonous Bites of Dogs, Snakes, Rattlesnakes, etc., etc.

Radway's Ready Relief.

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READ WHAT HE OWES TO

Zam-Buk

Mr. R. C. Burton, a prominent Salvation Army worker, who occupies the proud position of Deputy Band Master at the Temple, Toronto, bears testimony to the great healing power of Zam-Buk balm. He says:—

"Pimples and sores broke out all over my face and neck and notwithstanding all I did to try and cure them they spread. In places the skin was inflamed over big patches and caused me great pain and inconvenience. I was advised to try Zam-Buk and for several days I applied it to the sores and in a few days the healing began."

But I don't want to say too much. I suffer from ulcers, etc. Zam-Buk cures poison, festering sores, burns, cuts, and all skin injuries and is specific for piles. All drugs are sold by mail. A box of 3 for \$1.25. Send to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto for details.

### AGENTS WANTED.

MANUFACTURING COMPANY want men to sell direct to farmers. Our seller. Every farmer wants one. 70 profit. Experience valuable but unnecessary. Postal today brings particulars. Charles Adams, Sarnia, Ont.

### STOCKS.

TO INVESTORS—YOUR ORDERS TO buy or sell Stocks will receive my personal attention. S. M. Mathews, Broker, 43 Scott St., Toronto.

## Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best and most work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO." Look for agent in your town, or send direct. Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

## Iron Pipe for Sale

50,000 ft. iron pipe, all sizes for water, steam, fencing. Also pipes for electric, shafting, etc., good as new, cheap. Send for list stating what you need. IMPERIAL WASTE & METAL CO., 6 Queen St. Montreal. Mention this paper.

## Cash for Turkey Feathers

We buy Wing and Tail Turkey Feathers. Write for prices.

H. W. Nelson & Co., Toronto, Ont.

## Dressed Poultry

ANY QUANTITY.

Market Prices Guaranteed

REMITTANCES DAILY

Ship by Express and Advice

THE

J. A. McLean Produce Co.

LIMITED,

74 to 76 Front St. East, Toronto

## Make No Mistake!

In buying Condensed Milk, take no substitute for

BORDEN'S EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK



THE ORIGINAL

There are cheaper and inferior brands to the Eagle, but none that equal it. It has stood first for over fifty years.

IT IS A PERFECT INFANT FOOD.

Borden's Condensed Milk Company

Selling Representative, W. H. DUNN, Toronto and Montreal.

But we have added nothing. KELLOGG'S is simply the real food-value of the corn, separated from the useless portions by KELLOGG'S SECRET method.

KELLOGG'S is ready to serve. No fussing, no cooking. Just add milk or cream, and you have a dainty, delicious delicacy, and a Body-building food combined.

Kellogg's

At All Grocers 10c

If yours hasn't got it, tell him to get it for you. PCKG.

When you begin eating Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes you soon feel that your digestive power has increased.

Try KELLOGG'S to-day. You'll wonder what we have added to make KELLOGG'S so delicious—so strengthening.

TOASTED CORN FLAKES





